Prefatory Note

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August 6, 2004

CURRENT ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

Supplemental Notes

Prepared for the Federal Open Market Committee by the staff of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

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Supplemental Notes

The Domestic Nonfinancial Economy

Labor Market Developments

The slowdown in hiring by private nonfarm businesses continued into July; employment rose only 32,000 last month, and the level of employment in June was revised down 51,000. Aggregate hours of production or nonsupervisory workers rose 0.3 percent in July, only partially reversing their June decline.

By industry, manufacturing employment increased 10,000 last month despite a reported drop of 21,000 in the transportation equipment industry, which the BLS attributes to an atypical pattern of summer plant shutdowns.² In the related wholesale trade industry, employment moved up 8,000 last month, in line with gains since the start of the year, but temporary help employment was reported to have edged up only 5,000 after having fallen 11,000 in June. Our contacts in the staffing industry report that demand for workers in light industrial jobs has remained strong, and, in contrast to the weak payroll figures, they have been fairly upbeat about their business prospects going forward. Elsewhere in the goods producing industries, construction employment was little changed for a second month after strong increases earlier this year.

In the services producing sector, employment fell in retail trade (-19,000) and financial activities (-23,000); combined, these industries averaged monthly gains of 39,000 during the first half of this year. The weakness in retail trade was widespread, while a drop off in mortgage refinancing activity was likely responsible for much of the loss in financial activities employment. Employment in leisure and hospitality services was essentially flat last month after average increases of 25,000 in the first half of the year. Elsewhere, employment continued to rise in education and health services (20,000) and professional and business services excluding temporary help (37,000).

Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls rose 0.1 hour to 33.7 hours last month, reversing half of the previous month's decline. With last month's increase, aggregate hours now stand 0.2 percent above their second-quarter average.

Respondents in the household survey reported a more positive picture of labor market developments than the one portrayed by the business report. The

^{1.} The downward revisions to the June level of employment were particularly large in the temporary help and education services industries.

^{2.} Motor vehicle assembly operations during the survey reference week were not evenly distributed across all manufacturers and did not represent a substantial portion of overall monthly output. Only 12 percent of total auto and light trucks assembled in July were produced during that week.

unemployment rate ticked down 0.1 percentage point to 5.5 percent, while the labor force participation rate rose 0.2 percentage point to 66.2 percent. Combining these two measures, the employment to population ratio rose 0.2 percentage point to 66.5 percent, about 1/2 percentage point above the low point reached last September.

Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonfarm payrolls moved up 0.3 percent last month. Over the twelve months ending in July, average hourly earnings increased 1.9 percent compared with an increase of 2.9 percent over the previous twelve months.

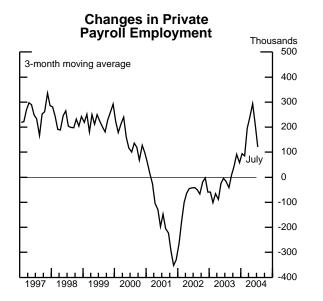
Changes in Employment

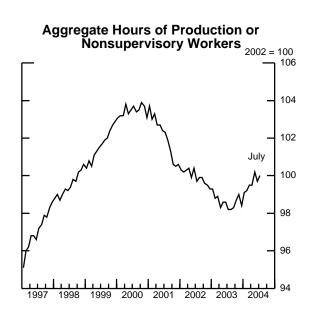
(Thousands of employees; seasonally adjusted)

		2004						
Measure and sector	2003	Q1	Q2	May	June	July		
	Avera	age monthly o	hange	N	Monthly change			
Nonfarm payroll employment								
(establishment survey)	-5	198	203	208	78	32		
Private	-1	195	211	236	93	32		
Previous	-1	195	228	263	117			
Manufacturing	-48	7	17	31	-1	10		
Construction	7	26	20	37	3	4		
Wholesale trade	-3 -5 -5	8	5	4	2	8		
Retail trade	-5	46	14	11	7	-19		
Transportation and utilities		14	10	14	16	0		
Information	-10	-2	2	4	-2	-5		
Financial activities	6	7	11	14	7	-23		
Professional and business services	23	26	71	69	19	42		
Temporary help services	15	8	20	28	-11	5		
Nonbusiness services ¹	34	59	59	48	42	11		
Total government	-4	3	-8	-28	-15	0		
Total employment (household survey)	168	-60	244	196	259	629		
Memo:								
Aggregate hours of private production								
workers (percent change) ²	-0.8	2.3	2.2	0.7	-0.5	0.3		
Average workweek (hours) ³	33.7	33.8	33.7	33.8	33.6	33.7		
Manufacturing (hours)	40.4	41.0	40.9	41.1	40.8	40.9		

1. Nonbusiness services comprises education and health, leisure and hospitality, and "other."
2. Establishment survey. Semiannual data are percent changes from Q4 to Q2. Quarterly data are percent changes from preceding quarter at an annual rate. Monthly data are percent changes from preceding month.

3. Establishment survey. ... Not applicable.

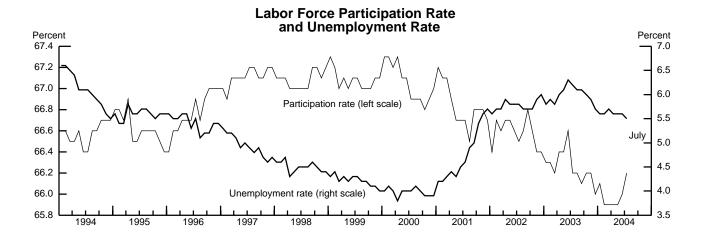


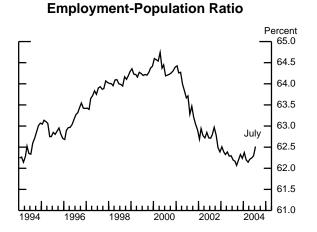


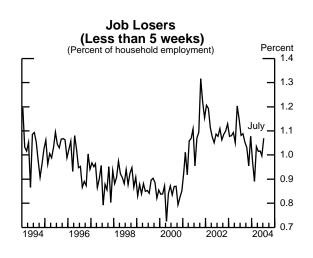
Selected Unemployment and Labor Force Participation Rates

(Percent; seasonally adjusted)

		2004						
Rate and group	2003	Q1	Q2	May	June	July		
Civilian unemployment rate								
16 years and older	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5		
Teenagers	17.4	16.6	17.0	17.2	16.9	17.6		
20-24 years old	10.0	9.6	9.5	9.7	9.8	9.3		
Men, 25 years and older	5.1	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.4	4.4		
Women, 25 years and older	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.5		
Labor force participation rate								
Total	66.2	66.0	65.9	65.9	66.0	66.2		
Teenagers	44.5	43.6	43.6	43.9	43.3	44.1		
20-24 years old	75.4	74.7	75.1	75.0	75.1	75.2		
Men, 25 years and older	75.5	75.4	75.2	75.2	75.3	75.4		
Women, 25 years and older	59.6	59.2	59.3	59.2	59.4	59.5		







Commercial Bank Credit

(Percent change, annual rate, except as noted; seasonally adjusted)

Type of credit		2003	Q1 2004	Q2 2004	May 2004	June 2004	July 2004	Level, July 2004 (\$ billions)
1	Sotal							
1. A	Adjusted ¹	5.9	11.2	10.7	4.3	7.8	.0	6,320
2. R	Reported	5.6	11.8	7.4	6	6.6	2.7	6,480
	Securities							
3.	Adjusted ¹	8.6	18.0	13.3	-2.5	3.5	-13.3	1,734
4.	Reported	7.3	19.5	2.0	-18.2	1	-3.1	1,893
5.	Treasury and agency	8.8	24.1	10.2	-12.3	.1	-6.1	1,180
6.	Other ²	5.0	12.4	-10.7	-27.8	3	1.9	714
	Loans ³							
7.	Total	4.9	8.6	9.7	6.9	9.5	5.1	4,587
8.	Business	-9.3	-5.0	-2.0	-1.5	4.9	5.0	867
9.	Real estate	11.1	10.2	19.4	15.0	5.8	4.3	2,405
10.	Home equity	30.8	37.8	36.7	33.7	35.3	35.4	346
11.	Other	8.8	6.3	16.7	12.0	1.2	8	2,060
12.	Consumer	5.6	11.8	4.8	4.3	4.5	15.7	652
13.	Adjusted ⁴	6.0	10.6	-1.8	-8.3	1	15.9	1,016
14.	Other ⁵	6.7	19.0	-3.7	-8.5	33.5	-1.4	663

Note. Data are adjusted to remove estimated effects of consolidation related to FIN 46 and for breaks caused by reclassifications. Monthly levels are pro rata averages of weekly (Wednesday) levels. Quarterly levels (not shown) are simple averages of monthly levels. Annual levels (not shown) are levels for the fourth quarter. Growth rates are percentage changes in consecutive levels, annualized but not compounded.

- 1. Adjusted to remove effects of mark-to-market accounting rules (FIN 39 and FAS 115).
- 2. Includes private mortgage-backed securities, securities of corporations, state and local governments, foreign governments, and any trading account assets that are not Treasury or agency securities, including revaluation gains on derivative contracts.
 - 3. Excludes interbank loans.
 - 4. Includes an estimate of outstanding loans securitized by commercial banks.
- 5. Includes security loans and loans to farmers, state and local governments, and all others not elsewhere classified. Also includes lease financing receivables.

III-T-1 **Selected Financial Market Quotations**

(One-day quotes in percent except as noted)

		2003		200	4	Change to Aug. 5 from selected dates (percentage points)			
Instrument		June 24	Dec. 31	June 29	Aug. 5	2003 June 24	2003 Dec. 31	2004 June 29	
Short-term FOMC intended federal funds rate		1.25	1.00	1.00	1.25	.00	.25	.25	
Treasury bills ¹ 3-month 6-month		0.81 0.82	0.93 1.00	1.36 1.71	1.45 1.71	.64 .89	.52 .71	.09 .00	
Commercial paper (A1/P1 ra 1-month 3-month	tes) ²	0.95 0.91	1.00 1.05	1.31 1.48	1.47 1.63	.52 .72	.47 .58	.16 .15	
Large negotiable CDs ¹ 1-month 3-month 6-month		0.96 0.93 0.92	1.06 1.09 1.16	1.32 1.56 1.88	1.53 1.67 1.91	.57 .74 .99	.47 .58 .75	.21 .11 .03	
Eurodollar deposits ³ 1-month 3-month		0.94 0.91	1.04 1.07	1.29 1.53	1.51 1.64	.57 .73	.47 .57	.22 .11	
Bank prime rate		4.25	4.00	4.00	4.25	.00	.25	.25	
Intermediate- and long-term U.S. Treasury ⁴ 2-year 10-year 30-year		1.14 3.46 4.53	1.83 4.40 5.22	2.84 4.85 5.50	2.64 4.57 5.31	1.50 1.11 .78	.81 .17 .09	20 28 19	
U.S. Treasury 10-year indexe	d note	1.70	2.00	2.19	1.96	.26	04	23	
Municipal revenue (Bond Bu	_	4.89	5.04	5.37	5.24	.35	.20	13	
Private instruments 10-year swap 10-year FNMA ⁶ 10-year AA ⁷ 10-year BBB ⁷ 5-year high yield ⁷		3.67 3.84 4.13 5.16 8.95	4.66 4.72 5.05 5.74 7.94	5.22 5.29 5.54 6.14 8.31	4.89 4.92 5.26 5.87 8.06	1.22 1.08 1.13 .71 89	.23 .20 .21 .13	33 37 28 27 25	
Home mortgages (FHLMC st 30-year fixed 1-year adjustable	urvey rate) ⁸	5.21 3.51	5.81 3.73	6.25 4.13	6.08 4.17	.87 .66	.27 .44	17 .04	
	Record	high	2003	200	4	Change to Aug. 5 from selected dates (perce			
Stock exchange index	Level	Date	Dec. 31	June 29	Aug. 5	Record high	2003 Dec. 31	2004 June 29	
Dow-Jones Industrial S&P 500 Composite Nasdaq Russell 2000	11,723 1,527 5,049 606	1-14-00 3-24-00 3-10-00 4-5-04	10,454 1,112 2,003 557	10,413 1,136 2,035 588	9,963 1,081 1,822 532	-15.01 -29.25 -63.92 -12.21	-4.70 -2.81 -9.07 -4.41	-4.33 -4.88 -10.48 -9.44	
Wilshire 5000	14,752	3-24-00	10,800	11,084	10,472	-29.01	-3.03	-5.52	

- 1. Secondary market.
- Financial commercial paper.
 Bid rates for eurodollar deposits collected around 9:30 a.m. Eastern time.
- 4. Derived from a smoothed Treasury yield curve estimated using off-the-run securities.
- 5. Most recent Thursday quote.6. Constant maturity yields estimated from Fannie Mae domestic noncallable coupon securities.
- 7. Derived from smoothed corporate yield curves estimated using Merrill Lynch bond data.
- 8. For week ending Friday previous to date shown.

NOTES:

June 24, 2003, is the day before the most recent policy easing. June 29, 2004, is the day before the most recent FOMC meeting.

The International Economy

U.S. International Financial Transactions

Private foreign purchases of U.S. securities (line 4 of the Summary of U.S. International Transactions table) were very strong in June, bringing second quarter inflows to \$128 billion, similar to the elevated pace of the first quarter. In June, private inflows into Treasury securities (line 4a) and corporate bonds (line 4c) were particularly strong while inflows into equities (line 4d) remained tepid. This year's pattern has been rather consistent, with near zero purchases of equities but very strong inflows into corporate bonds and Treasury securities or, alternately, agency bonds (line 4b).

Net foreign official inflows (line 1) picked up to \$35 billion in June, following inflows of roughly \$20 billion in both April and May.

. Partial data from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (FRBNY) suggest a slowing of foreign official inflows in July.

Following modest net sales in May, U.S. investors acquired \$15 billion in foreign securities (line 5) in June. As in previous months, purchases of foreign equities were relatively robust, totaling \$9 billion. In a shift, U.S. investors purchased a significant amount of foreign bonds (\$6 billion) for the first time in years.

The banking sector (line 3) recorded modest outflows in June, following similarly sized inflows in May.

Summary of U.S. International Transactions

(Billions of dollars, not seasonally adjusted except as noted)

(Billions of dollars,			2003			200)4	
	2002		Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	May	June
Official financial flows	113.0	247.3	50.1	85.9	128.6	75.2	18.8	34.8
1. Change in foreign official assets								
in the U.S. (increase, +)	116.7	245.8	50.8	83.7	128.0	74.0	18.6	34.7
a. G-10 countries	30.7	115.7	15.9	47.3	95.5	45.6	15.4	20.9
b. OPEC countries	-7.5	6.1	2.1	10.5	3.7	-2.3	.4	-4.4
c. All other countries	93.5	124.0	32.8	25.9	28.8	30.7	2.9	18.1
2. Change in U.S. official reserve assets (decrease, +)	-3.7	1.5	6	2.2	.6	1.1	.1	.2
Private financial flows	457.2	298.5	75.9	82.8	29.7	n.a.	•••	•••
Banks								
3. Change in net foreign positions								
of banking offices in the U.S. ¹	116.8	64.3	25.4	101.5	-44.4	22.2	23.6	-15.0
Securities ²								
4. Foreign net purchases of U.S.								
securities (+)	390.1 101.5	372.8	65.5	92.3	128.9	127.6	28.9	54.1
a. Treasury securitiesb. Agency bonds		121.2	46.7	8.8	65.8	36.0	8.3	22.6
		-14.8	-31.1	2.2	6.8	38.5	12.3	6.3
c. Corporate and municipal bonds		226.1	52.5	57.6	51.3	51.5	16.2	22.9
d. Corporate stocks ³	58.8	40.3	-2.5	23.6	5.0	1.7	-7.8	2.4
5. U.S. net acquisitions (-) of foreign								
securities	15.5	-64.6	-24.3	-22.3	-15.1	-31.8	1.8	-14.8
a. Bonds	33.5	36.6	6.3	-2.9	6.6	7.1	8.6	-6.2
b. Stock purchases	-14.8	-83.7	-30.6	-16.6	-21.7	-27.8	-6.8	-8.6
c. Stock swaps ³	-3.2	-17.4	.0	-2.8	.0	-11.1	.0	.0
Other flows (quarterly data, s.a.)								
6. U.S. direct investment (-) abroad		-173.8	-45.2	-53.7	-57.2	n.a.		
7. Foreign direct investment in U.S.		39.9	-2.8	10.7	18.0	n.a.		•••
8. Foreign holdings of U.S. currency		16.6	2.8	7.5	-1.8	n.a.		
9. Other (inflow, $+$) ⁴		43.3	54.6	-53.2	1.4	n.a.		•••
U.S. current account balance (s.a.)	-473.9	-530.7	-131.6	-127.0	-144.9	n.a.	•••	•••
Capital account balance (s.a.) ⁵	-1.3	-3.1	8	3	3	n.a.	•••	•••
Statistical discrepancy (s.a.)		-12.0	6.4	-41.4	-13.1	n.a.		

Note: Data in lines 1 through 5 differ in timing and coverage from the balance of payments data published by the Departmen of Commerce. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding.

^{1.} Changes in dollar-denominated positions of all depository institutions and bank holding companies plus certain transactions between broker-dealers and unaffiliated foreigners (particularly borrowing and lending under repurchase agreements). Includes changes in custody liabilities other than U.S. Treasury bills.

^{2.} Includes commissions on securities transactions and therefore does not match exactly the data on U.S. international transactions published by the Department of Commerce.

^{3.} Includes (4d) or represents (5c) stocks acquired through mergers.

^{4.} Transactions by nonbanking concerns and other banking and official transactions not shown elsewhere plus amounts resulting from adjustments made by the Department of Commerce and revisions in lines 1 through 5 since publication of the quarterly data in the Survey of Current Business

^{5.} Consists of transactions in nonproduced nonfinancial assets and capital transfers.

n.a. Not available. ... Not applicable.