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# SUPPLEMENT <br> CURRENT ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS 

Prepared for the<br>Federal Open Market Committee

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## THE DOMESTIC NONFINANCIAL ECONOMY

## Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization

Total industrial production is estimated to have dropped 1.7 percent in November after declines of 0.9 percent in October and 0.1 percent in September. Manufacturing production also declined 1.7 percent last month, and capacity utilization in these industries slipped $1-1 / 2$ percentage points to 80 percent; the manufacturing operating rate last month was about 3 percentage points lower than a year earlier.

About one-half of the November decline in total IP stemmed from a sharp reduction in output of motor vehicles and parts; motor vehicle assemblies plumeted $2-1 / 4$ million units (annual rate, FRB seasonals) in November to an 8.4 million unit rate. In addition, production at utilities fell 3.6 percent last month, which chipped about $1 / 4$ percent off of total IP. Much of the decline in output at electric and gas utilities probably stemmed from unseasonably warm temperatures, but a significant portion likely reflected reduced demend by commercial and industrial users as a result of a general slackening in economic activity.

Output of consumer goods fell 2 percent last month; the November decline reflected, in part, the drop in motor vehicle assemblies and the estimated falloff in output of electricity and natural gas for residential use. Excluding these two components, the index for consumer goods has declined steadily since August. Production of home goods has weakened significantly, falling another 1.1 percent in November after sizable

GROWTH IN SELECTED COMPONENTS OF INDUSTREAL PRODUCTION
(Fercent change from preceding comparabie period)

|  | ```Proportion in total IP 1989:04``` | 1990 |  |  |  | 1990 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{HI}^{1}$ | Q2 | Q3 | Oct.-Nov. Ave. over Q3 | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. |
|  |  | ---*------Annual rate--------- |  |  |  | ---Monthly rate---- |  |  |
| Total index | 100.0 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 3.6 | -6.9 | -0.1 | -0.9 | -1.7 |
| Excluding motor vehicles and parts | 95.7 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.6 | -5.7 | -0.4 | -0.8 | -0.9 |
| Products, total | 61.2 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 2.0 | -5.9 | 0.1 | -0.8 | -1. 6 |
| Final products | 46.6 | 3.2 | 5.6 | 3.1 | -5.6 | 0.4 | -0.9 | -1.7 |
| Consurner goods | 25.9 | -0.3 | 2.5 | 1.2 | -6.6 | 0.3 | -1.0 | -2.0 |
| Automotive products | 2.4 | 7.8 | 43.4 | 1.9 | -26.2 | 6.8 | -4.3 | -13.4 |
| Other consumer goods | 23.5 | $-1.1$ | -0.9 | 1. 1 | -4,4 | -0.4 | -0.7 | -0.8 |
| Durables | 3.1 | 4.6 | 0.2 | -7.6 | -12.3 | -0.8 | -2.2 | -1.1 |
| Nondurables | 20.4 | -2.0 | -1.0 | 2.6 | -3.1 | -0.3 | -0.4 | -0.7 |
| Energy | 2.7 | -9.3 | 1.2 | 13.8 | $-12+9$ | $-0.8$ | -1.7 | -3.8 |
| Other | 17.7 | -0.9 | -1.4 | 1.0 | -1.5 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.3 |
| Business equipment | 15.2 | 8.7 | 10.7 | 8.1 | -4.5 | 0.8 | -0.8 | -1.9 |
| Motor vehicles | 1.1 | 14.1 | 92.7 | $3 \cdot 1$ | -33.2 | 9.4 | -4.2 | -21.1 |
| Other business equipment | 14.1 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 8.5 | -1.9 | 0, 1 | -0.6 | -0.3 |
| Computers | 2.5 | 16.1 | 14.1 | 9.8 | 0.5 | 1.5 | -0.4 | -0.7 |
| Other | 11.6 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 8.3 | -2.4 | -0.2 | -0.6 | -0.3 |
| Construction supplies | 6.0 | -1.7 | -6.8 | -3.0 | -12.7 | $-1.7$ | -0.9 | -1.7 |
| Materials | 38.8 | 1.8 | 4.2 | 6.2 | -8.3 | -0.4 | -1.0 | -1.8 |
| Durable | 19.8 | 3.2 | 7.7 | 6.8 | -10.6 | -0.8 | -1.2 | -2.6 |
| Nondurable | 8.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 4.9 | -4.9 | -0.0 | -0.8 | -0.3 |
| Energy | 10.2 | -0.6 | 0.1 | 6.2 | -6.5 | 0.1 | -0.8 | -1.7 |
| Memorandum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing | 84.9 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 3.1 | -6.7 | -0.1 | -0.8 | -1.7 |
| Excluding motor vehicles | 80.6 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 3.0 | -5.2 | -0. 5 | -0.7 | -0.8 |

1. From the final quarter of the previous period to the final quarter of the period indicated.

## CAPACITY OTILIZATION IN SELECTED INDUSTRIES <br> (Percent of capacity; seasonally adjusted)

|  | 1967-89 1988-89 |  | 1989 | 1990 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Avq. | High | Nov. | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. |
| Total industry | 82.2 | 85.0 | 83.5 | 83.3 | 82.4 | 80.9 |
| Manufacturing | 81.5 | 85.1 | 83.0 | 82.5 | 81.6 | 80.0 |
| Primaxy processing | 82.3 | 89.0 | 86.1 | 84.7 | 83.8 | 82.4 |
| Textile mill products | 86.0 | 91.2 | 86.0 | 85.3 | 83.9 78.7 | 82.5 |
| Iumber and products | 82.7 | 91.2 | 85.7 | 79.7 | 78.7 | 75.2 |
| Primary processing chemicals ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 82.9 | 91.7 | 89.1 | 84.6 | 84.4 | 83.7 |
| Petroleum products | 95.1 | 90.3 | 90.3 | 90.3 | 89.7 | 87.8 |
| Iron and steel | 79.4 | 92.0 | 79.1 | 86.0 | 83.4 | 83.2 |
|  | 81.1 | 83.6 | 81.7 | 81.5 | 80.7 | 78.9 |
| Advanced processing ohemicals ${ }^{2}$ | 77.2 | 83.2 | 79.0 | 78.0 | 77.5 | 77.8 |
| Non¢lectrical machinery | 81.3 | 83.5 | 81.9 | 82.7 | 92.0 | 61. 2 |
| Electrical machinery | 80.4 | 83.1 | 81.0 | 80.0 | 78.7 | 78.1 |
| Motor vehicles and parts | 76.7 | 85.5 | 75.0 | 79.8 | 76.9 | 63.1 |

1. Primary processing chemicals includes industrial organic and inorganic chemicals, synthetic materials, plastios fesins and fertilizers.
2. Advanced processing chemicals includes drugs and toiletries, soaps and detergents, paints and alifed products, pesticides, and other miscellaneous ehemical products.
declines in the preceding two months. Among nondurables, output of clothing, which has been falling since May, retreated further last month. Production of business equipment fell nearly 2 percent in November after a 0.7 percent decline in the previous month. The November decline reflected not only the drop in assemblies of motor vehicles for business, but also lower production of a variety of capital goods, including industrial equipment, computers, and service industry equipment. Output of construction supplies dropped further last month and was nearly 7 percent below the recent highs reached early this year.

Materials output, which peaked in August, fell 1.8 percent further in November. Output of durables has dropped sharply during the past two months, owing, in part, to reduced demand from motor vehicle producers. Production of parts for business equipment and output of basic metals also have declined in recent months. Among other materials, production of textiles fell again, but output of paper materials continued to be well maintained, Production of energy materials fell 1.7 percent last month, with significant decreases in electricity generation and coal mining. Consumer Spending

Nominal retail sales are estimated to have been little changed, on balance, in October and November from a September level that is considerably lower than previously reported. In the retail control category, which excludes spending at automotive dealers and at building material and supply stores, sales are estimated to have increased 0.3 percent last month. Growth in retail control in September was revised down 0.4 percentage point;

```
            -4-
            RETAIL SALES
(Seasonally adjusted percentage change)
```

|  | 1990 |  |  | 1990 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 | Q2 | 83 | Sept. | Oct. | Nov . |
| Total sales | 2.6 | -. 9 | 1.5 | . 9 | . 2 | -. 1 |
| Erevious estimate ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | 1.7 | 1.3 | . 1 |  |
| Retail control ${ }^{2}$ | 2.2 | . 0 | 1.9 | . 5 | . 0 | . 3 |
| Previous estimate ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | 2.0 | . 9 | -. 0 . |  |
| GAF ${ }^{3}$ | 2.3 | -. 9 | . 8 | -1.1 | -. 5 | . 0 |
| Previous estimate ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | . 9 | -. 8 | -. 6 |  |
| Durable goods stores | 3.6 | $-3.0$ | . 0 | 1.3 | . 6 | -1.4 |
| Previous estimate ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | . 0 | 1.4 | . 7 |  |
| Bldg. material and supply | 2.9 | -2.1 | . 8 | -1.9 | -1.3 | -2.6 |
| Automotive dealers | 3.8 | -3.6 | . 3 | 2.7 | 1.4 | -1.3 |
| Furniture and appliances | 2.7 | -. 5 | -2.3 | 1.4 | -. 6 | . 3 |
| Other durable goods | 4.3 | -4.0 | . 6 | -. 8 | . 3 | -2.0 |
| Nondurable goods stores | 2.0 | . 3 | 2.4 | . 6 | . 0 | . 5 |
| Previous estimate ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | 2.6 | 1.2 | -. 2 |  |
| Apparel | . 9 | 1.7 | 1.0 | -2.9 | -. 3 | . 8 |
| Food | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | -. 1 | . 5 |
| General merchandise ${ }^{4}$ | 2.7 | -2.2 | 2.1 | -1.3 | -. 6 | -. 4 |
| Gasoline stations | 2.2 | -. 7 | 9.3 | 4.9 | 2.6 | . 7 |
| Other nondurables ${ }^{5}$ | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.9 | . 1 | -. 6 | 1.0 |
| Memo: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicle sales ${ }^{6}$ | 14.4 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 14.5 | 13.5 | 12.7 |
| Autos | 9.8 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 8.5 |
| Light trucks | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 |

1. Based on incomplete sample counts approximately one month ago.
2. Total retail sales less building material and supply stores and automotive dealers, except auto and home supply stores.
3. General merchandise, apparel, furniture, and appliance stores.
4. General merchandise excludes mail order nonstores; mail order sales are also excluded in the GAF grouping.
5. Includes sales at eating and drinking places, drug and proprietary stores.
6. Millions of units at an annual rate; BEA seasonals.

October growth was essentially unchanged. ${ }^{1}$ Sales of domestically produced autos and light trucks, which dropped from a 10.7 million unit annual rate in October to a 9.7 million unit rate in November, are estimated to have remained at that rate in early December. Overall, these new figures imply no significant change to the staff's forecast for the growth of real personal consumption expenditures during the current quarter.

In November, nominal spending at general merchandisers is estimated to have declined 0.4 percent, consistent with much anecdotal evidence of weak activity at these stores. Spending at apparel stores posted an increase of 0.8 percent, partially retracing declines of the preceding two months. At furniture stores, sales edged up 0.3 percent in November. For these three types of outlets as a whole, the so-called GAF grouping, November outlays were unchanged; however, the level of nominal GAF sales in November was 1.3 percent below the third-quarter average (not at an annual rate).

Nominal sales at gasoline stations are estimated to have increased 0.7 percent in November, down sharply from the rates of growth posted in the preceding three months. Sales at food stores rose 0.5 percent in November; the level of spending last month at these stores was about $1-1 / 2$ percent above the third-quarter average.

## Business Inventories

Inventories held by nonauto retailers rose at an annual rate of $\$ 13$ billion in current dollars in October. The increase follows two months in which stocks at these stores were little changed in current dollars and were drawn down in constant dollars. The accumulation was concentrated at

[^1]CHANGES IN MANUFACTURING AND TRADE INVENTORIES

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { (Billions of doflars at annual rates; } \\
\text { based on seasonally adjusted data) }
\end{gathered}
$$

|  | 1990 |  |  | 1990 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 | Q2 | 03 | Aug. | Sept. | Oot. |
| Current-cost basis: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | -7.0 | 11.2 | 57.5 | 64.1 | 40.3 | 36.9 |
| Total excluding retail auto | 9.1 | 9.8 | 36.7 | 19.1 | 40.5 | 21.7 |
| Manufacturing | 2.7 | -4.2 | 25.2 | 12.2 | 32.2 | 3.3 |
| WhoLesale | 2.2 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 3.7 | 5.4 |
| Retail | -11.8 | 7.8 | 24.1 | 45.5 | 4.3 | 28.2 |
| Automotive | -16.1 | 1.4 | 20.8 | 45.0 | -0.2 | 15.2 |
| Excluding auto | 4.3 | 6.5 | 3.3 | 0.5 | 4.5 | 13.0 |
| Constant-dollar basis: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | -25.0 | 6.2 | 4.1 | -15.0 | -14.9 | n.a. |
| Total excluding retail auto | -2.4 | 3.3 | 1.6 | -19.1 | -11.5 | n.a. |
| Manufacturing | 1.7 | -2.6 | 1.5 | -12.8 | -4.9 | п.a. |
| Wholesale | -1.1 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 0.1 | -4.0 | f.a. |
| Retail | -25.6 | 7.6 | 0.3 | -2.4 | -6.0 | n.a. |
| Automotive | -22.6 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 4.1 | -3. 5 | n.a. |
| Exclucing auto | -3.0 | 4.8 | -2.2 | -6. 5 | -2.5 | п.a. |

INVENTORIES RELATIVE TO SALES ${ }^{1}$
(Months supply; based on seasonally adjusted data)


[^2]
## RATIO OF INVENTORIES TO SALES <br> (Current-cost data)




general merchandisers, where sales declined for a second month in October, and at stores selling various nondurables other than general merchandise, food, and apparel. ${ }^{2}$ Apparel stores apparently were somewhat more successful in controlling their stocks, which were little changed in October despite weaker sales. Overall, the inventory-sales ratio for nonauto retailers ticked up only fractionally from its recent low in September. Producer Prices

Producer prices of finished goods rose 0.5 percent in November. Energy price increases slowed, held down by declines in the prices of refined petroleum products. Food prices, which were little changed in the third quarter, increased 0.8 percent in November, following a similar rise in October. The PPI for finished goods other than food and energy moved up 0.5 percent in November; thus far, the spillover of higher prices for crude Oil to the prices of finished goods appears to have been small.

The PPI for finished energy was little changed in November. Producer prices of gasoline and fuel oil fell 2-1/2 percent and 7-1/4 percent, respectively, reflecting the partial easing of crude oil prices. However, the PPI for natural gas, which had fallen about $8-1 / 2$ percent in the three months ending in October, bounced back 5 percent in November.

The PPI for finished goods other than food and energy was boosted in November by a 3.7 percent increase in tobacco prices and a 1.8 percent increase in prices of passenger cars. The rise in car prices followed a 2.7 percent decline in October; these monthly fluctuations likely reflect

[^3]RECENT CHANGES IN PRODOCER PRICES
(Percentage change; based on seasonally adjusted data) ${ }^{1}$

|  | Relative importance Dec. 1989 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 |  |  | 1990 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 21 | Q2 | Q3 | Oet. | Nov. |
|  |  |  |  | ------Annual rate-- |  |  | -Monthly rate- |  |
| Finished goods | 100.0 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 7.1 | . 3 | 11.7 | 1.1 | . 5 |
| Consumer foods | 25.9 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 10.6 | -3.8 | . 6 | . 9 | . 8 |
| Consumer energy | 9.2 | -3.6 | 9.5 | 24.7 | -14.3 | 137.4 | 8.0 | . 1 |
| Other finished goods | 64.9 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 3.2 | . 0 | . 5 |
| Consumer goods | 39.5 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 5.4 | 2.2 | . 0 | . 6 |
| Capital equipment | 25.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 5.3 | -. 2 | . 2 |
| Intermediate materials ${ }^{2}$ | 94.9 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | -. 4 | 13.4 | 1.6 | . 2 |
| Excluding food and energy | - 82.5 | 7.2 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 7 | 4.0 | . 4 | . 2 |
| Crude food materials | 41.9 | 14.2 | 2.8 | 9.1 | -10.2 | -7.9 | 1.1 | -1.7 |
| Crude energy | 40.5 | -9.5 | 17.9 | . 5 | -39.2 | 296.0 | 18.7 | -10.3 |
| Other crude materials | 17.5 | 7.5 | -3.6 | 4.0 | 13.2 | 8.7 | -1.7 | -2.3 |

1. Changes are from final month of preceding period to final month of period indicated.
2. Excludes materials for food manufacturing and animal feeds.

## RECENT CHANGES IN CONSUMER RRICES <br> (Percentage change; based on seasonally adjusted data) ${ }^{1}$

|  | Relative importance Dec. 1989 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 |  |  | 1990 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 91 | Q2 | Q3 | Sept. | Oct. |
|  |  |  |  | ------Annual rate----- |  |  | -Month | rate- |
| All items ${ }^{2}$ | 100.0 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 8.5 | 3.5 | 7.9 | . 8 | . 6 |
| Food | 16.3 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 11.4 | 2.1 | 3.7 | . 2 | . 4 |
| Energy | 7.4 | . 5 | 5.1 | 14.8 | -2.0 | 42.7 | 5.6 | $4 \cdot 5$ |
| All items less food and energy | 76.3 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 5.7 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Commodities | 25.2 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 7.8 | . 7 | 2.9 | . 4 | . 2 |
| Services | 51.1 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 7.2 | . 3 | . 3 |
| Memorandum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPI- $\mathrm{F}^{3}$ | 100.0 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 8.3 | 3.2 | 8.0 | . 8 | . 7 |

1. Changes are from final month of preceding period to final month of period indicated.
2. Official index for all urban consumers.
3. Index for urban wage earners and clerical workers.
the difficulties in seasonal adjustment around the beginning of the new model year.

At earlier stages of processing, the PPI for intermediate materials excluding food and energy rose 0.2 percent in November. A 1 percent further increase in prices of materials for nondurable manufacturing--which includes paints, plastics, rubber, and other petroleum derivatives--was partly offset by sharp declines in prices of industrial metals, which tend to be sensitive to the pace of activity in manufacturing.

Unemployment Insurance
(Weekly data; seasonally adjusted, FRB basis <1>)


$<1>$ Only the state program components of these seriea are sessonally adjusted.

|  |  | $1989{ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1990 \\ 92 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1990 \\ \text { Q3 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1990 \\ \text { Sep } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1990 \\ 0 c t \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1990 \\ \text { Nov } p \end{array}$ | Growth Q4 89~ Nov 90p |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | M1 | 0.6 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 9.3 | -3.1 | 3.8 | 4.0 |
|  | M2 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 5.3 | 0.4 | -0.9 | 3.6 |
|  | M3 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 0.8 | -1.0 | -1. 4 | 1.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Selected components |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | M1-A | 0.4 | 1.6 | 6.8 | 12.1 | -0.7 | 2.5 | 530.3 |
| 5. | Currency | 4.8 | 9.2 | 11.6 | 15.6 | 12.4 | 3.9 | 244.8 |
| 6. | Demand deposits | -2.8 | -4.7 | 2.6 | 7.8 | -12.4 | 1.7 | 277.2 |
|  | Other checkable deposits | 1.0 | 7.1 | -0.8 | 4.1 | -7.0 | 5.8 | 292.3 |
|  | H2 minus M1 ${ }^{2}$ | 5.9 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 1.5 | -2.4 | 2495.8 |
| 9. | Overnight RPs and Eurodollars, ISA | -8.6 | -2.0 | 5.9 | -16.0 | 38.2 | -75.5 | 78.9 |
| 10. | General purpose and broker/dealer money market mutual fund shares | 29.7 | 1.2 | 23.2 | 21.4 | 9.8 | -4.9 | 343.3 |
| 11. | Commercial barks | 7.5 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 6.4 | 12.7 | 2.6 | 1162.2 |
| 12. | Savings deposits plus PhDAs ${ }^{3}$ | -1.7 | 8.6 | 7.5 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 0.8 | 574.7 |
| 13. | Small time deposits | 19.0 | 12.1 | 15.3 | 8.2 | 21.5 | 4.5 | 587.6 |
| 14. | Thrift institutions | -0.2 | -4.0 | -10.0 | -6.2 | -16.1 | -4.9 | 910.9 |
| 15. | Savings deposits plus mDAs ${ }^{3}$ | -9.3 | 1.4 | -5.3 | -3.8 | -12.3 | -3.1 | 346.0 |
| 6. | Small time deposits | 5.8 | -7.1 | $=12.8$ | -7.7 | -18.3 | -5.9 | 564.9 |
|  | M3 mirus $\mathrm{M2}^{4}$ | -1.3 | -7.3 | -4.3 | -18.0 | -7.1 | -3.3 | 769.6 |
| 18. | Large time deposits | 4.2 | -10.3 | -8.7 | -17.2 | -15.1 | -10.1 | 505.9 |
| 19. | At commercial barks, net ${ }^{5}$ | 9.9 | -2.8 | -0.8 | -13.9 | -8.0 | -0.9 | 388.8 |
| 20. | At thrift institutions | -7.8 | -30.1 | -31.4 | $-26.3$ | -37.4 | -39.6 | 117.1 |
| 21. | Institution-only money market mutual fund shares | 17.1 | 11.5 | 22.0 | 22.1 | 38.2 | 3.0 | 120.1 |
| 22. | Term RPs, NSA | -14.7 | 5.0 | 0.8 | -46.4 | -40.6 | -3.9 | 91.0 |
| 23. | Term Eurodollars, NSA | -21.9 | -22.4 | 11.6 | 15.8 | 3.5 | 19.0 | 70.6 |

## mEmoranda: 6

| banks (25+26) | 6.0 | -1.6 | 1.0 | -7.1 | 5.3 | -0.3 | 732.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25. Large time deposits, gross | 2.6 | -1. 5 | -2.4 | -5.2 | -4.0 | -2.0 | 439.5 |
| 26. Nondeposit funds | 3.5 | -0. 1 | 3.4 | -1.9 | 9.3 | 1.7 | 292.5 |
| 27. Net due to related foreign institutions | 0.2 | -0.8 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 9.0 | 0.2 | 28.6 |
| 28. Other ${ }^{7}$ | 3.3 | 0.7 | 2.0 | -4.5 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 263.9 |
| 29. U.S. government deposits at commercial banks ${ }^{8}$ | -0.3 | 0.4 | 2.6 | -5.0 | -6.3 | 5.0 | 26.9 |

1. Amounts shown are from four th quarter to fourth quarter.
2. Nontransactions $M 2$ is seasonally adjusted as a whole.
3. Conmercial bank savings deposits excluding MDAs grew during October and Novenber at rates of 7.9 percent and $\mathbf{- 0 . 6}$ percent, respectively. At thrift institutions, savings deposits excluding MMDAs grew during October and November at rates of -13.7 percent and -5 percent, respectively.
4. The non-M2 component of M3 is seasonally adjusted as a whole.
5. Net of large denomination time deposits held by money market mutual funds and thrift institutions.
6. Dollar amounts shown urder memoranda are calculated on an end-month-of-quarter basis.

Consists of borrowing from other than commercial barks in the form of federal funds purchased, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, and other liabilities for borrowed money tincluding borrowing from the Federal Reserve and unaffiliated foreign barks, loan RPs and other minor items). Data are partially estimated.
8. Consists of Treasury demand deposits and note balances at commercial barks.
p - preliminary

COMERCIAL BANK CREDIT AND SHORT- AND INTBRMBDIATE-TERM bUSINESS CREDIT (Percentage changes at annual rates, based on seasonally adjusted data)'

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1988: 04 \\ t 0 \\ 1989: 04 \end{gathered}$ | 1990 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Levels } \\ \text { bil. } \\ \text { Hov. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Q2 | Q3 | Sep. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |
|  |  | Commexcial Bank Credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Total loans and securities at bariks | 7.5 | 5.2 | 5.8 | . 1 | . 9 | 1.4 | 2714.1 |
| 2. | Securities | 4.1 | 9.4 | 6.5 | 11.6 | 3.3 | -2.5 | 627.2 |
| 3. | d.s. government securities | 10.0 | 15.4 | 7.8 | 16.0 | 11.8 | . 3 | 452.0 |
| 4. | Other securities | -6.7 | -4.4 | 3.1 | . 7 | -18.1 | -9.5 | 175.2 |
| 5. | rotal loans | 8.5 | 3.9 | 5.6 | -3.3 | . 3 | 2.6 | 2086.9 |
| 6. | Eusiness loans | 6.9 | 4.9 | . 9 | -2.4 | -2.6 | 5.7 | 652.5 |
| 7. | Real estate loans | 13.3 | 9.3 | 6.4 | 3.4 | 8.1 | 4.8 | 823.9 |
| 8. | Consumer loars | 6.3 | -. 8 | 3.1 | 3.2 | -. 3 | -2.8 | 380.3 |
| 9. | Security loans | 3.8 | -20.4 | 88.4 | -75.7 | -47.3 | -43.5 | 39.9 |
| 10. | Other loans | 1.5 | -6.5. | 8.3 | -28.7 | -6.3 | 3.8 | 190.3 |
|  |  | -------- Short- and Intermediate-Term Buainess Credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. | Eusiness loans net of bankers acceptances | 7.0 | 4.7 | 1.1 | -3.0 | -2.6 | 5.2 | 644.7 |
| 12. | Loans at foreign branches ${ }^{2}$ | -5.0 | 9.2 | 28.8 | 80.7 | 25.2 | 19.8 | 24.7 |
| 1 | Sum of lines 11 ¢ 12 | 6.5 | 4.8 | 2.0 | -. 2 | -1.6 | 5.8 | 669.4 |
| 14. | Commercial paper issued by nonfinancial firms | 31.2 | 9.3 | 16.8 | 50.3 | 19.0 | -24.1 | 151.0 |
| 15. | Sum of lines 13 \% 14 | 10.0 | 5.6 | 4.6 | 8.7 | 2.2 | . 3 | 820.4 |
| 16. | Bankers acceptances: D.S. trade related ${ }^{3}$ | 6.1 | -9.8 | -27.6 | -19.9 | 12.1 | n.a. | $30.0^{3}$ |
| 17. | Line 15 plus bankers acceptances: U.S. trade related | 9.8 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 7.8 | 2.5 | n.a. | $850.5^{3}$ |
| 18. | Finance company loans to business ${ }^{3}$ | 10.6 | 15.4 | 20.7 | 17.1 | 10.6 | n.a. | $286.8^{5}$ |
| 19. | Total short- and intermediateterm business credit (sum of lines 17 (18) | 10.0 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 10.1 | 4.6 | n.a. | $1137.3^{3}$ |

[^4]
## SELECTED FINANCIAL MARKET QOOTATIONS

(percent)

|  | 1989 |  | 1990 |  |  | Change from: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March highs | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec } \\ & \text { lows } \end{aligned}$ | Aug highs | FOMC <br> Nov 13 | Dec 13 | Dec 89 lows | Aug 90 highs | FOMC <br> Nov 13 |
| Short-term rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal funds ${ }^{2}$ | 9.85 | 8.45 | 8.21 | 7.88 | 7.43 | -1.02 | -0.78 | -0.45 |
| Treasury bills ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3-month | 9.09 | 7.53 | 7.59 | 7.04 | 6.83 | -0.70 | -0.76 | -0.21 |
| 6 -month | 9.11 | 7.29 | 7.51 | 7.04 | 6.71 | -0.58 | -0.80 | -0.33 |
| 1-year | 9.05 | 7.11 | 7.45 | 6.84 | 6.67 | -0.44 | -0.78 | -0.17 |
| Commercial paper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-month | 10.05 | 8.51 | 8.10 | 7.86 | 7.76 | -0.75 | -0.34 | -0.10 |
| 3-month | 10.15 | 8.22 | 8.05 | 7.87 | 7.48 | -0.74 | -0.57 | -0.39 |
| Large negotiable $\mathrm{CDs}^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 -month | 10.07 | 8.52 | 8.14 | 7.86 | 7.77 | -0.75 | -0.37 | -0.09 |
| 3-month | 10.32 | 8.22 | 8.18 | 7.96 | 7.53 | -0.69 | -0.65 | -0.43 |
| 6-month | 10.08 | 8.01 | 8.25 | 7.89 | 7.44 | -0.57 | -0.81 | -0.45 |
| Eurodollar deposits ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-month | 10.19 | 8.38 | 8.13 | 7.81 | 7.81 | -0.57 | -0.32 | 0.00 |
| 3-month | 10.50 | 8.25 | 8.19 | 7.94 | 7.56 | -0.69 | -0.63 | -0.38 |
| Bank prime rate | 11.50 | 10.50 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | -0.50 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Intermediate- and long-term rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasury (constant maturity) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-year | 9.53 | 7.77 | 9.05 | 8.37 | 7.98 | 0.21 | -1.07 | -0.39 |
| 30-year | 9.31 | 7.83 | 9.17 | 8.52 | 8.14 | 0.31 | -1.03 | -0.38 |
| Municipal revenue ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate--A utility recently offered | 10.47 | 9.29 | 10.50 | 10.10 | 9.85 | 0.56 | -0.65 | -0.25 |
| Home mortgage rates ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scl fixed-rate | 11.22 | 9.69 | 10.29 | 10.09 | 9.81 | 0.12 | -0.48 | -0.28 |
| Scil ARM, 1-yr. | 9.31 | 8.34 | 8.39 | 8.09 | 8.04 | -0.30 | -0.35 | -0.05 |
|  |  |  | 1989 |  | 1990 | Percen | change | from: |
|  | Record highs | Date | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lows } \\ & \text { Jan } 3 \end{aligned}$ | FOMC <br> Nov 13 | Dec 13 | Record highs | $\begin{aligned} & 1989 \\ & \text { lows } \end{aligned}$ | FOMC <br> Nov 13 |
| Stock prices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow-Jones Industrial | 2999.75 | 7/16/90 | 2144.64 | 2535.40 | 2614.36 | -12.85 | 21.90 | 3.11 |
| NYSE Composite | 201.13 | 7/16/90 | 154.98 | 173.31 | 180.06 | -10.48 | 16.18 | 3.89 |
| AMEX Composite | 397.03 | 10/10/89 | 305.24 | 295.56 | 306.71 | -22.75 | 0.48 | 3.77 |
| Masdal (OTC) | 485.73 | 10/9/89 | 378.56 | 352.87 | 371.50 | -23.52 | -1.86 | 5.28 |
| Wilshire | 3523.47 | 10/9/89 | 2718.59 | 2968.18 | 3092. 10 | -12.24 | 13.74 | 4.17 |

1/ One-day quotes except as noted.
2/ Average for two-week reserve maintenance period closest to date shown. Last observation is average for the maintenance period ending December 12, 1990.

3/ Secondary market.
4/ Bid rates for Eurodollar deposita at 11 a.m. London time.
5/ Based on one-day Thursday quotes and futures market index changes.
$6 /$ Quotes for week ending Friday closest to date anown.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ In some cases, original copies needed to be photocopied before being scanned into electronic format. All scanned images were deskewed (to remove the effects of printer- and scanner-introduced tilting) and lightly cleaned (to remove dark spots caused by staple holes, hole punches, and other blemishes caused after initial printing).
    ${ }^{2}$ A two-step process was used. An advanced optimal character recognition computer program (OCR) first created electronic text from the document image. Where the OCR results were inconclusive, staff checked and corrected the text as necessary. Please note that the numbers and text in charts and tables were not reliably recognized by the OCR process and were not checked or corrected by staff.

[^1]:    1. The downward revisions to the September estimates occurred among nondurable goods stores: apparel outlets, food stores, gasoline stations, and miscellaneous other nondurable goods stores.
[^2]:    1. Ratio of end of period inventories to average monthly alds for the period.
    2. Highs and lows are specific to each series and are not necessarily
    coincidential. Range is for the 12 -month period preceding the lateat month for which data are available.
[^3]:    2. Our contact at the Census Bureau indicated that a change in gasoline inventories did not contribute importantly to this increase.
[^4]:    I. Average of Fednesdays.
    2. Loans at foreign branches are loang made to $0 . S$, firms by foreign branches of domestically chartered banks.
    3. Based on average of data for current and preceding ends of month.
    4. Consists of acceptances that finance 0.S. imports, U.S. exports, and domestic
    shipment and storage of goods.
    5. October data.
    p--preliminary.
    n.a. -not available

