

Proposal: 1741(AG 11) Reg Q - Regulatory Capital Rule: Emergency Capital Investment Program

Description:

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Comment ID: 138122

From: BOM Bank, Tyler Murchison

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Subject: Reg Q; Regulatory Capital Rule: Emergency Capital Investment Program

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Comments:

NONCONFIDENTIAL // EXTERNAL

To Whom it May Concern:

I'm the Chief Lending Officer and Executive Vice President of an CDFI bank located in rural Louisiana. Our Board of Directors, Senior Management and I are very excited about the ECIP. It will allow us to ramp up lending and to reach even more customers and non-customers and hopefully help bring in more of the unbanked and underbanked.

Yesterday, our Board of Directors approved for us to apply for the maximum amount of funds we can get thru the ECIP. But the problem we are having right now is that we are a Subchapter S corporation and the funds we would get would be in the form of Subordinated Debt, not Perpetual Preferred Stock. CDFI C Corporations have an advantage over S Corps due to the fact that as S Corps the way the ECIP bill is written now S Corps have to count any Sub Debt from the Treasury as debt at the holding company, C Corps don't have to count any ECIP funds as debt. With the Federal Reserve's rules/regulations in regards to Debt to Equity & Double Leverage Ratios, my bank and other Sub S banks would only be able to request ECIP funds in the form of Sub Debt from the Treasury at just a fraction of that we actually qualify for due to the Federal Reserve's rules. The amount we could get of ECIP wouldn't make the impact that we and other S Corps want to make.

Using current Federal Reserve's regulations, we would only be able to receive Sub Debt of approximately 2% of our assets instead of the ECIP rules of up to 15%. This is the difference in us not being able to lend literally multi-millions with us leveraging any Sub Debt 10 to 1.

I ask that the treasury would consider to work with the Fed and that any/all ECIP Sub Debt be excluded 100% from the Fed's rules/regulations just as TARP and SBLF were. Secondly, have a maturity date of at least 30 years instead of 15 years for Sub Debt just as Trust Preferred Securities used to be. Even better 40 years, 50 years or perpetual. Make this as permanent capital as possible. The more Sub Debt S Corps can get and the permeant the capital is, the more we can deploy and the more the ECIP will be utilized. And leveraging 10 to 1, these funds would be transformational for the markets we serve! Rural America, minorities and the working poor have been hurt more than others by Covid -19 and these ECIP funds not can, but will be a game changer for CDFI/MDI banks!

Thank you for your time and I encourage you to work with the Fed on these topics.

Tyler Murchison

Executive Vice President/Chief Lending Officer

NMLS: #401886

BOM

860 Washington Street Natchitoches, LA 71457

Phone (318) 238-2330 EXT. 1401

Fax (318) 238-3432