## Prefatory Note

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# SUPPLEMENT <br> CURRENT ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS 

Prepared for the<br>Eederal Open Market Committee

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            By the Staff
        Board of Govermors
of the Federal Reserve System
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> Page

## THE DOMESTIC NONFINANCIAL ECONOMY

Real GDP and corporate profits ..... 1
Manufacturers orders, shipments, and inventories. ..... 1
Sales of existing homes. ..... 2
Consumer sentiment ..... 2
Tables
Real gross domestic product and related items ..... 4
New orders for durable goods ..... 5
Business capital spending indicators ..... 6
Changes in manufacturing and trade inventories ..... 8
Selected inventory-sales ratios ..... 8
Private housing activity ..... 11
University of Michigan survey research center: Survey of consumer attitudes ..... 10
Charts
Indicators of future production: New orders indexes ..... 5
Orders and shipments of nondefense capital goods ..... 7
Inventory-sales ratios, by major sector ..... 9
MBA indexes of mortgage loan applications ..... 11
THE EINANCIAL ECONOMY
Table
Selected financial market quotations ..... 12
THE INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY ..... 3
Tables
Outlook for U.S. international transactions ..... 13

THE DOMESTIC NONFINANCIAL ECONOMY
Real GDP and Corporate Profits
According to BEA's final estimate, real GDP increased 3.3 percent at an annual rate in the second quarter of 1997 . Final sales rose $2-1 / 2$ percent, with rapid growth in business fixed investment partly offset by a lull in consumer spending and a further decline in net exports. Inventories accumulated at a pace well above that of the first quarter, contributing about 3/4 percentage point to second-quarter growth.

The final estimate of real GDP growth was 0.3 percentage point below the 3.6 percent pace reported in BEA's preliminary release. The August Greenbook forecast anticipated essentially no revision to GDP growth. Exports of goods and services did not grow as much as we had anticipated mainly because of a sharp downward revision to agricultural exports. The final estimates of growth in PCE services and producers' durable equipment also came in a little below our expectations.

The estimates of corporate profits for 1997:Q2 were little changed. Corporate profits (with inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption adjustments) are now reported to have risen \$15-1/2 billion from the first-quarter level, and the profit share of GNP (excluding Federal Reserve banks) stayed at 9.6 percent, the same as in the first quarter.

Taking account of the final second-quarter estimates, together with the other data that have become available since Wednesday (reported below), we would be inclined to leave our forecast for growh of real GDP in the current quarter close to where it was in the Greenbook--about 2-3/4 percent at an annual rate. Manufacturers' Orders. Shipments, and Inventories

New orders for total durable goods rose 2.7 percent in August. The staff's constructed series on real adjusted durable goods--which strips out nondefense aircraft, defense capital goods, and industries for which reported orders actually equal shipments-increased 2.8 percent. The increase was driven by a marked turnaround in bookings for electronic components, which jumped 78 percent in August after having declined almost 23 percent in July. This big swing may have been the result of pre-announced price cuts on computer components that became effective in August. Excluding electronic components, real adjusted durable goods orders dropped 3.3 percent in Allgust reversing July's 2.9 percent increase.

New orders for nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft and parts fell 5.4 percent in August after having risen almost 10 percent during the preceding two months. The August drop was due in large part to the reversal of July's outsized increase in bookings for search and navigation equipment; excluding this category, new orders were down 0.7 percent.

Shipments of nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft and parts fell 2.4 percent in August. Shipments of communications equipment posted another large increase, bit shipments of computing and office equipment declined and shipments of other nondefense capital goods (excluding aircraft) dropped back 2.3 percent.

Revised data on manufacturers' inventories for July now indicate a somewhat smaller accumulation in July, $\$ 18.7$ billion (annual rate), than the $\$ 25.7$ billion increase shown eariier. Sales of Existing Homes

Sales of existing homes rose 3.3 percent in August to a record rate of 4.32 milifon units; the July sales rate was revised down slightly to 4.18 million units. The average level of sales during the first two months of the current quarter was up $2-1 / 4$ percent from the second-quarter average. Among regions, sales rose in the Midwest, the South, and the West, but declined in the Northeast.

The median price of existing homes sold rose 4.3 percent during the twelve months ended in August while the average price increased 6.1 percent. Cutting through the monthly volatility, twelve-month percent changes in average prices for existing homes have accelerated so far this year. However, these price changes are not adjusted for the characteristics of the homes sold. The repeatsales index, which is compiled by Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae and which attempts to control for quality change by looking at sales of the same units over time, was up 3.6 percent in the second quarter from its reading a year earlier. The four-quarter percent changes in the repeat sales index have been trending down since early 1996. Consumer Sentiment

The final tabulation of the results of the Michigan SRC survey of consumer sentiment for September shows a slightly lower level of the overall index than reported earlier; nonetheless, the September reading remains second only to July's record high. Households' assessments of current conditions are now reported to have picked up in September to a shade above July's high; consumers' views about their personal financial situation in the year anead and their
appraisal of buying conditions for large household appliances became more positive. The index of expected conditions is now reported to be little changed in September, albeit at a relatively high level. In response to questions not inciuded in the overall index. consumers remained optimistic about labor market prospects, and their opinions about buying conditions for houses improved markedly to a level just below its previous high in early 1994.

Both mean and median expected inflation for the coming year rose 0.2 percentage point in September to 3.5 percent and 2.9 percent, respectively. Regariing the inflation outiook for the next five to ten years, the mean expectation edged down in September to 3.7 percent while the median moved up to 3.2 percent.

THE INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY
Attached are updated copies of pages I-38, 39, and 40 (Greensheets following the International Developments section of Part l). They include corrected data for the percentage point contributions of real net exports of goods and services to the growth of real GDP.

Real Gross Domestic Product and Related Items
(Percent change from previous period at compound annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted data, chain-type indexes)

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1995:Q4 to } \\ \text { 1996:Q4 } \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{1997: Q 1}{\text { Final }}$ | 1997:Q2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Preliminary |  | Final |
| 1. | Gross domestic product |  | 3.2 | 4.9 | 3.6 | 3.3 |
| 2. | Final sates | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.5 |
| 3. | Consumer spending | 2.7 | 5.3 | 1.0 | . 9 |
| 4. | Durables | 3.9 | 14.1 | -5.4 | -5.4 |
| 5. | Nondurables | 1.8 | 4.7 | -2.3 | -2.1 |
| 6. | Services | 2.8 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| 7. | Business fixed investment | 11.7 | 4.1 | 15.4 | 14.6 |
| 8. | Producers' durable equipment | 12.2 | 6.7 | 23.8 | 23.0 |
| 9. | Nonresidential structures | 10.3 | -2.1 | -3.9 | -4.7 |
| 10. | Residential investment | 3.9 | 3.3 | 7.1 | 7.4 |
| 11. | Federal government consumption expenditures and investment | 1.5 | -5.8 | 6.8 | 6.6 |
| 12. | Defense | 1.1 | -11.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 |
| 13. | Nondefense | 2.5 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
| 14. | State and local government consu expenditures and investment | - 2.2 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 15 . \\ & 16 . \end{aligned}$ | Exports of goods and services Imports of goods and services | $\begin{array}{r} 9.3 \\ 11.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.9 \\ 17.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19.7 \\ & 19.9 \end{aligned}$ | 18.4 |
| ADDENDA: |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17 . \\ & 18 . \\ & 19 . \end{aligned}$ | Nonfarm inventory investment ${ }^{1}$ Motor vehicles ' Excl. motor vehicles ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.5^{2} \\ & -5.3^{2} \\ & 27.8^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58.3 \\ 1.8 \\ 56.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70.4 \\ 3.6 \\ 66.8 \end{array}$ | 70.1 2.1 68.0 |
| 20. | Farm inventory investment ${ }^{1}$ | $2.6{ }^{2}$ | 5.3 | 7.4 | 7.5 |
| 21. | Net exports of goods and services ${ }^{1}$ | $-114.4{ }^{2}$ | -126.3 | -132.7 | -136.6 |
| 22. | Nominal GDP | 5.6 | 7.4 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| 23. | GDP price index | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 24 . \\ & 25 . \end{aligned}$ | Profit share ${ }^{3}$ (Excluding FR banks) | $\begin{aligned} & 9.6^{2} \\ & 9.3^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.8 \\ & 9.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.9 \\ & 9.6 \end{aligned}$ | 9.9 9.6 |
| 26. | Personal saving rate (percent) | $4.3{ }^{2}$ | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 |

1. Level, billions of chain (1992) dollars.
2. Annual average.
3. Economic profits as a share of nominal GNP.

NEW ORDERS FOR DURABLE GOODS
(percent change from preceding period, seasonally adjusted)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Share } \\ & 1997 \\ & \mathrm{H} 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1997 \\ & \mathrm{Q} 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1997 \\ & \mathrm{Q} 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1997 \\ & \text { Jun } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1997 \\ \mathrm{Jul} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1997 \\ & \text { Aug } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jul-Aug/ } \\ & \text { 1997-Q2 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total durable goods | 100.0 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 0.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| Industries with orders data | 82.0 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 2.6 | -1.1 | 4.0 | 2.7 |
| Adjusted durable goods orders ${ }^{1}$ | 69.0 | 4.5 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| Office \& computing machines | 5.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.7 | 6.4 | -1.3 | 7.4 |
| Electronic components | 7.0 | 4.8 | 1.3 | -12.7 | -22.6 | 77.9 | 5.7 |
| Nondefense capital goods excluding aircratt and computers | 17.0 | 7.2 | 0.4 | 3.5 | 6.6 | -6.6 | 5.1 |
| All other categories ${ }^{2}$ | 41.0 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 0.9 | -2.1 | 0.2 |
| Chain weighted verson of real adjusted orders ${ }^{3}$ |  | 4.7 | 2.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 |

1. Orders exciuding defense capital goods, nondefense aircraft, and motor vehicie parts.
2. includes primary metals, most fabricated metals, most stone, clay, and glass products, electronic components, household appliances, scientific instruments, and miscellaneous durable goods.
3. Nominal adjusted durable goods orders were deftated with a P'PI for durable goods excluding transportation equipment and the BEA deflator for office, computing and accounting machinery.

## Indicators of Future Production: New Orders Indexes



Note. Indexes above 50 indicate orders are increasing, and indexes below 50 indicate orders are decreasing.

* APICS data from the American Production and Inventory Control Society

BUSINESS CAPITAL SPENDING INDICATORS
(Percent change from preceding comparable period; based on seasonally adjusted data, in current dollars)


Producerg' durable equipment

| Shipments of nondefense capital goods | 1.5 | 1.4 | 5.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | -2.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Excluding aircraft and parts | . 8 | . 8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 1.1 | -1.2 |
| office and computing | -. 7 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 5.9 | 1.4 | -1.1 |
| Communications equipment | 4.1 | -1.0 | 6.2 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| All other categories | . 5 | . 6 | 4.3 | 3.5 | . 5 | -2.3 |
| Shipments of complete aircraft ${ }^{1}$ | 21.1 | n.a. | n.a. | -23.1 | 52.5 | n.a |
| Sales of heavy trucks | -5.5 | 7.3 | -1.8 | -11.9 | 18.8 | -8.0 |
| Orders of nondefense capital goods | . 2 | 2.5 | -. 5 | 6.8 | . 4 | . 9 |
| Excluding aircraft and parts | -. 8 | 5.5 | . 3 | 3.1 | 6.6 | -5.4 |
| Office and computing | -. 6 | . 1 | . 2 | 1.7 | 6.4 | -1.3 |
| Communications equipment | 3.7 | 12.4 | 4.6 | 13.9 | -16.1 | 5.9 |
| All other categories | -1.9 | 5.9 | -. 7 | . 7 | 13.6 | -9.4 |

## Nonresidential structures

| Construction put in place, buildings | 5.2 | 1.8 | -1.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 | n.a. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Office | 2.2 | 4.1 | -3.0 | 7.1 | -. 3 | n.a. |
| Other commercial | 5.6 | 2.7 | -5.3 | -2.4 | -. 8 | n.a |
| Institutional | 7.5 | 4.6 | 4.8 | -2.1 | -. 4 | n.a |
| Industrial | 4.6 | -4.2 | -2.8 | 4.5 | 6.8 | n.a. |
| Lodging and miscellaneous | 6.8 | 2.7 | 4.8 | . 2 | 1.3 | n.a. |
| Rotary drilling rigs in use ${ }^{2}$ | -1.6 | 16.2 | 11.9 | 2.2 | -4.0 | -1.5 |
| Memo: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business fixed investment | 5.9 | 4.1 | 15.4 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |
| Producers' durable equipment | 2.6 | 6.7 | 23.8 | n.a. | п.a. | .a |
| Office and computing | 31.0 | 27.9 | 46.0 | n.a. | n.a. | п.a. |
| Communications equipment | -5.6 | 10.3 | 7.5 | n.a | n.a | п.a |
| Other equipment ${ }^{3}$ | -2.8 | 6.0 | 19.2 | n.a. | n.a. | п.a. |
| Nonresidential structures | 15.3 | -2.1 | -3.9 | п.a. | n.a. | n. |

1. From the Current Industrial Report "Civil Aircraft and Aircraft Engines." Monthly data are seasonally adjusted using FRB seasonal factors constrained to BEA quarterly seasonal factors. Quarterly data are seasonally adjusted using BEA seasonal factors.
2. Percent change of number of rigs in use, seasonally adjusted.
3. Producers' durable equipment excluding office and computing, communications, motor vehicles, and aircraft and parts.
n.a. Not available.

## Orders and Shipments of Nondefense Capital Goods

## Office and Computing Equipment



Communications Equipment


Other Equipment (Excluding Aircraft, Computing, and Communications Equipment)


GHANGES IN MANUFACTURING AND TRADE INVENTORIES
(Billions of dollars at annual rate; based on seasonally adjusted data)

|  | 1996 | 1997 |  | 1997 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | May | June | July |
| Book value basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 16.0 | 35.8 | 51.5 | 22.5 | 86.8 | 15.3 |
| Excluding wholesale and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing | 7.0 | 16.5 | 25.1 | 23.4 | 16.4 | 18.7 |
| Excluding aircraft | 2.5 | 9.1 | 19.8 | 22.0 | 8.0 | 15.1 |
| Wholesale | 4.1 | 14.3 | 19.1 | 11.8 | 61.5 | -20.4 |
| Excluding motor vehicles | 6.0 | 11.5 | 14.3 | 6.4 | 44.7 | -13.0 |
| Retail | 4.9 | 5.0 | 7.4 | -12.7 | 8.9 | 17.0 |
| Auto dealers | -4.3 | $2+1$ | -2.1 | -18.0 | 5.2 | 3.9 |
| Excluding auto dealers | 9.1 | 2.8 | $9+6$ | 5.3 | 3.7 | 13.1 |

SELECTED INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS
(Months' supply, based on Census book-value data, seasonally adjusted)


Inventory-Sales Ratios, by Major Sector
(Book value)
Manufacturing


Wholesale Excluding Motor Vehicles


Retail


UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN SURVEY RESEARCH CENTER: SURVEY OF CONSUMER ATTITUDES
(Not seasonally adjusted)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \operatorname{Jan} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { Feb } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { Mar } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { Apr } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { May } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { Jun } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { Ju1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { Aug } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1997 \\ \text { Sep } \\ (f) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indexes of consumer sentiment (Feb. 1966=100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compogite of current and expected conditions | 97.4 | 99.7 | 100.0 | 101.4 | 103.2 | 104.5 | 107.1 | 104.4 | 106.0 |
| Current conditions | 106.8 | 107.2 | 109.8 | 115.2 | 113.5 | 113.2 | 114.0 | 110.7 | 114.1 |
| Expected conditions | 91.3 | 94.9 | 93.6 | 92.5 | 96.6 | 98.9 | 102.6 | 100.3 | 100.7 |
| Personal financial situation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Now compared with 12 months ago* | 116 | 114 | 119 | 132 | 122 | 126 | 130 | 121 | 127 |
| Expected in 12 months* | 128 | 134 | 134 | 130 | 138 | 131 | 133 | 138 | 138 |
| Expected business conditions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Next 12 monthg* | 136 | 135 | 138 | 130 | 142 | 147 | 151 | 150 | 149 |
| Next 5 yearg* | 103 | 113 | 105 | 113 | 109 | 121 | 130 | 116 | 119 |
| Appraisal of buying conditions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 141 | 130 | 135 | 136 | 150 | 154 | 136 | 139 | 143 |
| Large household appliances* | 160 | 164 | 166 | 167 | 173 | 168 | 166 | 167 | 170 |
| Houses | 162 | 166 | 155 | 153 | 160 | 160 | 165 | 166 | 173 |
| Willingness to use credit | 4.5 | 39 | 37 | 41 | 49 | 43 | 49 | 48 | 50 |
| Wilingnesg to use savings | 71 | 67 | 66 | 68 | 71 | 73 | 68 | 70 | 57 |
| Expected unemployment change - next 12 months | 114 | 107 | 112 | 113 | 109 | 108 | 104 | 107 | 103 |
| Expected inflation - next 12 months |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Median | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Expected inflation - next 5 to 10 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 4.0 | 3.7 |  | 3.6 |  | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.7 3.2 |
| Median | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 |

* -- Indicates the question is one of the five equally-weighted components of the index of sentiment.
(p) -- Preliminary
(f) -- Final

Note: Figures on financial, business, and buying conditions are the percent reporting 'good times' (or
'better') minus the percent reporting 'bad times' (or 'worse'), plus 100. Expected change in
unemployment is the fraction expecting unemployment to rise minus the fraction expecting unemployment to fall, plus 100.

Private Housing Activity
(Millions of units; seasonally adjusted annual rate)

|  | 1996 |  | 1997 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1996 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | Juner ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | July ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | Aug.p |
| All units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Starts | 1.48 | 1.42 | 1.47 | 1.46 | 1.50 | 1.43 | 1.36 |
| Permits | 1.43 | 1.38 | 1.43 | 1.43 | 1.40 | 1.41 | 1.39 |
| Single-family units $\quad 1.16$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Starts | 1.16 | 1.09 | 1.17 | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.07 |
| Permits | 1.07 | 1.01 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.03 | 1.03 |
| New home sales | . 76 | . 76 | . 82 | . 78 | . 81 | . 82 | n.a. |
| Existing trome sales | 4.09 | 4.00 | 4.10 | 4.15 | 4.15 | 4.18 | 4.32 |
| Multifamily units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Starts | . 32 | . 33 | . 30 | . 34 | . 37 | . 30 | . 29 |
| Permits | . 36 | . 38 | . 38 | . 37 | . 35 | . 38 | . 36 |
| Mobile homes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments | . 36 | . 35 | . 35 | . 36 | . 36 | . 36 | n.a. |

Note. p Preliminary. r Revised. n.a. Not available.

## MBA Indexes of Mortgage Loan Applications

(Seasonally adjusted by Federal Reserve Board staff)
Purchase Index


Selected Financial Market Quotations ${ }^{1}$
(Percent except as noted)

|  |  |  | excep |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Instrument |  | 1997 |  |  |  | Change to Sep. 25, from: |  |  |
|  |  | Jan. 2 | Mar. <br> low | $\begin{gathered} \text { FOMC } * \\ \text { Aug. } 19 \end{gathered}$ | Sep. 25 | Jan. 2 | Mar. <br> low | $\begin{gathered} \text { FOMC * } \\ \text { Aur. } 19 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Short-term rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal funds ${ }^{2}$ |  | 5.79 | 5.27 | 5.58 | 5.51 | -0.28 | 0.24 | -0.07 |
| Treasury bills ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3-month |  | 5.05 | 5.04 | 5.13 | 4.80 | -0.25 | -0.24 | -0.33 |
| 6-month |  | 5.14 | 5.17 | 5.15 | 4.97 | -0.17 | -0.20 | -0.18 |
| 1-year |  | 5.28 | 5.37 | 5.21 | 5.20 | -0.08 | 0.17 | -0.01 |
| Commercial paper ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 -month |  | 5.48 | 5.40 | 5.54 | 5.49 | 0.01 | 0.09 | -0.05 |
| 3-month |  | 5.47 | 5.45 | 5.56 | 5.46 | -0.01 | 0.01 | -0.10 |
| Large negotiable CDs ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 -month |  | 5.39 | 5.32 | 5.53 | 5.58 | 0.19 | 0.26 | 0.05 |
| 3 -month |  | 5.42 | 5.42 | 5.58 | 5.59 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.01 |
| 6-month |  | 5.50 | 5.58 | 5.68 | 5.70 | 0.20 | 0.12 | 0.02 |
| Eurodollar deposits ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 -month |  | 5.38 | 5.31 | 5.50 | 5.56 | 0.18 | 0.25 | 0.06 |
| 3-month |  | 5.44 | 5.44 | 5.56 | 5.56 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.00 |
| Bank prime rate |  | 8.25 | 8.25 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.00 |
| Intermediate- and long-term rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasury (constant maturity) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 -year |  | 6.13 | 6.25 | 5.94 | 5.93 | -0.20 | -0.32 | -0.01 |
| 10-year |  | 6.54 | 6.56 | 6.21 | 6.13 | -0.41 | -0.43 | -0.08 |
| 30-year |  | 6.75 | 6.83 | 6.53 | 6.40 | -0.35 | -0.43 | -0.13 |
| U.S. Treasury 10-year indexed note |  | n.a. | 3.36 | 3.53 | 3.58 | n.a. | 0.22 | 0.05 |
| Municipal revenue (Bond Buyer) ${ }^{6}$ |  | 5.96 | 5.97 | 5.71 | 5.63 | -0.33 | -0.34 | -0.08 |
| Corporate-A utility, recently offered |  | 7.64 | 7.97 | 7.64 | 7.45 | -0.19 | -0.52 | -0.19 |
| High-yield corporate ${ }^{7}$ |  | 9.72 | 9.49 | 9.15 | 9.03 | -0.69 | -0.46 | -0.12 |
| Home mortgages ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 7.64 | 7.84 | 7.54 | 7.28 | -0.36 | -0.56 | -0.26 |
| FHLMC 1-yr adjustable rate |  | 5.57 | 5.54 | 5.56 | 5.53 | -0.04 | -0.01 | -0.03 |
|  | Record high |  | 1997 |  |  | Percentage change to Sep. 25 , from: |  |  |
|  | Level | Date | Jan. 2 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { FOMC* } \\ \text { Aug. } 19 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Sep. 25 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Record } \\ \text { high } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Jan. 2 | $\begin{gathered} \text { FOMC * } \\ \text { Aug. } 19 \end{gathered}$ |
| Dow-Jones Industrial | 8259.31 | 8/6/97 | 6441.49 | 7803.36 | 7848.01 | -4.98 | 21.84 | 0.57 |
| S\&P 500 Composite | 960.32 | 8/6/97 | 736.01 | 912.49 | 937.91 | -2.33 | 27.43 | 2.79 |
| NASDAQ (OTC) | 1697.36 | 9/23/97 | 1279.70 | 1569.52 | 1678.89 | -1.09 | 31.19 | 6.97 |
| Russell 2000 | 449.42 | 9/23/97 | 357.96 | 408.73 | 447.92 | -0.33 | 25.13 | 9.59 |
| Wilshire | 9222.33 | 9/22/97 | 7146.80 | 8708.58 | 9097.46 | -1.35 | 27.29 | 4.47 |

1. One-day quotes except as noted.
2. Average for two-week reserve maintenance period closest to date shown. Last observation is the average for maintenance period ending September 24, 1997.
3. Secondary market.
4. As of September 2, 1997, commercial paper rates are those collected by the Depository Trust Company; prior rates are averages of offering rates at several large deaiers.
5. Bid rates for Eurodollar deposits at 11 a.m. London time.
6. Most recent observation based on one-day Thursday quote and futures market index changes.
7. Merrill Lynch Master II high-yield bond index composite.
8. Quotes for week ending Friday previous to date shown.

* Figures cited are as of the close on August 18, 1997.


[^1]2. Merchandise imports excluding oil, computers, and semiconductors.

OUTLIOOK FOR U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS


## Billions of dollars



[^2]2. Merchandise imports excluding oil, computers, and semiconductors.


1. Merchandise exports excluding agricultural products, computers, and semiconductors.
2. Merchandise imports excluding oil, computers, and semiconductors.

[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ In some cases, original copies needed to be photocopied before being scanned into electronic format. All scanned images were deskewed (to remove the effects of printer- and scanner-introduced tilting) and lightly cleaned (to remove dark spots caused by staple holes, hole punches, and other blemishes caused after initial printing).
    ${ }^{2}$ A two-step process was used. An advanced optimal character recognition computer program (OCR) first created electronic text from the document image. Where the OCR results were inconclusive, staff checked and corrected the text as necessary. Please note that the numbers and text in charts and tables were not reliably recognized by the OCR process and were not checked or corrected by staff.

[^1]:    1. Merchandise exports excluding agricultural products, computers, and semiconductors
[^2]:    1. Merchandise exports excluding agricultural products, computers, and semiconductors.
