



Instructions for Preparation of

**Parent Company Only Financial Statements
for Large Bank Holding Companies**

Reporting Form FR Y-9LP

Reissued March 2002

Instructions for Preparation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies

FR Y-9LP

Who Must Report

A. Reporting Criteria

All bank holding companies, regardless of size, are required to submit financial statements to the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank, unless specifically exempted (see description of exemptions below).

The specific reporting requirements for each bank holding company depend upon the size of the holding company, whether the holding company engages in a non-bank activity (either directly or indirectly) involving financial leverage or engages in credit extending activities, or whether the bank holding company has debt outstanding to the general public. Bank holding companies must file the appropriate forms as described below:

- (1) **Bank Holding Companies with Total Consolidated Assets of \$150 Million or More and All Multibank Holding Companies with Debt Outstanding to the General Public¹ or Engaged in Certain Nonbanking Activities.²** Bank holding companies with total consolidated assets of \$150 million or more (the top-tier of a multi-tiered holding company, when applicable) and all multibank bank holding companies (i.e., owning or controlling more than one bank as defined in Regulation Y) with debt outstanding to the general public, or engaged in certain nonbanking activities (as defined above), regardless of size, must file:

- (a) the *Consolidated Financial Statements for Bank*

1. Debt outstanding to the general public is defined to mean debt held by parties other than financial institutions, officers, directors, and controlling shareholders of the banking organization or their related interests.

2. Engaged in certain nonbanking activities is defined to mean engaged in a nonbank activity (either directly or indirectly) involving financial leverage or engaged in credit extending activities. Financial leverage is the use of debt to supplement the equity in a company's capital structure.

Holding Companies (FR Y-9C) quarterly, as of the last calendar day of March, June, September, and December.

- (b) the *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies* (FR Y-9LP) quarterly, as of the last calendar day of March, June, September, and December.

Each bank holding company that files the FR Y-9C must submit the FR Y-9LP for its parent company.

For tiered bank holding companies. When bank holding companies with total consolidated assets of \$150 million or more, or multibank holding companies with debt outstanding to the general public or engaged in certain nonbank activities (as defined) own or control, or are owned or controlled by, other bank holding companies (i.e., are tiered bank holding companies), only the top-tier holding company must file the FR Y-9C for the consolidated bank holding company organization.

Exception. If a bank holding company owns or controls other bank holding companies that have total consolidated assets of \$1 billion or more, that top-tier bank holding company must submit a FR Y-9C for each such lower-tiered banking organization.

In addition, such tiered bank holding companies, regardless of the size of the subsidiary bank holding company, must also submit, or have the bank holding company subsidiary submit, a separate FR Y-9LP for each lower-tier bank holding company.

- (2) **Bank Holding Companies that are Employee Stock Ownership Plans.** Bank holding companies that are employee stock ownership plans (ESOPs) as of the last calendar day of the calendar year must file

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the *Financial Statements for Employee Stock Ownership Plan Bank Holding Companies* (FR Y-9ES) on an annual basis, as of December 31. No other FR Y-9 series form is required. However, bank holding companies that are subsidiaries of ESOP bank holding companies (i.e., a tiered bank holding company) must submit the appropriate FR Y-9 series in accordance with bank holding company reporting requirements.

- (3) **One Bank Holding Companies With Total Consolidated Assets of Less Than \$150 Million.** One bank holding companies with total consolidated assets of less than \$150 million must file the *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Small Bank Holding Companies* (FR Y-9SP) on a semiannual basis, as of the last calendar day of June and December.
- (4) **Multibank Holding Companies with Total Consolidated Assets of Less than \$150 Million, Without any Debt Outstanding to the General Public and Not Engaged in Certain Nonbanking Activities (as Defined).** These organizations may file the *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Small Bank Holding Companies* (FR Y-9SP) on a semiannual basis, as of the last calendar day of June and December. However, the Reserve Bank with whom the reporting bank holding company (meeting the criteria described above) files its reports may require that the consolidated report be submitted to meet supervisory needs.

For tiered bank holding companies. When bank holding companies with total consolidated assets of less than \$150 million, without any debt outstanding to the general public and not engaged in certain nonbank activities (as defined), own or control, or are owned or controlled by, other bank holding companies (i.e., are tiered bank holding companies), the top-tier holding company must file the FR Y-9SP for the top-tier parent company of the bank holding company. In addition, such tiered bank holding companies, must also submit, or have the bank holding company subsidiary submit, a separate FR Y-9SP for each lower-tier bank holding company.

When a bank holding company that has total consolidated assets of less than \$150 million is a subsidiary of a bank holding company with total consolidated assets of \$150 million or more, the bank holding

company that has total consolidated assets of less than \$150 million would report on the FR Y-9LP rather than the FR Y-9SP.

The instructions for the FR Y-9C, FR Y-9ES, and the FR Y-9SP are not included in this booklet but may be obtained from the Federal Reserve Bank in the district where the bank holding company files its reports, or may be found on the Federal Reserve Board's public website (www.federalreserve.gov).

B. Exemptions from Reporting the Bank Holding Company Financial Statements

The following bank holding companies do not have to file bank holding company financial statements:

- (1) a bank holding company that has been granted an exemption under Section 4(d) of the Bank Holding Company Act; or
- (2) "qualified foreign banking organization" as defined by section 211.23(a) of Regulation K (12 CFR 211.23(a)) that controls a U.S. subsidiary bank.

Bank holding companies that are not required to file under the above criteria may be required to file this report by the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which they are registered.

C. Shifts in Reporting Status

A one bank holding company that acquires ownership or control of a second bank either directly or, indirectly through the merger with another bank holding company, should continue to file the FR Y-9SP if its total consolidated assets remain at less than \$150 million and it does not have any amount of debt outstanding to the general public and is not engaged in certain nonbank activities (as defined).

When a one bank holding company acquires ownership or control of a second bank (i.e., becomes a multibank holding company), either directly or indirectly through the merger with another bank holding company and also has debt outstanding to the general public or engages in certain nonbank activities (as defined), it must begin to file the FR Y-9C and FR Y-9LP (rather than the FR Y-9SP) report forms for the first quarterly report date following the acquisition or merger.

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A one bank holding company that reaches \$150 million or more in total consolidated assets should begin reporting on the FR Y-9C report form in the quarter following the report on which its total consolidated assets reaches or exceeds \$150 million. In general, once a bank holding company reaches or exceeds \$150 million in total assets and begins filing the FR Y-9C, it should always file a complete FR Y-9C.

When a multibank holding company through the consolidation or sale of its banks becomes a one bank holding company, it may file the FR Y-9SP (rather than the FR Y-9C and FR Y-9LP) if its total consolidated assets are below \$150 million. However, the Reserve Bank with which the reporting bank holding company files its reports may require, after notifying the holding company, that the consolidated report be submitted to meet supervisory needs.

Where to Submit the Reports

Electronic Submission

All bank holding companies are required to submit their completed reports electronically. Bank holding companies should contact their district Reserve Bank or go to www.reportingandreserves.org for procedures for electronic submission.

When to Submit the Reports

The *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies* (FR Y-9LP) are required to be submitted as of March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31. The submission date is 45 calendar days after the as of date unless that day fall on a weekend or holiday (subject to the timely filing provisions). For example, the June 30 report must be received by August 14 and the September 30 report by November 14. The term “submission date” is defined as the date by which the appropriate Reserve Bank must receive the bank holding company’s FR Y-9LP.

If the submission deadline falls on a weekend or holiday, the report must be received on the first business day after the Saturday, Sunday, or holiday. Earlier submission would aid the Federal Reserve in reviewing and process-

ing the reports and is encouraged. No extensions of time for submitting reports are granted.

The reports are due by the end of the reporting day on the submission date (i.e., 5:00 P.M. at each of the Reserve Banks).

How to Prepare the Reports

A. Applicability of GAAP and Equity Method

Bank holding companies are required to prepare and file the *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies* in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and these instructions. All reports shall be prepared in a consistent manner.

The bank holding company’s financial records shall be maintained in such a manner and scope so as to ensure that the *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies* can be prepared and filed in accordance with these instructions and reflect a fair presentation of the bank holding company’s financial condition and results of operations.

Bank holding companies should retain workpapers and other records used in the preparation of these reports.

Equity Method of Accounting for Investments in Bank and Nonbank Subsidiaries and Associated Companies

Each bank holding company in preparing its parent company only financial statements shall account for all investments in subsidiaries, associated companies, and those corporate joint ventures over which the bank holding company exercises significant influence according to the equity method of accounting, as prescribed by GAAP. The equity method of accounting is described in Schedule PC, item 5. (Refer to the instructions for Schedule PC, item 5, “Investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies,” for the definitions of the terms subsidiary, associated company, and corporate joint venture.)

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B. Report Form Captions, Non-applicable Items and Instructional Detail

No caption on the report forms shall be changed in any way. An amount or a zero should be entered for all items except where the reporting bank holding company cannot report a line item because of the nature of their organization. For example, if the parent company does not own nonbank subsidiaries, Schedule PC-A, items 2(a) and 2(b) and Schedule PI, item 1(b) should be left blank. Also if the parent company does not, directly or indirectly, own any subsidiary bank holding companies, Schedule PC-A, items 3(a) and 3(b) should be left blank. A zero should be entered whenever a parent company can participate in an activity, but does not, on the report date, have any outstanding balances.

There may be areas in which a bank holding company wishes more technical detail on the application of accounting standards and procedures to the requirements of these instructions. Such information may often be found in the appropriate entries in the Glossary section of the instructions for the Consolidated Financial Statements for Bank Holding Companies (Form FR Y-9C) or, in more detail, in APB Opinions and FASB Statements. Selected opinions and statements of these accounting organizations are referenced in the instructions, where appropriate. The accounting entries in the Glossary of the FR Y-9C instructions are intended only to serve as an aid in specific reporting situations; they do not, and are not intended to, constitute a comprehensive statement on accounting for bank holding companies.

Questions and requests for interpretations of matters appearing in any part of these instructions should be addressed to the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank (that is, the Federal Reserve Bank in the district where the bank holding company submits this report).

C. Rounding

All bank holding companies must report all dollar amounts in thousands, with the figures rounded to the nearest thousand. Items less than \$500 will be reported as zero. Rounding may result in details not adding to their stated totals. However, in order to ensure consistent reporting, the rounded detail items should be adjusted so that the totals and the sums of their components are identical.

On the *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies*, “Total assets” (Schedule PC, item 10) and “Total liabilities and equity capital” (Schedule PC, item 21), which must be equal, must be derived from unrounded numbers and then rounded in order to ensure that these two items are equal as reported.

For bank holding companies with total assets of less than \$10 billion, all dollar amounts must be reported in thousands, with the figures rounded to the nearest thousand. Items less than \$500 will be reported as zero. For bank holding companies with total assets of \$10 billion or more, all dollar amounts may be reported in thousands, but each bank holding company, at its option, may round the figures reported to the nearest million, with zeros reported in the thousands column. For bank holding companies exercising this option, amounts less than \$500,000 will be reported as zero.

D. Negative Entries

Except for the items listed below, negative entries are generally not appropriate on the FR Y-9LP and should not be reported. Hence, assets with credit balances must be reported in liability items and liabilities with debit balances should be reported in asset items, as appropriate, and in accordance with these instructions. Items for which negative entries may be made include:

- (1) Schedule PC, item 5, “Investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies,”
- (2) Schedule PC, item 20(d), “Retained Earnings,”
- (3) Schedule PC, item 20(e), “Accumulated other comprehensive income.”
- (4) Schedule PC, item 20(f), “Other equity capital components.”
- (5) Schedule PC-A, items 1(a)(2)(a), 2(a)(2)(a), and 3(a)(2)(a), “Goodwill.”

When negative entries do occur in one or more of these items, they shall be recorded with a minus (–) sign rather than in parenthesis.

On the *Parent Company Only Income Statement* (Schedule PI) and *Schedule PI-A “Cash Flow Statement,”* negative entries may appear, as appropriate. Income

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items with a debit balance and expense items with a credit balance must be reported in parentheses.

E. Confidentiality

The completed version of this report is available to the public upon request on an individual basis. However, a reporting bank holding company may request confidential treatment for the *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies* (FR Y-9LP) if the bank holding company is of the opinion that disclosure of specific commercial or financial information in the report would likely result in substantial harm to its competitive position, or that disclosure of the submitted information would result in unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

A request for confidential treatment must be submitted in writing prior to the electronic submission of the report. The request must discuss in writing the justification for which confidentiality is requested and must demonstrate the specific nature of the harm that would result from public release of the information; merely stating that competitive harm would result or that information is personal is not sufficient.

Information, for which confidential treatment is requested, may subsequently be released by the Federal Reserve System if the Board of Governors determines that the disclosure of such information is in the public interest.

F. Verification and Signatures

Verification. All addition and subtraction should be double-checked before reports are submitted. Totals and subtotals in supporting materials should be cross-checked to corresponding items elsewhere in the reports. Before a report is submitted, all amounts should be compared with the corresponding amounts in the previous report. If there are any unusual changes from the previous report, a brief explanation of the changes should be provided to the appropriate Reserve Bank.

Signatures. The *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies* must be signed by an authorized officer of the bank holding

company. *Bank holding companies must maintain in their files a manually signed and attested printout of the data submitted.* The cover page of the Reserve Bank-supplied, holding company's software, or from the Federal Reserve's web site report form should be used to fulfill the signature and attestation requirement and this page should be attached to the printout placed in the bank holding company's files.

G. Amended Reports

The Federal Reserve may require the filing of amended *Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Bank Holding Companies* if reports as previously submitted contain significant errors. In addition, a bank holding company should file an amended report when internal or external auditors make audit adjustments that result in a restatement of financial statements previously submitted to the Federal Reserve.

The Federal Reserve also requests that bank holding companies that have restated their prior period financial statements as a result of an acquisition accounted for on a pooling of interest basis submit revised reports for the prior year-ends. In the event that certain of the required data is not available, bank holding companies should contact the appropriate Reserve Bank for information on submitting revised reports.

H. Organization of the Instruction Book

The instruction book is divided into two sections:

- (1) The General Instructions describing overall reporting requirements.
- (2) The Line Item Instructions for each schedule of the report for the parent company only of the bank holding company.

Additional copies of this instruction book may be obtained from the Federal Reserve Bank in the district where the reporting bank holding company submits its FR Y-9LP reports, or may be found on the Federal Reserve Board's public website (www.federalreserve.gov).

LINE ITEM INSTRUCTIONS FOR

Parent Company Only Income Statement Schedule PI

The Parent Company Only Income Statement, Schedule PI, is to be presented on a calendar-year-to-date basis.

Line Item 1 Operating Income:

Line Item 1(a) Income from bank subsidiaries and associated banks, excluding equity in undistributed income.

Report the reporting bank holding company's income from direct investments in and transactions with direct and indirect bank subsidiaries and associated banks according to the appropriate captions, *excluding equity in undistributed income*.

Line Item 1(a)(1) Dividends.

Report dividend income declared or paid to the reporting bank holding company from bank subsidiaries and associated banks.

Line Item 1(a)(2) Interest.

Report interest income paid or payable to the reporting bank holding company related to cash and balances due from and extensions of credit to bank subsidiaries and associated banks.

Exclude interest from balances due from depository institutions that are not related to the parent bank holding company. Such interest should be reported in item 1(e) below.

Line Item 1(a)(3) Management and service fees.

Report management and service fees paid or payable to the reporting bank holding company by the bank subsidiaries and associated banks.

Line Item 1(a)(4) Other.

Report all other income paid or payable by bank subsidiaries or associated banks to the reporting bank holding

company related to transactions with bank subsidiaries and associated banks. Exclude amounts reported in Items 1(a)(1), 1(a)(2), and 1(a)(3). Exclude the parent's equity in the undistributed earnings of bank subsidiaries and associated banks.

Line Item 1(a)(5) Total.

Report the sum of Items 1(a)(1) through 1(a)(4).

Line Item 1(b) Income from nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies, excluding equity in undistributed income.

Report the reporting bank holding company's income from direct investments in and transactions with direct and indirect nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies according to the appropriate captions, *excluding equity in undistributed income*. Exclude income from banks (as defined in the Act), subsidiaries of banks, and Edge Act and Agreement subsidiaries.

Line Item 1(b)(1) Dividends.

Report dividend income declared or paid to the reporting bank holding company by nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Line Item 1(b)(2) Interest.

Report interest income paid or payable to the reporting bank holding company related to cash and balances due from and extensions of credit to nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Line Item 1(b)(3) Management and service fees.

Report management and service fee income paid or payable by the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies to the reporting bank holding company

Schedule PI

in connection with services rendered to nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Line Item 1(b)(4) Other.

Report other income paid or payable to the reporting bank holding company related to transactions with nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies. Exclude amounts reported in Items 1(b)(1), 1(b)(2), and 1(b)(3).

Line Item 1(b)(5) Total.

Report the sum of Items 1(b)(1) through 1(b)(4).

Line Item 1(c) Income from subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies, excluding equity in undistributed income.

This item is to be completed only by bank holding companies that have subsidiary bank holding companies or associated bank holding companies. Report the reporting bank holding company's income from direct investments in and transactions with direct and indirect subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies according to the appropriate captions, *excluding equity in undistributed income.*

Line Item 1(c)(1) Dividends.

Report dividend income declared or paid to the reporting bank holding company from subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Line Item 1(c)(2) Interest.

Report interest income paid or payable to the reporting bank holding company related to cash and balances due from and extensions of credit to subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Line Item 1(c)(3) Management and service fees.

Report management and service fee revenue paid or payable to the reporting bank holding company in connection with services rendered to subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Line Item 1(c)(4) Other.

Report all other income paid or payable to the reporting

bank holding company related to transactions with subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies. Exclude amounts reported in Items 1(c)(1), 1(c)(2), and 1(c)(3). *Exclude the reporting bank holding company's equity in the undistributed earnings of subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.*

Line Item 1(c)(5) Total.

Report the sum of Items 1(c)(1) through 1(c)(4).

Line Item 1(d) Securities gains/(losses).

Report the net gain or loss realized by the reporting bank holding company during the calendar year-to-date from the sale, exchange, redemption, or retirement of all securities. The gain or loss is the difference between the sales price (excluding interest at the coupon rate accrued since the last interest payment date, if any) and the book value. If this net amount is a loss, enclose it in parentheses.

Do not adjust for applicable income taxes (income taxes applicable to gains (losses) on securities are to be included in the applicable income taxes reported in item 4 below).

Line Item 1(e) All other operating income.

Report all other operating income of the reporting bank holding company, exclusive of income from subsidiaries and associated companies reported in Items 1(a), 1(b) and 1(c) above.

Report in this item any income from cash and balances due from unrelated depository institutions.

Line Item 1(f) Total Operating Income.

Sum of Items 1(a)(5), 1(b)(5) and 1(c)(5), 1(d), and 1(e).

Line Item 2 Operating Expense.

Line Item 2(a) Salaries and employee benefits.

Report the total amount of expenses attributable to (a) salaries and wages of officers and employees, and (b) pensions and employee benefits.

Line Item 2(b) Interest expense.

Report the interest expense related to all debt instruments issued by the reporting bank holding company for the

Schedule PI

purpose of borrowing money as reported in Schedule PC, items 11, 12, 13(a), 13(b), 14, and 16.

Line Item 2(c) Provision for loan and lease losses.

Report the amount charged against current operating earnings to provide for actual and prospective loan and lease losses.

Line Item 2(d) All other expenses.

Report all other operating expenses of the reporting bank holding company that cannot properly be reported against Items 2(a), 2(b), and 2(c). Include in this item goodwill impairment losses and amortization expense and impairment losses from other intangible assets. In addition, for purposes of this reporting item, include any interest expense accrued on borrowings reported on Schedule PC, in item 18, "Balances due to subsidiaries and related institutions."

Line Item 2(e) Total operating expense.

Sum of Items 2(a) through 2(d).

Line Item 3 Income (loss) before taxes and undistributed income.

(Item 1(f) minus Item 2(e)). Report a negative amount in parentheses.

Line Item 4 Applicable income taxes.

Report the total estimated amount of current and deferred income taxes—Federal, State and local (estimated or accrued)—on a parent company only basis for the period. Bank holding companies that report a net tax benefit on a parent company only basis must enclose the amount in parentheses. Exclude taxes reported below against Item 5.

Line Item 5 Extraordinary items, net of tax effect.

Report the net amount of extraordinary items of the reporting bank holding company less applicable taxes. Include nonoperating items such as the cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles.

Line Item 6 Income (loss) before undistributed income of subsidiaries and associated companies.

Sum of Item 3 and Item 5, minus Item 4.

Line Item 7 Equity in undistributed income (losses) of subsidiaries and associated companies.

Line Item 7(a) Bank.

Report the parent's equity in undistributed income of bank (as defined in the Bank Holding Company Act) subsidiaries and of Edge Act and Agreement subsidiaries and associated banks, *less* applicable taxes. Include equity in securities gains or losses, extraordinary items, and cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles of bank subsidiaries and associated banks, *less* applicable taxes. Report a loss in parentheses.

Exclude any dividends declared or paid, which should be reported in line item 1(a)(1).

Line Item 7(b) Nonbank.

Report the parent's equity in undistributed income of nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies, *less* applicable taxes. Include equity in securities gains or losses, extraordinary items, and cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles of nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbanks, *less* applicable taxes. Report a loss in parentheses.

Exclude any dividends declared or paid, which should be reported in line item 1(b)(1).

Line Item 7(c) Subsidiary bank holding companies.

Report the parent's equity in undistributed income of subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies, *less* applicable taxes. Include equity in securities gains or losses, extraordinary items, and cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles of bank subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies, *less* applicable taxes. Report a loss in parentheses.

Exclude any dividends declared or paid, which should be reported in line item 1(c)(1).

Line Item 8 Net Income (Loss).

Sum of Items 6, 7(a), 7(b) and 7(c).

Memoranda

Line Item M1 Noncash items included in operating expense.

Report the amount considered by the reporting bank

Schedule PI

holding company to represent noncash expenditures included in the amount reported in Schedule PI, Item 2(e). Such items include depreciation and amortization of intangible assets, but are not limited to these items.

Line Item M2 Loan and lease financing receivables charged-off.

Report the amount of loan and lease financing receivables that the reporting bank holding company has charged-off on the parent company's books.

Line Item M3 Loan and lease financing receivables recoveries.

Report the amount of loan and lease financing receivables that the reporting bank holding company has recovered on the parent company's books.

Line Item M4 Interest expense paid to special-purpose subsidiaries that issued trust preferred securities (included in item 2(d) above).

Report the amount of interest expense as of the year-to-date reporting period that has been paid by the parent bank holding company on parent company notes held by special-purpose subsidiaries that have issued "trust preferred securities." In these transactions, a special-purpose subsidiary (typically, a trust) of the parent company issues preferred securities and lends the proceeds of its issuance to its parent company in exchange for a deeply subordinated intercompany note from the parent company.

NOTE: The amount of interest expense paid to special-purpose subsidiaries that have issued trust preferred securities reported in this item should also be included as part of the total amount reported in Schedule PI, item 2(d), "All other expenses." See the instructions for Schedule PI, item 2(d).

LINE ITEM INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE Cash Flow Statement Schedule PI-A

General Instructions

The purpose of the statement of cash flows is to provide information about the cash receipts and cash payments of the bank holding company on a parent company only basis during the reporting period. For purposes of reporting on Schedule PI-A, the reporting period is calendar year-to-date. The statement of cash flows reflects the cash effects during the reporting period from the parent bank holding companies resulting from operations, investing, and financing. The cash flow statement should be prepared in accordance with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 95, Statement of Cash Flows.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash flows from investing activities include making and collecting loans and acquiring and disposing of debt or equity instruments and property, plant, and equipment. Cash flows from financing activities include obtaining resources from shareholders and providing them with a return on, and a return of, their investment; borrowing money and repaying amounts borrowed, or otherwise settling the obligation; and obtaining and paying for other resources obtained from creditors on long-term credit. Operating activities include all transactions and other events that are not defined as investing or financing activities. Operating activities generally involve producing and delivering goods and providing services. Cash flows from operating activities are generally the cash effects of transactions and other events that enter into the determination of net income.

Negative Entries

Attention should be given to amounts reported on the Cash Flow Statement. For Part I, Cash Flows from Operating Activities, negative entries recorded with a minus (-) sign must be used for:

- (a) Gain on sales of assets;
- (b) Equity in undistributed earnings of subsidiaries;
- (c) Equity in extraordinary items of subsidiaries, when a gain occurs;
- (d) Net change in other liabilities, when other liabilities decrease; and
- (e) Net change in other assets, when other assets increase.

Positive entries must be used for:

- (a) Loss on the sales of assets;
- (b) Equity in undistributed losses of subsidiaries;
- (c) Equity in extraordinary items of subsidiaries, when a loss occurs;
- (d) Net change in other liabilities, when other liabilities increase; and
- (e) Net change in other assets, when other assets decrease.

For Part II, Cash Flows from Investing Activities, use **absolute values** in items 1 through 4. In Item 5, "Other, net," negative entries should be recorded with a minus (-) sign. Items 1 and 3 will be subtracted when the sum is determined for Part II in item 6. For Part III, Cash Flows from Financing Activities, use **absolute values** in items 1 through 11. In Item 12, "Other, net," negative entries should be recorded with a minus (-) sign. Items 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 11 will be subtracted when the sum is determined for Part III, in item 13.

Part I. Cash Flows from Operating Activities.

NOTE: Bank holding companies may carry securities and other assets in a trading account. Cash receipts and cash payments resulting from purchases and sales of securities and other assets shall be classified as operating cash flows if those assets are acquired specifically for

Schedule PI-A

resale and are carried at market value in a trading account. Some loans are similar to securities in a trading account in that they are originated or purchased specifically for resale and are held for short periods of time. Cash receipts and cash payments resulting from acquisitions and sales of loans also shall be classified as operating cash flows if those loans are acquired specifically for resale and are carried at market value or at the lower of cost or market value.

Line Item 1 Net Income (loss).

Report the amount of net income (loss) for the parent bank holding company during the reporting period year-to-date. This amount should be equal to the amount reported on Schedule PI, Line Item 8.

Line Item 2 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities.

Line Item 2(a) Provision for deferred income taxes.

Report the amount of the provision for deferred income taxes for the parent bank holding company during the reporting period.

Line Item 2(b) (Gain) or loss on sales of assets.

Report the amount of the (gain) or loss of the sale of assets by the parent bank holding company during the reporting period. A gain on the sale of assets should be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign. A loss on the sale of assets should be reflected as a positive entry.

Line Item 2(c) Equity in undistributed (earnings) losses of subsidiaries.

Report the amount of the equity in undistributed (earnings) losses of subsidiaries held by the bank holding company during the reporting period. The amount should be reported prior to accounting for equity in extraordinary items of the subsidiaries. Equity in the earnings of subsidiaries should be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign. Equity in the losses of subsidiaries should be reflected as a positive entry.

Line Item 2(d) Equity in extraordinary items of subsidiaries.

Report the amount of the equity in the extraordinary

items of the subsidiaries of the bank holding company during the reporting period. Equity in the extraordinary items of subsidiaries should be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign when a gain occurs. Equity in the extraordinary items of subsidiaries should be reflected as a positive entry when a loss occurs.

Line Item 2(e) Net change in other liabilities.

Report the amount of the net change in the other liabilities of the parent bank holding company. When the net change in liabilities reflects an increase, the entry should be reflected as a positive entry. When the net change reflects a decrease in liabilities, the entry should be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign.

Line Item 2(f) Net change in other assets.

Report the amount of the net change in the other assets of the parent bank holding company that flowed through Schedule PI, Income Statement. When the net change in assets reflects an increase, the entry should be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign. When the net change reflects a decrease in assets, the entry should be reflected as a positive entry.

Line Item 2(g) Other, net.

Report the net amount of cash provided or (paid) by the parent bank holding company from operating activities that are not reported in the Line Items above. When the “net, other” reflects net cash provided, the amount must be reflected as a positive entry. When the “net, other” reflects net cash paid, the amount must be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign.

Line Item 2(h) Total adjustments (sum of items 2(a) through 2(g)).

Report the amount of the total adjustments to net income. The amount is the sum of Part I, items 2(a) through 2(g).

Line Item 3 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (sum of Part I, items 1 and 2(h)).

Report the amount of net cash provided (used) by operating activities by the parent bank holding company. This amount is the sum of Part I, items 1 and 2(h).

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Part II. Cash Flows from Investing Activities.

Line Item 1 Purchases of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities.

Report the amount of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities that were purchased by the parent bank holding company during the reporting period.

Line Item 2 Sales and maturities of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities.

Report the amount of held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities that were sold or matured with principal received by the parent bank holding company during the reporting period.

Line Item 3 Payments for investments in and advances to subsidiaries.

Report the amount of investments in and advances to subsidiaries made by the parent bank holding company to subsidiaries during the reporting period.

Line Item 4 Sale or repayment of investments in and advances to subsidiaries.

Report the amount of investments in and advances to subsidiaries repaid or redeemed by the subsidiaries to the parent bank holding company during the reporting period.

Line Item 5 Other, net.

Report the net amount of cash provided or (paid) by the parent bank holding company from investing transactions that are not properly reflected in items 1 through 4 above. When the “net, other” reflects net cash provided, the amount must be reflected as a positive entry. When the “net, other” reflects net cash paid, the amount must be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign.

Line Item 6 Net cash provided (used) by investing activities (sum of Part II, items 2, 4, and 5 minus items 1 and 3).

Report the amount of net cash provided (used) by investing activities by the parent bank holding company. The amount of net cash provided should be recorded in

parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign. This amount is the sum of Part II, items 2, 4, and 5 minus items 1 and 3.

Part III. Cash Flows from Financing Activities.

Line Item 1 Proceeds from purchased funds and other short-term borrowings.

Report the amount of proceeds received by the parent bank holding company from the issuance of obligations that have a remaining maturity of one year or less during the reporting period. This includes: investment securities sold under agreements to repurchase; commercial paper, program notes, and master notes; and other borrowings with a remaining maturity of one year or less.

Line Item 2 Repayments of purchased funds and other short-term borrowings.

Report the amount of repayments made by the parent bank holding company on obligations that have a remaining maturity of one year or less during the reporting period. This includes: investment securities sold under agreements to repurchase; commercial paper, program notes, and master notes; and other borrowings with a remaining maturity of one year or less.

Line Item 3 Proceeds from advances from subsidiaries.

Report the amount of proceeds from advances or loans from subsidiaries to the parent bank holding company during the reporting period.

Line Item 4 Repayment of advances from subsidiaries.

Report the amount of repayments made by the parent bank holding company on advances or loans from subsidiaries during the reporting period.

Line Item 5 Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt.

Report the amount of proceeds received by the parent bank holding company from the issuance of obligations that have a remaining maturity of more than one year

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during the reporting period. This includes: other borrowed funds; mandatory convertible securities; subordinated notes and debentures; and limited-life preferred stock.

Line Item 6 Repayment of long-term debt.

Report the amount of repayments made by the parent bank holding company on obligations that have a remaining maturity of more than one year during the reporting period. This includes: other borrowed funds; mandatory convertible securities; subordinated notes and debentures; and limited-life preferred stock.

Line Item 7 Proceeds from issuance of common stock.

Report the amount of the proceeds from the issuance of common stock by the parent bank holding company during the reporting period. The amount reported should include any amounts associated with the issuance of common stock that are carried in the surplus account.

Line Item 8 Payment to repurchase common stock

Report the amount of the payments made by the parent bank holding company during the reporting period to repurchase common stock. The amount reported should include any amounts associated with the repurchase of common stock that have been carried in the surplus account.

Line Item 9 Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock.

Report the amount of the proceeds from the issuance of preferred stock by the parent bank holding company during the reporting period. The amount reported should include any amounts associated with the issuance of preferred stock that are carried in the surplus account. Amounts associated with the issuance of limited-life preferred stock should be reported in Line Items 5 and 6 above.

Line Item 10 Payment to repurchase preferred stock.

Report the amount of the payments made by the parent bank holding company during the reporting period to repurchase or redeem preferred stock. Payments made to

repurchase or redeem limited-life preferred stock should be reported under Line Item 12 below.

Line Item 11 Dividends paid.

Report the amount of dividends paid on common and preferred stock by the parent bank holding company. Dividends associated with limited-life preferred stock should be reported under Line Item 12 below.

Line Item 12 Other, net.

Report the net amount of cash provided (used) by financing transactions that are not included in Line Items 1 through 11 above. When the “net, other” reflects net cash provided, the amount must be reflected as a positive entry. When the “net, other” reflects net cash paid, the amount must be reflected as a negative entry and recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign.

Line Item 13 Net cash provided (used) by financing activities (sum of Part III, items 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, and 12 minus items 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 11).

Report the amount of net cash provided (used) by financing activities by the parent bank holding company. The amount of net cash used should be recorded in parentheses rather than with a minus (–) sign. This amount is the sum of Part III, items 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, and 12 minus items 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 11.

Part IV. Cash and cash equivalents.

Line Item 1 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (sum of Part I, item 3, Part II item 6, and Part III, item 13).

Report the amount of the net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents. This amount is the sum of Part I, item 3, Part II, item 6, and Part III, item 13.

Line Item 2 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year.

Report the amount of cash and cash equivalents held at the beginning of the year. For the purpose of reporting, cash includes not only currency on hand but demand deposits with financial institutions. Cash also includes other kinds of accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits in that the customer may deposit

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additional funds at any time and also effectively may withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both: readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Generally, only investments with original maturities of three months or less qualify under this definition. Examples of items generally consid-

ered to be cash equivalents are Treasury bills, commercial paper, money market funds, and federal funds sold.

Line Item 3 Cash and cash equivalents, current year-to-date (sum of Part IV, items 1 through 2).

Report the amount of cash and cash equivalents, current year-to-date. This amount is the sum of Part IV, items 1 and 2.

LINE ITEM INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE

Parent Company Only Financial Statements—Parent Company Only Balance Sheet—Schedule PC

Assets

Line Item 1 Cash and balances due from depository institutions.

Report in the appropriate item below all currency and coin, demand, time and savings balances, and other cash items due from any depository institution. Balances due from depository institutions that are subsidiaries or affiliated institutions should be reported on item 1(a). Balances due from all other (i.e., unrelated, or third party) depository institutions should be reported on item 1(b).

Affiliated depository institutions include those institutions that have a direct or indirect relationship with the reporting parent bank holding company.

Overdrafts should not be reported in this item. Overdrafts with subsidiaries or affiliated companies should be reported under item 18, “Balances due to subsidiaries and related institutions.” Overdrafts with unrelated or third party depository institutions should be reported under item 13(b), “Borrowings with a remaining maturity of one year or less: Other borrowings.”

Line Item 1(a) Balances with subsidiary or affiliated depository institutions.

Report all currency and coin, demand, time and savings balances, and other cash items due from, or held with, subsidiary or affiliated depository institutions.

Line Item 1(b) Balances with unrelated depository institutions.

Report all currency and coin, demand, time and savings balances, and other cash items due from, or held with, unrelated depository institutions.

Line Item 2 Securities.

Report in the appropriate item below the value of all U.S.

Treasury securities, obligations of other U.S. Government agencies and corporations, obligations of States and political subdivisions, bonds, notes, debentures, commercial paper, stock, etc. Exclude investments in subsidiaries and associated companies, which are to be reported in item 5 below.

Securities designated as available-for-sale are to be reported at fair value. Securities designated as held-to-maturity are to be reported at amortized cost. Include the amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts.

Net unrealized holding gains and losses on available-for-sale securities shall be reported in Schedule PC, item 20(e), “Accumulated other comprehensive income.”

The fair value of securities should be determined, to the extent possible, by timely reference to the best available source of current market quotations or other data on relative current value. For example, securities traded on national, regional, or foreign exchanges or on organized over-the-counter markets should be valued at the most recently available quotation in the most active market. Quotations from brokers or others making markets in securities that are neither widely nor actively traded are acceptable if prudently used. Unrated debt securities for which no reliable market price data are available may be valued at cost adjusted for amortization of premium or accretion of discount unless credit problems of the obligor or upward movements in the level of interest rates warrant a lower estimate of current value.

Line Item 2(a) U. S. Treasury securities.

Report the appropriate value (i.e., fair value for U.S. Treasury securities designated as available-for-sale and amortized cost for U.S. Treasury securities designated as held-to-maturity) of all U.S. Treasury securities, including all bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, bonds, and any securities issued under the Separate Trading of

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Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) program.

Exclude all obligations of U.S. Government agencies and corporations (report in item 2(b)) and detached Treasury security coupons and ex-coupon Treasury securities held as the result of either their purchase or the holding company's stripping of such securities and Treasury receipts such as CATs, TIGRs, COUGARs, LIONs, and ETRs (report in item 2(c)).

Line Item 2(b) Securities of U.S. Government agencies and corporations and securities issued by states and political subdivisions.

Report in this item the appropriate value (i.e., fair value or amortized cost) of all securities of U.S. Government agencies and corporations (including U.S. Government-sponsored agencies), other than the U.S. Treasury. Also include all securities issued by states and political subdivisions in the U.S.

For purposes of this item, states and political subdivisions in the U.S. include:

- (1) the fifty States of the United States and the District of Columbia and their counties, municipalities, school districts, irrigation districts, and drainage and sewer districts; and
- (2) the governments of Puerto Rico and of the U.S. territories and possessions and their political subdivisions.

Line Item 2(c) Other debt and equity securities.

Report in this item all debt securities (not reported in item 2(a) or 2(b) above) and all equity securities held by the parent bank holding company with readily determinable fair values.

Exclude all debt and equity investments in subsidiaries and associated companies, which are to be reported in item 5 below. Also, exclude equity securities held by the parent bank holding company that do not have readily determinable fair values, which are to be reported in item 8 below. See the instructions for item 4, Schedule HC-F on the FR Y-9C for further information on equity securities without readily determinable fair values.

Include as debt securities: bonds, notes, and debentures (including equipment trust certificates and collateralized mortgage obligations) and detached U.S. Government

security coupons and ex-coupon U.S. Government securities held as the result of either their purchase or the holding company's stripping of such securities and Treasury receipts such as CATs, TIGRs, COUGARs, LIONs, and ETRs. Also include all holdings of commercial paper.

Debt securities designated as available-for-sale shall be reported at fair value. Debt securities designated as held-to-maturity shall be reported at amortized cost.

Include as equity securities: common stock, perpetual preferred stock, and warrants. All equity securities owned by the parent company shall be carried at fair value and are defined as "available-for-sale" securities in accordance with FASB Statement No. 115.

Line Item 3 Securities purchased under agreements to resell.

Report in this item securities purchased under agreements to resell.

Exclude from this item any securities purchased from direct or indirect subsidiaries of the parent bank holding company under agreements to resell. Such transactions should be reported in item 5 below.

When the subsidiary bank holding company in a multi-tier organization is submitting this report, its transactions with its parent(s) or with subsidiaries of its parent(s) should be *excluded* from this item and reported in item 9 below.

Line Item 4 Loans and lease financing receivables.

Line Item 4(a) Loans.

Report in the appropriate subitems all loans by domicile (U.S. and non-U.S.). Bank holding companies may report these amounts net of any allocated transfer risk reserve.

Loans are extensions of credit resulting from either direct negotiation between the bank holding company itself and its customers or the purchase of such assets from others.

Loans may take the form of promissory notes, acknowledgments of advance, due bills, invoices, overdrafts, commercial paper, acceptances held, factoring account receivables, customers' liability on trade acceptances, and similar written or oral obligations.

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Exclude loans and advances to subsidiaries and associated companies (to be reported in item 5, “Investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies”). Also exclude all holdings of commercial paper, which should be reported in item 2(c) above, and securities purchased under agreements to resell, which are to be reported in item 3 above.

Domicile is used to determine the foreign (non-U.S. addressee) or domestic (U.S. addressee) status of a customer of the reporting parent company of a bank holding company for the purposes of these reports. Domicile is determined by the principal residential address of an individual or the principal business address of a corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship. If other addresses are used for correspondence or other purposes, only the principal address, insofar as it is known to the reporting bank holding company, should be used in determining whether a customer should be regarded as a U.S. or non-U.S. addressee. For purposes of defining customers of the reporting bank holding company, U.S. addressees include residents of the 50 states of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and U.S. territories and possessions. Non-U.S. addressees include residents of any foreign country. The term non-U.S. addressee generally includes foreign-based subsidiaries of other U.S. banks and bank holding companies.

Line Item 4(a)(1) To U.S. addressees (domicile).

Report all loans to U.S. addressees.

Line Item 4(a)(2) To non-U.S. addressees (domicile).

Report all loans to non-U.S. addressees.

Line Item 4(b) LESS: Unearned income on loans.

To the extent possible, the preferred treatment is to report the specific loan categories net of unearned income. The reporting parent company should enter in this item unearned income only to the extent that it is not deducted from items 4(a)(1) and 4(a)(2) above. If the reporting parent company reports each loan item net of unearned income, enter a zero or the word “none.”

Line Item 4(c) Loans, net of unearned income.

Report the sum of items 4(a)(1) and 4(a)(2) less the amount reported in item 4(b).

Line Item 4(d) Lease financing receivables, net of unearned income.

Report the book value of all lease financing receivables, net of unearned income. *Exclude* lease receivables when the lessee is a subsidiary or an associated company; such leases are to be reported in item 5.

A lease is an agreement that transfers the right to use land, buildings, or equipment for a specified period of time. This financing device is essentially an extension of credit evidenced by an obligation between a lessee and a lessor.

Line Item 4(e) LESS: Allowance for loan and lease losses.

Report the allowance for loan and lease losses as determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Line Item 4(f) Loans and leases, net of unearned income and allowance for loan and lease losses.

Report the sum of items 4(c) and 4(d) minus item 4(e).

Line Item 5 Investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies. (From Schedule PC-A, item 4)

Report the amount of the bank holding company’s direct investments in the stock of and all loans and receivables due from *all* subsidiaries (whether consolidated or unconsolidated), associated companies, and those corporate joint ventures over which the reporting bank holding company exercises significant influence (collectively referred to as “investees”). Investees include banks, nonbank companies, and lower-tier bank holding companies.

Include the following in this item:

- (1) the cost of the parent’s holdings of capital stock of subsidiaries and associated companies including any goodwill associated with the acquisitions;
- (2) when the investment is in common stock, the parent’s proportionate share in the earnings or losses (net of preferred dividends) of subsidiaries and associated companies since the date of their acquisition, less common stock dividends declared or paid;
- (3) any advances made to, and other receivables due from, direct and indirect subsidiaries and associated

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companies (including those taking the form of loans and holdings of their bonds and debentures). Investments in the common stock of investees shall be reported using the equity method of accounting in accordance with GAAP. Under the equity method, the carrying value of the bank holding company's investment in the common stock of an investee is originally recorded at cost but is adjusted periodically to record as income the bank holding company's proportionate share of the investee's earnings or losses and decreased by the amount of any cash dividends received from the investee and amortization of goodwill.

The term "subsidiary" is defined by section 2(d) of the Bank Holding Company Act and under Section 225.2 of Federal Reserve Regulation Y, which includes companies 25 percent or more owned or controlled by another company and may include companies less than 25 percent owned, if the Board determined that they are controlled by the bank holding company. However, for purposes of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Bank Holding Companies, a subsidiary is a company in which the parent bank holding company directly or indirectly owns more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting stock.

An associated company is a corporation in which the bank holding company, directly or indirectly, owns 20 to 50 percent of the outstanding voting stock and over which the bank holding company exercises significant influence. This 20 to 50 percent ownership is presumed to carry "significant" influence unless the bank holding company can demonstrate the contrary to the satisfaction of the Federal Reserve.

A corporate joint venture is a corporation owned and operated by a group of companies ("joint venturers"), no one of which has a majority interest, as a separate and specific business or project for the mutual benefit of the joint venturers. Each joint venturer may participate, directly or indirectly, in the management of the joint venture. An entity that is a majority-owned subsidiary of one of the joint venturers is not a corporate joint venture.

The amount reported for this item should equal the sum of Schedule PC-A, items 1(a)(1) through 3(b)(2).

Line Item 6 Premises and fixed assets (including capitalized leases).

Report the book value, less depreciation, of all premises, furniture, fixtures, and equipment purchased directly or acquired by means of a capital lease. *Exclude* real estate owned other than company premises. Such real estate is to be reported in item 8, "Other assets."

Line Item 7 Intangible assets (other than reported in item 5 above).

Report in the appropriate subitem the amount of intangible assets. Include in this item intangible assets that are not properly reported as part of investments in subsidiaries (to be reported in item 5 above). Such intangibles may arise from acquisitions of portions or segments of another institution's business, such as branch offices, mortgage servicing portfolios, and credit card portfolios.

Intangible assets primarily result from business combinations accounted for under the purchase method in accordance with FASB Statement No. 141 that relate to the acquisition of a subsidiary should be reflected in Schedule PC-A.

Purchase acquisition—In a purchase acquisition the assets and liabilities of the acquired business must be recorded on the books of the combined bank holding company at their fair value. The fair value of an asset is generally its market or appraised value and liabilities are generally valued on a present value basis. Therefore, to the extent possible, the cost of the acquisition is allocated to each identifiable asset or liability being acquired or assumed. Identifiable assets may be tangible (such as securities or fixed assets) or intangible (such as service contracts or the estimated value of certain deposit relationships as recognized by the Federal Reserve). Any excess of the cost of the acquisition over the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired or assumed is purchased goodwill.

In a purchase acquisition, the historical equity capital balances of the acquired business are not to be carried forward to the balance sheet of the combined bank holding company. If the reporting holding company has issued any stock in connection with the acquisition, the fair value of the shares issued shall be used in determining the cost of the acquisition unless the net fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed presents a more accurate measure of the value of the transaction. The aggregate par or stated value of perpetual preferred or common shares issued shall be credited to the acquiring holding company's appropriate stock account and

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any excess of fair value over par or stated value of shares issued (reduced by any direct costs of issuing the shares) shall be credited to capital surplus. The operating results of the acquired business are to be included in the income and expenses of the reporting holding company only from the date of acquisition.

Line Item 7(a) Goodwill.

Report the amount (book value) of goodwill that is reported on the balance sheet of the reporting bank holding company and is not part of the investment in subsidiaries and associated companies reported in Schedule PC, item 5 "Investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies." This asset represents the excess of the cost of a company over the sum of the fair values of the tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets acquired less the fair value of liabilities assumed in a business combination accounted for as a purchase.

Line Item 7(b) Mortgage servicing assets.

Report the carrying value of mortgage servicing assets, i.e., the cost of acquiring contracts to service loans secured by real estate that have been securitized or are owned by another party, net of any related valuation allowances. Exclude servicing assets resulting from contracts to service financial assets other than loans secured by real estate. Report nonmortgage servicing assets in item 7(c), "Other identifiable intangibles."

See the Glossary entry for "servicing assets and liabilities" in the FR Y-9C instructions for further information.

Line Item 7(c) Other identifiable intangibles.

Report the amount of other specifically identifiable intangible assets such as core deposit intangibles, and favorable leasehold rights.

For purposes of this item, also include servicing assets other than mortgage servicing assets (report mortgage service assets in line 7(b) above).

Organization costs should not be included in this item but should be expensed as incurred.

Line Item 8 Other assets.

Report income earned, not collected, deferred income taxes (if debit balance), and all other assets not properly reported against items 1 through 7(c) above.

Line Item 9 Balances due from related institutions, other than investments.

Line items 9(a) through 9(c) should be completed only by lower-tier parent bank holding companies.

Report in this item all balances due from institutions related to the reporting parent bank holding company, other than those balances included in item 5 above.

Related institutions, for purposes of this item, consist direct and indirect subsidiaries of the top-tier bank holding company that are not direct or indirect subsidiaries of the reporting (lower-tier) parent bank holding company.

Line Item 9(a) Balances due from related banks.

Report in this item all cash and balances due from related banks (i.e., banks directly or indirectly owned by the top-tier parent bank holding company, excluding those directly or indirectly owned by the reporting lower-tier parent bank holding company). *Exclude* those balances included in item 5 above.

Line Item 9(b) Balances due from related nonbank companies.

Report in this item all cash and balances due from related nonbank companies (i.e., nonbank companies directly or indirectly owned by the top-tier parent bank holding company, excluding those directly or indirectly owned by the reporting lower-tier parent bank holding company). *Exclude* those balances included in item 5 above.

For purposes of this item, when the reporting holding company is a multi-tier organization, related nonbank companies exclude any related bank holding companies of the respondent and the parent company(s) of the respondent, which are to be reported in item 9(c).

Line Item 9(c) Balances due from related bank holding companies.

Report in this item all balances due from subsidiary bank holding companies, other than those balances included in item 5 above.

In addition, when a subsidiary bank holding company is filing this report, this item should include all balances due the respondent from its parent bank holding company or from any bank holding company that is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the top-tier bank holding company.

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Line Item 10 Total Assets.

Sum of Items 1 through 9(c).

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Line Item 11 Deposits.

Report in this item any deposits issued by the bank holding company parent. Such deposits include travelers' checks outstanding that have been issued by the bank holding company parent and any other deposits issued by branches of the bank holding company parent.

Exclude any deposits issued by or held in subsidiaries of the respondent bank holding company parent.

Line Item 12 Securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

Report in this item securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

Exclude from this item any securities sold to direct or indirect subsidiaries of the parent bank holding company under agreements to repurchase. Such transactions should be reported in item 18 below.

When the subsidiary bank holding company in a multi-tier organization is submitting this report, its transactions with its parent(s) or with subsidiaries of its parent(s) should be *excluded* from this item and reported in item 18 below.

Line Item 13 Borrowings with a remaining maturity of one year or less.

Line Item 13(a) Commercial paper.

Report the total amount outstanding of commercial paper issued by the reporting bank holding company to unrelated parties. Commercial paper consists of short-term negotiable promissory notes issued in the United States by commercial businesses, including finance companies and banks. Commercial paper matures in 270 days or less and is not collateralized.

Line Item 13(b) Other borrowed money with a remaining maturity of one year or less.

Report the total amount of money borrowed by the

reporting bank holding company with a remaining maturity of one year or less.

For purposes of this item, remaining maturity is the amount of time remaining from the report date until final contractual maturity of a borrowing without regard to the borrowing's repayment schedule, if any.

Report the total amount of money borrowed with a remaining maturity of one year or less:

- (1) on its promissory notes;
- (2) on notes and bills rediscounted (including commodity drafts rediscounted);
- (3) on loans sold under repurchase agreements that mature in more than one business day;
- (4) by the creation of due bills representing the bank holding company's receipt of payment and similar instruments, whether collateralized or uncollateralized;
- (5) by overdrawing "due from" balances with unrelated depository institutions (borrowing created by overdrawing "due from" balances with related depository institutions should be reported in item 18).
- (6) by selling assets that the reporting bank holding company or its consolidated subsidiaries do not own, i.e. sell short; and
- (7) on any other obligation for the purpose of borrowing money that has a remaining maturity of one year or less and that is not reported elsewhere.

Exclude from this item:

- (1) subordinated notes and debentures (report in Schedule PC, item 16).
- (2) securities sold under agreements to repurchase (report in item 12 above).

Line Item 14 Other borrowed money with a remaining maturity of more than one year.

For purposes of this item, remaining maturity is the amount of time remaining from the report date until final contractual maturity of a borrowing without regard to the borrowing's repayment schedule, if any.

Report the total amount of money borrowed by the reporting bank holding company with a remaining maturity of more than one year:

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- (1) on its promissory notes;
- (2) on notes and bills rediscounted (including commodity drafts rediscounted);
- (3) on mortgages, liens, or other encumbrances on premises and fixed assets and on other real estate owned for which the reporting bank holding company is liable. If the bank holding company is the lessee on capitalized lease property, include the bank holding company's liability for capitalized lease payments;
- (4) on loans sold under repurchase agreements that mature in more than one business day;
- (5) by the creation of due bills representing the bank holding of payment and similar instruments, whether collateralized or uncollateralized;
- (6) by overdrawing "due from" balances with depository institutions (borrowing created by overdrawing "due from" balances with related depository institutions should be reported in item 18).
- (7) by selling assets that the reporting bank holding company does not own; and
- (8) on any other obligation with a remaining maturity of more than one year for the purpose of borrowing money not reported elsewhere.

NOTE: When the parent bank holding company has explicitly or implicitly guaranteed the long-term debt of its Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP), report in this item the dollar amount outstanding of the long-term debt guaranteed.

Exclude from this item:

- (1) securities sold under agreements to repurchase (report in Schedule PC, item 12);
- (2) subordinated notes and debentures (report in Schedule PC, item 16).

Line Item 15 Not applicable.

Line Item 16 Subordinated notes and debentures (includes limited-life preferred stock and related surplus).

Report the amount of subordinated debt of the reporting bank holding company. A subordinated note or debenture is a form of debt issued by a bank holding company

or its subsidiaries. When issued by a bank holding company, a subordinated note or debenture is a form of unsecured long-term debt that is subordinated to other debt of the consolidated bank holding company.

Include in this line item the total amount of outstanding equity contract notes and equity commitment notes that qualify as capital, as defined by the Federal Reserve Board's capital adequacy guidelines, 12 C.F.R., Part 225, Appendix B.

For purposes of this item, also report the amount of any outstanding limited-life preferred stock including any amounts received in excess of its par or stated value. Limited-life preferred stock is preferred stock that has a stated maturity date or that can be redeemed at the option of the holder. It excludes those issues of preferred stock that automatically convert into perpetual preferred stock or common stock at a stated date.

For purposes of this report, *do not* include instruments generally referred to as trust preferred securities that were issued out of special purpose entities. Such instruments should be reported in item 18 below, generally in item 18(b), "Balances due to nonbank subsidiaries."

Line Item 17 Other liabilities.

Report expenses accrued and unpaid, deferred income taxes (if credit balance), and all other liabilities that cannot properly be reported in Schedule PC, items 11 through 16.

Line Item 18 Balances due to subsidiaries and related institutions.

Report in this item all balances due to institutions related to the parent bank holding company, including short- and long-term borrowings, accrued interest payable, taxes payable, and any other liabilities due to related institutions.

Related institutions, for purposes of this item, consist of direct and indirect subsidiaries of the reporting parent bank holding company, both bank and nonbank. Where the bank holding company is a multi-tier organization, "related institutions" include subsidiary bank holding companies and their direct and indirect subsidiaries.

When a subsidiary bank holding company is filing this report, this item should include all balances due to its parent company(s) and the parent's direct and indirect

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subsidiaries as well as balances due to the respondent's direct and indirect subsidiaries.

Line Item 18(a) Balances due to subsidiary banks.

Report in this item all balances due to a bank that is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the top-tier parent bank holding company. *Exclude* balances due to related nonbank depository institutions, which are to be reported in item 18(b).

Line Item 18(b) Balances due to nonbank subsidiaries.

Report in this item all balances due to nonbank subsidiaries that are directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the reporting parent bank holding company. In addition, for purposes of this report, include in this item instruments generally referred to as trust preferred securities that were issued out of special purpose entities whereby the proceeds from the issuance are lent to the reporting parent company.

For purposes of this item, when the reporting holding company is a multi-tier organization, nonbank subsidiaries *exclude* any subsidiary bank holding companies of the respondent and the parent company(s) of the respondent, which are to be reported in item 18(c).

When the reporting bank holding company is a top-tier bank holding company, this item should include only those transactions made directly by the reporting parent company with direct or indirect nonbank subsidiaries. When the reporting bank holding company is a lower-tier bank holding company, this item should include all balances due to related nonbank subsidiaries, i.e., balances due to nonbank subsidiaries directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the top-tier bank holding company.

Balances due to subsidiary bank holding companies are to be reported in item 18(c).

Line Item 18(c) Balances due to related bank holding companies.

This item is to be reported only by tiered bank holding companies. Report in this item all balances due to subsidiary bank holding companies.

In addition, when a subsidiary bank holding company is filing this report, this item should include all balances due to its parent bank holding company or to any bank

holding company that is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the top-tier bank holding company.

Line Item 19 Not applicable.

Line Item 20 Equity capital.

Line Item 20(a) Perpetual preferred stock (including related surplus).

Report the aggregate par or stated value of outstanding perpetual preferred stock plus any amounts received in excess of its par or stated value. Perpetual preferred stock is preferred stock that does not have a stated maturity date or that cannot be redeemed at the option of the holder. It includes those issues of preferred stock that automatically convert into common stock at a stated date.

Line Item 20(b) Common stock (par value).

Report the aggregate par or stated value of common stock issued.

Line Item 20(c) Surplus (exclude all surplus related to preferred stock).

Report the net amount formally transferred to the surplus account, including capital contributions, and any amount received for common stock in excess of its par or stated value on or before the report date.

Do not include any portion of the proceeds received from the sale of limited-life preferred stock in excess of its par or stated value (report in Schedule PC, item 16) or from the sale of perpetual preferred stock in excess of its par or stated value (report in Schedule PC, item 20(a)).

Line Item 20(d) Retained earnings.

Report the amount of retained earnings

Line Item 20(e) Accumulated other comprehensive income.

Report in this item the amount of other comprehensive income in conformity with the requirements of FASB Statement No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income. Accumulated other comprehensive income includes net unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, accumulated net gains (losses) on cash flow

Schedule PC

hedges, foreign currency translation adjustments, and minimum pension liability adjustments. Net unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities is the difference between the amortized cost and fair value of the reporting bank holding company and its consolidated subsidiaries' available-for-sale securities, net of tax effects, as of the report date.

Also include in this item the unamortized amount of the unrealized holding gain or loss at the date of transfer of any debt security transferred into the held-to-maturity category from the available-for-sale category. See the instructions for this item on Schedule HC of the FR Y-9C for further information.

Line Item 20(f) Other equity capital components.

Report in this item all other equity capital components including the total carrying value (at cost) of treasury stock and unearned Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) shares as of the report date.

NOTE: When the reporting bank holding company has included in item 14 above the ESOP's long-term debt that it has explicitly or implicitly guaranteed, include in this item the dollar amount of the offsetting debit to the liability recorded by the reporting bank holding company in connection with that debt. The amount of unearned ESOP shares should be reduced as the debt is amortized. Report a total net debit balance for this line item in parenthesis.

Line Item 20(g) Not applicable.

Line Item 20(h) Total Equity Capital.

Report the sum of items 20(a) through 20(f).

Line Item 21 Total Liabilities and equity capital.

Report the sum of items 11 through 20(f).

LINE ITEM INSTRUCTIONS FOR

Investments in Subsidiaries and Associated Companies

Schedule PC-A

Line Item 1(a) Equity investments in bank subsidiaries and associated banks.

Report in items 1(a)(1) and 1(a)(2)(a) and 1(a)(2)(b) the reporting bank holding company's equity investment in banks (as defined in the Bank Holding Company Act), in Edge Act and Agreement subsidiaries, and, for purposes of this report, industrial banks that file the commercial bank Reports of Condition and Income with the federal banking agencies. The reporting bank holding company should account for investments in common stock of bank subsidiaries and associated banks by the equity method. (For further guidance refer to APB Opinion No. 18.)

Line Item 1(a)(1) Common and preferred stock.

The amount reported should include (1) the cost of the reporting bank holding company's holdings of capital stock (including related surplus) in bank subsidiaries and associated banks exclusive of any intangibles (including goodwill) applicable to common stock investments that are reported in item 1(a)(2); and (2) in the case of common stock investments, the reporting bank holding company's proportional share in their earnings and losses (net of declared or cumulative preferred dividends of an investee) since the date of their acquisition, less accumulated goodwill amortization and any common stock dividends declared or paid. Also add or deduct the cumulative amount of any adjustments since date of acquisition resulting from differences between the fair value and historical cost of the investee's net assets.

This item includes any other equity elements including the net unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities that are recorded by the bank subsidiaries and associated banks and reported in Schedule PC, item 5, "investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies."

Line item 1(a)(2) Intangible assets.

Line Item 1(a)(2)(a) Goodwill.

Report the amount of goodwill associated with the acquisition of subsidiary banks and associated banks that has not been "pushed down" to the books of the subsidiary banks and associated banks for financial reporting purposes. This asset represents the excess of the cost of the bank subsidiaries over the sum of the fair values of the tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets acquired less the fair value of liabilities assumed in a business combination involving a bank and accounted for as a purchase.

For purposes of this schedule, any goodwill that has not been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary banks and associated banks, and is included in the investment in subsidiary account on the parent's books, should be reported in this item. Any goodwill that has been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary banks and associated banks should not be reported separately in this item. The amount pushed down would be included as part of the investment in subsidiary as reported in line item 1(a)(1), "Common and preferred stock."

Line Item 1(a)(2)(b) Other identifiable intangibles.

Report the amount of other specifically identifiable intangible assets related to the acquisition of subsidiary banks and associated banks, such as core deposit intangibles, and favorable leasehold rights that have not been "pushed down" to the books of the subsidiary banks and associated banks.

Organization costs should not be included in this item but should be expensed as incurred.

For purposes of this schedule, other identifiable intangible assets that have not been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary banks and associated banks, and are included in the investment in subsidiary account on the parent's books, should be reported in this item. Any

Schedule PC-A

other identifiable intangible assets that have been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary banks and associated banks should not be reported separately in this item. The amount pushed down would be included as part of the investment in subsidiary as reported in line item 1(a)(1), “Common and preferred stock.”

Line Item 1(b) Nonequity investments in and receivables due from bank subsidiaries and associated banks.

Report in items 1(b)(1) and 1(b)(2) the reporting bank holding company’s nonequity investments in and receivables due from subsidiary banks and associated banks.

Line Item 1(b)(1) Loans, advances, notes, bonds, and debentures.

Report all assets of the reporting bank holding company (including loans, advances, notes, bonds, and debentures) that represent extensions of credit to directly and indirectly held bank subsidiaries and associated banks and investments in debt instruments issued by bank subsidiaries and associated banks.

Line Item 1(b)(2) Other receivables.

Report all other assets that represent claims of the reporting bank holding company on subsidiary banks and associated banks that cannot be properly reported in item 1(b)(1).

Line Item 2(a) Equity investments in nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Report the reporting bank holding company’s direct investments in directly or indirectly held nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies according to the appropriate captions below. Exclude banks (as defined in the Bank Holding Company Act), Edge Act and “Agreement” subsidiaries, and, for purposes of this report, industrial banks that file the commercial bank Reports of Condition and Income with the federal banking agencies. The reporting bank holding company should account for investments in the common stock of such nonbank companies by the equity method. (For further guidance refer to APB Opinion No. 18.)

Line Item 2(a)(1) Common and preferred stock.

The amount reported should include (1) the cost of the reporting bank holding company’s holdings of capital

stock (including related surplus) in nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies exclusive of any intangibles (including goodwill) applicable to common stock investments reported in item 2(a)(2); and (2) in the case of common stock investments, the reporting bank holding company’s proportional share in their earnings and losses (net of declared or cumulative preferred dividends of an investee) since the date of the acquisition, less any accumulated goodwill amortization and any common stock dividends declared or paid.

This item includes any other equity elements including the net unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities that are recorded by the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies and reported in Schedule PC, item 5, “investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies.”

Line Item 2(a)(2) Intangible assets.

Line Item 2(a)(2)(a) Goodwill.

Report the amount of goodwill associated with the acquisition of nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies that has not been “pushed down” to the books of the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies for financial reporting purposes. This asset represents the excess of the cost of the nonbank subsidiaries over the sum of the fair values of the tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets acquired less the fair value of liabilities assumed in a business combination involving nonbanks accounted for as a purchase.

For purposes of this schedule, any goodwill that has not been pushed down to the books of the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies, and is included in the investment in subsidiary account on the parent’s books, should be reported in this item. Any goodwill that has been pushed down to the books of the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies should not be reported separately in this item. The amount pushed down would be included as part of the investment in subsidiary as reported in line item 2(a)(1), “Common and preferred stock.”

Line Item 2(a)(2)(b) Other identifiable intangibles.

Report the amount of other specifically identifiable intangible assets related to the acquisition of nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies, such as core deposit intangibles and favorable leasehold rights that

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have not been “pushed down” to the books of the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Organization costs should not be included in this item but should be expensed as incurred.

For purposes of this schedule, any other identifiable assets that have not been pushed down to the books of the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies, and are included in the investment in subsidiary account on the parent’s books, should be reported in this item. Any other identifiable assets that have been pushed down to the books of the nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies should not be reported separately in this item. The amount pushed down would be included as part of the investment in subsidiary as reported in line item 2(a)(1), “Common and preferred stock.”

Line Item 2(b) Nonequity investments in and receivables due from nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Report in Items 2(b)(1) and 2(b)(2) the reporting bank holding company’s nonequity investment in and receivables due from directly and indirectly held nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Line Item 2(b)(1) Loans, advances, notes, bonds, and debentures.

Report all assets of the reporting bank holding company (including loans, advances, notes, bonds and debentures) that represent extensions of credit to, and holdings of debt instruments issued by, directly and indirectly held nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies.

Line Item 2(b)(2) Other receivables.

Report all other assets that represent claims of the reporting bank holding company on directly and indirectly held nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies that cannot be properly reported in item 2(b)(1).

Line Item 3 This item is to be completed only by tiered bank holding companies.

Line Item 3(a) Equity investments in subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Report in items 3(a)(1) and 3(a)(2)(a) and 3(a)(2)(b) the

reporting bank holding company’s direct equity investment in directly or indirectly held subsidiary bank holding companies (as defined in the Bank Holding Company Act). The reporting bank holding company should account for investments in common stock of subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies by the equity method. (For further guidance refer to APB Opinion No. 18.)

Line Item 3(a)(1) Common and preferred stock.

The amount reported should include (1) the cost of the reporting bank holding company’s holdings of capital stock in subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies exclusive of any intangibles, including goodwill, applicable to common stock investments that is reported in item 3(a)(2); and (2) in the case of common stock investments, the reporting bank holding company’s proportional share in their earnings and losses (net of declared or cumulative preferred dividends of an investee) since the date of their acquisition, less accumulated goodwill amortization and any common stock dividends declared or paid.

This item includes any other equity elements including the net unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities that are recorded by the subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies and reported in Schedule PC, item 5, “investments in and receivables due from subsidiaries and associated companies.”

Line Item 3(a)(2) Intangible assets.

Line Item 3(a)(2)(a) Goodwill.

Report the amount of goodwill associated with the acquisition of subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies that has not been “pushed down” to the books of the subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies for financial reporting purposes. This asset represents the excess of the cost of the subsidiary bank holding companies over the sum of the fair values of the tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets acquired less the fair value of liabilities assumed in a business combination accounted for as a purchase.

For purposes of this schedule, any goodwill that has not been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary bank

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holding companies and associated bank holding companies, and is included in the investment in subsidiary account on the parent's books, should be reported in this item. Any goodwill that has been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary bank holding company and associated bank holding companies should not be reported separately in this item. The amount pushed down would be included as part of the investment in subsidiary as reported in line item 3(a)(1), "Common and preferred stock."

Line Item 3(a)(2)(b) Other identifiable intangibles.

Report the amount of other specifically identifiable intangible assets related to the acquisition of directly or indirectly held subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies such as core deposit intangibles, and favorable leasehold rights that have not been "pushed down" to the books of the subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Organization costs should not be included in this item but should be expensed as incurred.

For purposes of this schedule, any other identifiable assets that have not been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies, and are included in the investment in subsidiary account on the parent's books, should be reported in this item. Any other identifiable assets that have been pushed down to the books of the subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies should not be reported separately in this item. The amount pushed down would be included as part of the investment in subsidiary as reported in line item 3(a)(1), "Common and preferred stock."

Line Item 3(b) Nonequity investments in and receivables due from subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Report in items 3(b)(1) and 3(b)(2) the reporting bank holding company's nonequity investments in and receivables due from directly or indirectly held subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Line Item 3(b)(1) Loans, advances, notes, bonds, and debentures.

Report all assets of the reporting bank holding company (including loans, advances, notes, bonds, and debentures) that represent extensions of credit to directly or indirectly held subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies and investments in debt instruments issued by directly or indirectly held subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies.

Line Item 3(b)(2) Other receivables.

Report all other assets that represent claims of the reporting bank holding company on subsidiary bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies that cannot be properly reported in item 3(b)(1).

Line Item 4 Total.

Report the sum of items 1(a)(1), 1(a)(2), 1(b)(1), 1(b)(2), 2(a)(1), 2(a)(2), 2(b)(1), and 2(b)(2) and if applicable 3(a)(1), 3(a)(2), 3(b)(1), and 3(b)(2). This amount should equal the amount reported in Item 5 of Schedule PC, Parent Company Only Balance Sheet.

LINE ITEM INSTRUCTIONS FOR

Memoranda

Schedule PC-B

Line Item 1 Amount of assets scheduled to mature within one year.

Report the amount of assets of the parent bank holding company that will be realized in cash, sold or consumed within one year. (This item is equivalent to current assets and includes cash.) Include in this item the assets that have an original maturity of one year or more if they are scheduled to mature in less than or equal to one year. In addition, include contractual payments scheduled to be repaid in one year or less, even when the remaining maturity of the asset is more than a year.

Line Item 2 Amount of borrowings included in Schedule PC, items 16 and 18 that is scheduled to mature within one year.

Report all debt issued by the consolidated bank holding company and reported in Schedule PC, item 16, "Subordinated notes and debentures," and items 18(a), 18(b), and 18(c), "Balances due to subsidiaries and related institutions" that are scheduled to mature within one year, regardless whether the debt has fixed or floating rates. Include serial sinking fund payments due within one year and the current portion of any intermediate or long-term debt due to be amortized within one year of the date of the balance sheet.

Exclude limited-life preferred stock reported in Schedule PC, item 16, "Subordinated notes and debentures."

Line Item 3 Amount of liabilities (other than borrowings) scheduled to mature within one year.

Report in this item the amount of liabilities (other than borrowings that are included in Schedule PC, items 16 and 18) that is scheduled to mature within one year.

Include contractual payments scheduled to be repaid in less than or equal to one year, even when the remaining maturity of the liability is over a year.

This item should include all balances due to related institutions (excluding borrowings from such institutions) that are scheduled to mature in less than or equal to one year.

Exclude all borrowings, including those with a remaining maturity of one year or less, and exclude limited-life preferred stock reported in Schedule PC, item 16, "Subordinated notes and debentures."

Line Item 4 Amount of borrowings from unaffiliated parties guaranteed by the parent with respect to the following subsidiaries.

Report in the appropriate subitem below the amount of borrowings of subsidiaries from unaffiliated parties: (1) that have been guaranteed by the respondent parent bank holding company; (2) that involve sales of assets by the subsidiaries where the parent bank holding company has indemnified the transfer of the assets by the subsidiaries to third parties; (3) or any other borrowing by the bank holding company subsidiaries where the parent bank holding company would be required to assume any risk of loss in the event that its subsidiaries failed to pay their obligations.

Lower-tier bank holding companies should report the amount of borrowing from unaffiliated parties that they have guaranteed with respect to their subsidiaries.

Line Item 4(a) Bank.

Report the amount of borrowings of subsidiary banks and associated banks that have been guaranteed (as described above) by the reporting bank holding company.

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Line Item 4(b) Nonbank.

Report the amount of borrowings of subsidiary nonbank companies that have been guaranteed (as described above) by the reporting bank holding company.

Line Item 4(c) Related bank holding companies (report only if a tiered bank holding company organization is reporting).

Report the amount of borrowings of subsidiary bank holding companies that have been guaranteed (as described above) by the reporting bank holding company.

Related bank holding companies, for purposes of reporting this item, include any bank holding company that is 25 percent or more owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the top-tier bank holding company owning or controlling the holding company submitting this FR Y-9LP.

Line Item 5 Borrowings by the parent from subsidiaries and associated companies (included in Schedule PC, item 18).

Report in the appropriate subheading below the amount of outstanding borrowings by the reporting parent bank holding company from its subsidiaries and associated companies, including holdings of debt instruments issued by the parent (included in item 18).

Line Item 5(a) Bank.

Report the amount of borrowings of the parent bank holding company from subsidiary banks and associated banks, Edge Act and Agreement subsidiaries, and, for purposes of this report, industrial banks that file the commercial bank Reports of Condition and Income with the federal banking agencies. The amount reported should include the bank subsidiary's holding of debt instruments issued by the reporting parent bank holding company.

Line Item 5(b) Nonbank.

Report the amount of borrowings of the parent company from nonbank subsidiaries and associated nonbank companies (exclude banks as defined in the Act, Edge Act and Agreement subsidiaries, and, for purposes of this report, industrial banks that file the commercial bank Reports of Condition and Income with the federal banking agencies). The amount reported should include the

nonbank subsidiary's holding of debt instruments issued by the reporting parent bank holding company. Also include notes payable to special purpose entities (SPEs) that issue trust preferred stock.

Line Item 5(c) Related bank holding companies (report only if a tiered bank holding company organization is reporting).

Report the amount of borrowings of the reporting parent bank holding company from related bank holding companies and associated bank holding companies. The amount reported should include the related bank holding companies holding of debt instruments issued by the reporting parent bank holding company.

Related bank holding companies, for purposes of reporting this item, include any bank holding company that is 25 percent or more owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the top-tier bank holding company owning or controlling the holding company submitting this FR Y-9LP.

Line Item 6 Long-term debt that reprices within one year.

Report debt issued by the holding company (including amounts of debt issued by the parent bank holding company and held by a related institution) that has a remaining maturity of more than one year but has a *repricing frequency* of less than a year.

Include as long-term debt:

- (1) Other borrowed money with a remaining maturity of more than one year, excluding mortgage indebtedness and obligations under capitalized leases (Schedule PC, item 14);
- (2) Mandatory convertible securities (included in Schedule PC, item 16); and
- (3) Subordinated notes and debentures (Schedule PC, item 16).

However, a bank holding company may choose to continue to report their floating rate long-term debt by earliest repricing opportunity if its records provide repricing data on the length of time between the report date and the date the rate can next change and provided that the consolidated bank holding company reports in the same manner. In addition, holding companies also may choose to report their long-term debt that can be repaid in more than one payment on the basis of their

Schedule PC-B

scheduled contractual payments if the consolidated holding company reports in the same manner. Holding companies continuing to report their floating rate debt by earliest repricing opportunity and their multipayment debt on the basis of contractual payments should report in this item:

- (1) the dollar amount of floating or variable rate long-term debt that can be repriced in less than one year even if few, if any, of the contractual payments are scheduled to be repaid within one year. If the multipayment debt has some contractual payments scheduled to be repaid within one year, but cannot be repriced for one year or more, include the dollar amount of the contractual payments to be repaid within one year.
- (2) the dollar amount of the schedule contractual payments that are to be repaid in less than one year if the long-term debt has fixed or predetermined rates.

Exclude from this item commercial paper and other borrowings that had a remaining maturity of one year or less (Schedule PC, items 13(a) and 13(b)), and exclude limited-life preferred stock reported in Schedule PC, item 16, “Subordinated notes and debentures.”

Definitions for Item 6

A *fixed interest rate* is a rate that is specified at the origination of the transaction, is fixed and invariable during the term of the instrument, and is known to both the borrower and the lender.

A *predetermined interest rate* is a rate that changes during the term of the instrument on a predetermined basis, with the exact rate of interest over the life of the instrument known with certainty to both the borrower and the lender when the instrument is acquired. Examples of predetermined-rate transactions are:

- (1) Instruments that carry a specified interest rate, for, say, six months and thereafter carry a rate equal to a specific percentage over the initial rate.
- (2) Instruments that carry a specified interest rate while the transaction amount is below a certain threshold amount but carry a different specified rate above that threshold (e.g., a line of credit where the interest rate is 14% when the unpaid balance of amounts advanced is \$100,000 or less, and 12% when the unpaid balance is more than \$100,000).

A *floating or adjustable interest rate* is a rate that varies, or can vary, in relation to an index, to some other interest rate such as the rate on certain U.S. Government securities or the bank’s “prime rate” or to some other variable criterion the exact value of which cannot be known in advance. Therefore, the exact rate the instrument carries at any subsequent time cannot be known at the time of origination. If the interest rate can float or be adjusted daily, the rate is considered immediately adjustable, even if the rate is not, in fact, changed.

For purposes of this item, when the rate on an instrument with a floating or adjustable rate can no longer float because it has reached a floor or ceiling level, the instrument is to be treated as “fixed rate” rather than as “floating rate” until the rate is again free to float.

Remaining maturity is the amount of time remaining from the report date until the final contractual maturity of the instrument *without regard to the instrument’s repayment schedule, if any.*

Repricing frequency is how often the contract permits the interest rate on an instrument to be changed (e.g., daily, monthly, quarterly, semiannually, annually) without regard to the length of time between the report date and the date the rate can next change.

Line Item 7 Loans and lease financing receivables of the parent.

Report in the appropriate subitem the total amount of the parent bank holding company’s assets, including those in the form of loans, lease financing receivables, and placements, that are past due 90 days or more and still accruing (item 7(a)) or in nonaccrual status (item 7(b)). Include in this item the dollar amount of assets that have been restructured, but are no longer in compliance with the restructured terms and are now past due or in nonaccrual status.

Line Item 7(a) Past due 90 days or more and still accruing.

Line Item 7(b) Nonaccrual status.

Report on a bank holding company parent company only basis assets, including loans, lease financing receivables, and placements, that are past due or are in nonaccrual status. Loan amounts should be reported net of unearned income to the extent that the same categories of loans are reported net of unearned income in Schedule PC. Report

Schedule PC-B

the full outstanding balances of past due and nonaccrual assets, as reported for the purposes of Schedule PC-B, not simply the delinquent payments.

Definitions for Item 7

Past due—For purposes of this item, grace periods allowed by the bank holding company after an asset technically has become past due but before the imposition of late charges are not to be taken into account in determining past due status. Assets (including loans, lease financing receivables, and placements) are to be reported in this item when either the interest or principal is due and unpaid 90 days or more and still accruing.

Furthermore, loans and lease financing receivables are to be reported as past due when either interest or principal is unpaid in the following circumstances:

- (1) Closed-end monthly installment loans are to be reported as past due when the borrower is in arrears (At a bank holding company's option, loans and leases with payments scheduled monthly may be reported as past due when one scheduled payment is due and unpaid for 30 days or more.) Other multi-payment obligations with payments scheduled other than monthly are to be reported as past due when one scheduled payment is due and unpaid for 30 days or more.
- (2) Open-end credit such as charge-card plans, check credit, and other revolving credit plans are to be reported as past due when the customer has not made the minimum payment for two or more billing cycles.
- (3) Amortizing loans secured by real estate are to be reported as past due when the borrower is in arrears two or more monthly payments. (Bank holding company may use 30 days as a proxy for a month if they prefer.) Such obligations with payments scheduled other than monthly are to be reported as past due when one scheduled payment is due and unpaid for 30 days or more.
- (4) Single payment and demand notes providing for the payment of interest at stated intervals are to be reported as past due after one interest payment is due and unpaid for 30 days or more.
- (5) Single payment notes providing for the payment of interest at maturity are to be reported as past due

after maturity if interest or principal remains unpaid for 30 days or more.

- (6) Unplanned overdrafts are to be reported as past due if the account remains continuously overdrawn for 30 days or more.

For purposes of this item, a full payment in computing past due status for consumer installment loans (both closed-end and open-end) is defined to include a partial payment equivalent to 90 percent or more of the contractual payment.

NOTE: The time period used for reporting past due status as indicated above may not in all instances conform to those utilized by the Federal Reserve in bank holding company examinations.

Nonaccrual—For purposes of this item, assets (including loans, lease financing receivables, and placements) are to be reported as being in nonaccrual status if: (a) they are maintained on a cash basis because of deterioration in the financial position of the borrower, (b) payment in full of interest or principal is not expected, or (c) principal or interest has been in default for a period of 90 days or more unless the obligation is both well secured and in the process of collection.

A debt is "well secured" if it is secured (1) by collateral in the form of liens on or pledges of real or personal property, including securities, that have a realizable value sufficient to discharge the debt (including accrued interest) in full, or (2) by the guaranty of a financially responsible party. A debt is "in the process of collection" if collection of the debt is proceeding in due course either through legal action, including judgment enforcement procedures, or, in appropriate circumstances, through collection efforts not involving legal action which are reasonably expected to result in repayment of the debt or in its restoration to a current status.

NOTE: Loans to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures and loans secured by 1–4 family residential properties on which principal or interest is due and unpaid for 90 days or more are not required to be reported as nonaccrual loans. Nevertheless, such loans should be subject to other alternative methods of evaluation to assure that the bank holding company's net income is not materially overstated. To the extent that the bank holding company has elected to carry any loans in nonaccrual status on its books, such loans must be reported as nonaccrual in this schedule.

Schedule PC-B

Line Item 8 Loans and leases of the parent restructured and in compliance with modified terms.

Report on a bank holding company parent company only basis all loans and lease financing receivables that have been restructured because of a deterioration in the financial position of the obligor but, as of the report date, are in compliance with the modified terms. Loan amounts should be reported net of unearned income to the extent that the same categories of loans are reported net of unearned income in Schedule PC above.

Definition for Item 8

Restructured loans and leases—For purposes of this report, restructured loans and leases (i.e., renegotiated debt) includes those loans and lease financing receivables that have been restructured or renegotiated to provide a reduction of either interest or principal because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower. A loan extended or renewed at a stated interest rate equal to the current interest rate for new debt with similar risk is not considered restructured debt.

Include in memoranda item 8 only those restructured loans and leases that are in compliance with the modified terms of the renegotiation. If such loans and leases are past due or in nonaccrual status, they are to be excluded from memoranda item 8 and reported in memoranda items 7(a) and 7(b) above.

Exclude all loans to individuals for household, family, and other personal expenditures, and all loans secured by 1–4 family residential properties.

For further information, see Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 15, “Accounting by Debtors and Creditors for Troubled Debt Restructurings” (FASB 15).

Line Item 9 Not applicable.

Line Item 10 Pledged securities.

Report the amortized cost of all held-to-maturity securities and the fair value of all available-for-sale securities held by the reporting bank holding company (parent company only) that are pledged to secure deposits, repurchase transactions, or other borrowings (regardless of the balance of liabilities against which the securities are

pledged), such as performance bonds on futures or forward contracts, or for any other purpose.

Line Item 11(a) Fair value of securities classified as available-for-sale in Schedule PC, item 2(a) through 2(c).

Report in this item the fair value of all securities included in Schedule PC, item 2(a) through 2(c), “Securities,” that have been designated as available-for-sale. The fair value (market value) of securities should be determined, to the extent possible, by timely reference to the best available source of current market quotations or other data on relative current value. For example, securities traded on national, regional, or foreign exchanges, or on organized over-the-counter markets should be valued at the most recently available quotation in the most active market. Quotations from brokers or others making markets in securities that are neither widely nor actively traded are acceptable if prudently used. Unrated debt securities for which no reliable market price data are available may be valued at cost adjusted for amortization of premium or accretion of discount unless credit problems of the obligor or upward movements in the level of interest rates warrant a lower estimate of current value. Equity securities that do not have readily determinable fair values shall be reported at historical cost. (NOTE: The sum of items 11(a) and 11(b) must equal the sum of Schedule PC, item 2(a) through 2(c)).

Line Item 11(b) Amortized cost of securities classified as held-to-maturity in Schedule PC, item 2(a) through 2(c).

Report the amortized cost of securities classified as held-to-maturity in Schedule PC, item 2(a) through 2(c). (NOTE: The sum of items 11(a) and 11(b) must equal the sum of Schedule PC, item 2(a) through 2(c)).

Line Item 12 Balances held by subsidiary banks of the bank holding company due from other bank subsidiaries of the bank holding company or due from nonbank subsidiaries of the bank holding company.

Report in item 12(a) all balances (that is, balances due from, securities, federal funds sold, securities purchased under agreements to resell, loans, or any other assets) that are booked as assets on the books of a subsidiary bank of the bank holding company that are due from a

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bank that is a direct or indirect subsidiary of the top tier parent bank holding company.

Report in item 12(b) all balances (that is, balances due from, securities, federal funds sold, securities purchased under agreements to resell, loans, or any other assets) that are booked as assets on the books of a subsidiary bank of the bank holding company that are due from direct or indirect nonbank subsidiaries of the top-tier parent bank holding company.

Lower-tiered bank holding companies should report in item 12(a) balances held by subsidiary banks of the lower-tier bank holding company that are due from other subsidiary banks of the lower-tier holding company or are due from related banks that are direct or indirect subsidiaries of the top-tier bank holding company.

Lower-tier bank holding companies should report in item 12(b) balances held by bank subsidiaries of the lower-tier holding company due from related nonbank subsidiaries that are direct or indirect subsidiaries of the top-tier holding company.

Exclude balances of foreign bank subsidiaries if they are consolidated on the domestic bank subsidiary's commercial Reports of Condition and Income (FFIEC 031).

Line Item 13 Balances held by subsidiary banks of the bank holding company due to other bank subsidiaries of the bank holding company or due to nonbank subsidiaries of the bank holding company.

Report in item 13(a) liabilities (that is, deposits, federal funds purchased, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, borrowings, or other liabilities) that are on the books of the subsidiary bank of the bank holding company that are due to a bank that is a direct or indirect subsidiary of the top-tier parent bank holding company.

Lower-tiered bank holding companies should report in item 13(a) balances held by subsidiary banks of the lower-tier bank holding company that are due to other subsidiary banks of the lower-tier holding company or are due to related banks that are direct or indirect subsidiaries of the top-tier bank holding company.

Lower-tier bank holding companies should report in item 13(b) balances held by bank subsidiaries of the lower-tier holding company due to related nonbank the top-tier holding company.

Report in item 13(b) all liabilities (that is, deposits, federal funds purchased, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, borrowings, or other liabilities) that are on the books of a subsidiary bank of the bank holding company that are due to direct or indirect nonbank subsidiaries of the top tier parent bank holding company.

Line Item 14 Bank holding company (parent company only) borrowings not held by financial institutions or by insiders (including directors) and their interests.

Report the amount of all borrowings (parent company only) that are reported in Schedule PC, liability items 13 through 16 that are not held by financial institutions or by the bank holding company's officers, directors, or shareholders and their related interests. For reporting purposes, a related interest is a company in which an officer, director, or shareholder controls 25 percent or more of its stock. Do not report borrowings that are held by former shareholders of the bank holding company in this item.

Exclude limited-life preferred stock reported in Schedule PC, item 16, "Subordinated notes and debentures."

Line Item 15 To be completed only by the top-tier bank holding company for its consolidated nonbank and thrift subsidiaries.

This item is to be completed only by the financial top-tier parent bank holding company that files the FR Y-9C. Lower-tier bank holding companies that file this report (FR Y-9LP) should leave items 15(a) through 15(h) blank.

If the top-tier parent bank holding company is an ESOP, then the lower-tier parent bank holding company should report in memorandum items 15(a) through 15(h). The top-tier ESOP bank holding company should leave memorandum items 15(a) through 15(h) blank.

The term "**subsidiary**," is defined by Section 225.2 of Federal Reserve Regulation Y, which generally includes companies 25 percent or more owned or controlled by another company. **However, for purposes of this reporting item, the term "subsidiary" includes only companies in which the bank holding company directly or indirectly owns or controls more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting stock, and these**

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companies have been consolidated using generally accepted accounting principles for purposes of financial reporting in the FR Y-9C.

Nonbank subsidiaries, for purposes of reporting these items, include but are not limited to: securities brokerage and underwriting firms (including Section 20 subsidiaries); federal savings associations, federal savings banks and thrift institutions (including any thrift institution filing the Thrift Financial Report); depository institutions (other than U.S. banks); industrial banks that do not file the commercial bank Reports of Condition and Income with the federal banking agencies; Edge and Agreement corporations and their subsidiaries that are not held through a bank subsidiary; industrial loan companies; venture capital corporations; leasing companies; bank premises subsidiaries; mortgage banking companies; consumer finance companies; sales finance companies; acceptance corporations; factoring companies; insurance brokerage and insurance underwriting companies; small business investment companies; data processing and information services companies; nondepository trust companies; management consulting companies; courier service companies; companies that print or sell MICR encoded items; financial and investment advisory companies; credit bureaus; collection agencies; real estate settlement companies.

For purposes of reporting these items, foreign nonbank subsidiaries include those subsidiaries that meet the definition of a nonbank subsidiary provided above that have been consolidated using generally accepted accounting principles for purposes of financial reporting in the FR Y-9C, but are not domiciled in the U.S. In addition, Edge and Agreement corporations and their subsidiaries that are not held through a bank subsidiary should be reported as foreign nonbank subsidiaries.

Nonbank subsidiaries exclude all banks (including commercial, savings and industrial banks that file the commercial bank Reports of Condition and Income) and their subsidiaries; Edge and Agreement corporations and their subsidiaries that are held through a bank subsidiary.

All intercompany assets and operating revenue among the nonbanking subsidiaries should be eliminated, but assets and operating revenue with the reporting bank holding company and with subsidiary banks should be included. For example, eliminate the loans made by one

nonbank subsidiary to a second nonbank subsidiary, but do not eliminate loans made by one nonbank subsidiary to the parent bank holding company or a subsidiary bank.

Include the combined assets and operating revenue of inactive nonbanking subsidiaries to the extent that the top-tier bank holding company directly or indirectly owns or controls more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting stock, and these companies have been consolidated using generally accepted accounting principles for purposes of reporting in the FR Y-9C.

Enter "zero" if the reporting top-tier bank holding company does not have any nonbank subsidiary assets or operating revenue to report.

Line Item 15(a) Total combined nonbank assets of nonbank subsidiaries.

Report the dollar amount of the reporting bank holding company's total combined nonbank assets of nonbank subsidiaries. Nonbank assets include the assets of all foreign and domestic nonbank subsidiaries (as defined below) and their majority-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries.

The top-tier parent bank holding company should report in this item all assets of nonbank subsidiaries, whether held directly or indirectly or held through lower-tier bank holding companies. The lower-tier parent bank holding company in a multi-tier bank holding company who files this report (FR Y-9LP) should leave items 15(a) through 15(h) blank.

Line Item 15(b) Total combined loans and leases of nonbank subsidiaries.

Report the dollar amount of total combined loans and leases on the books of nonbank subsidiaries of the reporting bank holding company even if on the report date they are past due and collection is doubtful. Nonbank loans and leases include the loans and leases of all foreign and domestic nonbank subsidiaries (as defined above) and their majority-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries.

Exclude balances due from related institutions on the books of nonbank subsidiaries of the reporting bank holding company (e.g., loans to the parent bank holding company). Report such balances in item 15(a).

Exclude any loans or leases the subsidiaries have sold or charged off. Report the combined book value of all loans

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and leases before deduction of the allowance for loan and lease losses. The amount should be reported net of unearned income (to the extent possible), and deposits accumulated for the payment of personal loans (hypothecated deposits).

Line Item 15(c) Total aggregate operating revenue of nonbank subsidiaries.

Report the dollar amount of total aggregate operating revenue of nonbank subsidiaries of the reporting bank holding company. Nonbank operating revenue includes the operating revenue of all foreign and domestic nonbank subsidiaries (as defined above) and their majority-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. Operating revenue is defined as the sum of total interest income and total noninterest income (before deduction of expenses and extraordinary items).

Line Item 15(d) Total combined thrift assets included in 15(a).

Report the dollar amount of combined assets of federal savings associations, federal savings banks and thrift subsidiaries (including any thrift institution filing the Thrift Financial Report) that are included in the amount reported in line item 15(a) above. Enter “zero” if the reporting top-tier bank holding company does not have any thrift assets to report.

Line Item 15(e) Total combined foreign nonbank subsidiary assets included in 15(a).

Report the dollar amount of combined foreign nonbank subsidiary assets that are included in the amount reported in line item 15(a) above. Enter “zero” if the reporting top-tier bank holding company does not have any foreign nonbank subsidiary assets to report.

Line Item 15(f) Number of nonbank subsidiaries included in 15(a).

Report the number of nonbank subsidiaries that have been included in the total combined nonbank subsidiary assets reported in item 15(a) above. Enter “zero” if the reporting top-tier bank holding company does not have any nonbank subsidiaries.

Line Item 15(g) Number of thrift subsidiaries included in 15(d).

Report the number of federal savings associations, federal savings banks and thrift subsidiaries (including any the total combined nonbank subsidiary assets reported in line item 15(d) above. Enter “zero” if the reporting top-tier bank holding company does not have any thrift subsidiaries to report.

Line Item 15(h) Number of foreign nonbank subsidiaries included in 15(e).

Report the number of foreign nonbank subsidiaries that are included in the total combined nonbank subsidiary assets reported in line item 15(e) above. Enter “zero” if the reporting top-tier bank holding company does not have any foreign nonbank subsidiaries to report.

Line Item 16 Notes payable to special-purpose subsidiaries that issued trust preferred securities (included in Schedule PC, item 18(b) and item 5(b) above).

Report the outstanding amount of notes payable by the parent bank holding company to special-purpose subsidiaries that have issued “trust preferred securities.” Exclude from this item any portion of the notes payable that does not directly relate to the amount of trust preferred securities issued. In these transactions, a special purpose subsidiary (typically, a trust) of the parent company issues preferred securities and lends the proceeds of its issuance to its parent company in exchange for a deeply subordinated intercompany note from the parent company.

NOTE: The amount of notes payable to special-purpose subsidiaries that have issued trust preferred securities reported in this item should also be included as part of the total amount reported in Schedule PC, item 18(b), “Balance due to nonbank subsidiaries,” and item 5(b) above. See the instructions for Schedule PC, item 18(b), and item 5(b) above.

Notes to the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

This section has been provided to allow bank holding companies to provide additional explanations of the content of specific items in the parent company only Financial Statements. The reporting bank holding company should include any transactions reported on Schedules PI through PC-B that it wishes to explain or that have been separately disclosed in the bank holding company's quarterly reports to its shareholders, in its press releases, or on its quarterly reports to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Also include any transactions which previously would have appeared as footnotes to Schedules PI through PC-B.

Report in the space provided the schedule and line item for which the holding company is specifying additional information, a description of the transaction and, in the column provided, the dollar amount associated with the transaction being disclosed.

Validity (V) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Each edit in the checklist must balance, rounding errors are not allowed

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Schedule PI — Parent Company Only Income Statement				
V	0125	PI-1a5 (bhcp 0520)	Sum of PI-1a1 through PI-1a4 must equal PI-1a5.	$(bhcp0508 + bhcp0512 + bhcp0515 + bhcp0518) \text{ eq } bhcp0520$
V	0135	PI-1b5 (bhcp 1279)	Sum of PI-1b1 through PI-1b4 must equal PI-1b5.	$(bhcp1275 + bhcp1276 + bhcp1277 + bhcp1278) \text{ eq } bhcp1279$
V	0150	PI-1c5 (bhcp 0210)	Sum of PI-1c1 through PI-1c4 must equal PI-1c5.	$(bhcp0206 + bhcp0207 + bhcp0208 + bhcp0209) \text{ eq } bhcp0210$
V	0170	PI-1f (bhcp 4000)	Sum of PI-1a5, PI-1b5, PI-1c5, PI-1d and PI-1e must equal PI-1f.	$(bhcp0520 + bhcp1279 + bhcp0210 + bhcp4091 + bhcp0447) \text{ eq } bhcp4000$
V	0185	PI-2e (bhcp 4130)	Sum of PI-2a through PI-2d must equal PI-2e.	$(bhcp4135 + bhcp4073 + bhcp4230 + bhcp0522) \text{ eq } bhcp4130$
V	0195	PI-3 (bhcp 4250)	PI-1f minus PI-2e must equal PI-3.	$(bhcp4000 - bhcp4130) \text{ eq } bhcp4250$
V	0215	PI-6 (bhcp 0496)	Sum of PI-3 and PI-5 minus PI-4 must equal PI-6.	$(bhcp4250 + bhcp4320 - bhcp4302) \text{ eq } bhcp0496$
V	0230	PI-8 (bhcp 4340)	Sum of PI-6 through PI-7c must equal PI-8.	$(bhcp0496 + bhcp3156 + bhcp3147 + bhcp3513) \text{ eq } bhcp4340$
Schedule PI-A — Cash Flow Statement				
V	0300	PI-8 (bhcp 4340)	PI-A(I)1 must equal PI-8.	$bhpa4340 \text{ eq } bhcp4340$
V	0315	PI-A(I)2h (bhcp 3618)	Sum of PI-A(I)2a through PI-A(I)2g must equal PI-A(I)2h.	$(bhcp3611 + bhcp3612 + bhcp3613 + bhcp3614 + bhcp3615 + bhcp3616 + bhcp3617) \text{ eq } bhcp3618$
V	0340	PI-A(I)3 (bhcp 3619)	Sum of PI-A(I)1 and PI-A(I)2h must equal PI-A(I)3.	$(bhpa4340 + bhcp3618) \text{ eq } bhcp3619$
V	0355	PI-A(II)6 (bhcp 6589)	Sum of PI-A(II)2, PI-A(II)4 and PI-A(II)5 minus the sum of PI-A(II)1 and PI-A(II)3 must equal PI-A(II)6.	$((bhcp6567 + bhcp6573 + bhcp6588) - (bhcp6552 + bhcp6571)) \text{ eq } bhcp6589$
V	0375	PI-A(III)13 (bhcp 6744)	Sum of PI-A(III)1, PI-A(III)3, PI-A(III)5, PI-A(III)7, PI-A(III)9 and PI-A(III)12 minus the sum of PI-A(III)2, PI-A(III)4, PI-A(III)6, PI-A(III)8, PI-A(III)10 and PI-A(III)11 must equal PI-A(III)13.	$((bhcp6590 + bhcp6592 + bhcp6600 + bhcp6607 + bhcp6619 + bhcp6743) - (bhcp6591 + bhcp6596 + bhcp6604 + bhcp8518 + bhcp6741 + bhcp6742)) \text{ eq } bhcp6744$
V	0385	PI-A(IV)1 (bhcp 6758)	Sum of PI-A(I)3, PI-A(II)6 and PI-A(III)13 must equal PI-A(IV)1.	$(bhcp3619 + bhcp6589 + bhcp6744) \text{ eq } bhcp6758$
V	0395	PI-A(IV)3 (bhcp 6775)	Sum of PI-A(IV)1 and PI-A(IV)2 must equal PI-A(IV)3.	$(bhcp6758 + bhcp6773) \text{ eq } bhcp6775$

Validity (V) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Each edit in the checklist must balance, rounding errors are not allowed

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Schedule PC — Parent Company Only Balance Sheet				
V	0400	PC-4c (bhcp 0364)	Sum of PC-4a1 and PC-4a2 minus PC-4b must equal PC-4c.	$((bhcp0362 + bhcp0363) - bhcp2123) \text{ eq } bhcp0364$
V	0402	PC-4f (bhcp 2125)	Sum of PC-4c and PC-4d minus PC-4e must equal PC-4f.	$((bhcp0364 + bhcp2165) - bhcp3123) \text{ eq } bhcp2125$
V	0406	PC-10 (bhcp 2170)	Sum of PC-1a through PC-3 and PC-4f through PC-9c must equal PC-10.	$(bhcp5993 + bhcp0010 + bhcp0400 + bhcp6791 + bhcp1299 + bhcp0277 + bhcp2125 + bhcp0365 + bhcp2145 + bhcp3163 + bhcp3164 + bhcp3165 + bhcp2160 + bhcp3602 + bhcp3603 + bhcp3604) \text{ eq } bhcp2170$
V	0407	PC-10 (bhcp 2170)	PC-10 must be greater than zero.	$bhcp2170 \text{ gt } 0$
V	0408	PC-20h (bhcp 3210)	Sum of PC-20a through PC-20f must equal PC-20h.	$(bhcp3283 + bhcp3230 + bhcp3240 + bhcp3247 + bhcpb530 + bhcpa130) \text{ eq } bhcp3210$
V	0410	PC-21 (bhcp 3300)	Sum of PC-11 through PC-18c and PC-20h must equal PC-21.	$(bhcp2200 + bhcp0279 + bhcp2309 + bhcp2332 + bhcp0368 + bhcp4062 + bhcp2930 + bhcp3605 + bhcp3606 + bhcp3607 + bhcp3210) \text{ eq } bhcp3300$
V	0412	PC-21 (bhcp 3300)	PC-21 must equal PC-10.	$bhcp3300 \text{ eq } bhcp2170$
Schedule PC-A — Investments in Subsidiaries and				
V	0416	PC-A3b2 (bhcp 0205)	Sum of PC-A1a1 through PC-A3b2 must equal PC-A4.	$(bhcp3239 + bhcp3238 + bhcp4485 + bhcp0533 + bhcp0534 + bhcp1273 + bhcp0087 + bhcp0536 + bhcp0537 + bhcp0538 + bhcp0201 + bhcp0202 + bhcp0203 + bhcp0204 + bhcp0205) \text{ eq } bhpa0365$
V	0417	PC-5 (bhcp 0365)	PC-A4 must equal PC-5.	$bhpa0365 \text{ eq } bhcp0365$
Schedule PC-B — Memoranda				
V	0420	PC-B11b (bhcp 8517)	Sum of PC-B11a and PC-B11b must equal the sum of PC-2a through PC-2c.	$(bhcp8516 + bhcp8517) \text{ eq } (bhcp0400 + bhcp6791 + bhcp1299)$
V	0425	PC-B14 (bhcp 3152)	PC-B14 must be less than or equal to the sum of PC-13a through PC-14 and PC-16.	$bhcp3152 \text{ le } (bhcp2309 + bhcp2332 + bhcp0368 + bhcp4062)$
V	0427	PC-B15e (bhcp 2793)	The sum of PC-B15d and PC-B15e must be less than or equal to PC-B15a.	$(bhcp2792 + bhcp2793) \text{ le } bhcp4778$
V	0428	PC-B15f (bhcp 2794)	The sum of PC-B15g and PC-B15h must be less than or equal to PC-B15f.	$(bhcp2796 + bhcp2831) \text{ le } bhcp2794$

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Schedule PI — Parent Company Only Income Statement				
¹ If the FR Y-9C respondent's total assets are greater than or equal to \$10 billion, then the tolerance should be (+/- 500k).				
I	0500	PI-1a1, PI-1a2, PI-1a3, PI-1a4, PI-1b1, PI-1b2, PI-1b3, PI-1b4, PI-1c1, PI-1c2, PI-1c3, PI-1c4, PI-2a, PI-2b, PI-2d, PI-M1, PI-M2, PI-M3, and PI-M4 (bhcp 0508, 0512, 0515, 0518, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 0206, 0207, 0208, 0209, 4135, 4073, 0522, 4647, 4635, 4605, and c254)	For June, September, and December, the current period should be greater than or equal to the previous period for PI-1a1 through PI-1a4, PI-1b1 through PI-1b4, PI-1c1 through PI-1c4, PI-2a, PI-2b, PI-2d and PI-M1 through PI-M4.	if (mm-q1 eq 06 or mm-q1 eq 09 or mm-q1 eq 12) then ((bhcp0508-q1 ge bhcp0508-q2) and (bhcp0512-q1 ge bhcp0512-q2) and (bhcp0515-q1 ge bhcp0515-q2) and (bhcp0518-q1 ge bhcp0518-q2) and (bhcp1275-q1 ge bhcp1275-q2) and (bhcp1276-q1 ge bhcp1276-q2) and (bhcp1277-q1 ge bhcp1277-q2) and (bhcp1278-q1 ge bhcp1278-q2) and (bhcp0206-q1 ge bhcp0206-q2) and (bhcp0207-q1 ge bhcp0207-q2) and (bhcp0208-q1 ge bhcp0208-q2) and (bhcp0209-q1 ge bhcp0209-q2) and (bhcp4135-q1 ge bhcp4135-q2) and (bhcp4073-q1 ge bhcp4073-q2) and (bhcp0522-q1 ge bhcp0522-q2) and (bhcp4647-q1 ge bhcp4647-q2) and (bhcp4635-q1 ge bhcp4635-q2) and (bhcp4605-q1 ge bhcp4605-q2) and (bhcp254-q1 ge bhcp254-q2))
Q	0510	PI-2b (bhcp 4073)	For March, if the sum of PC-11 through PC-14 and PC-16 is greater than zero, then PI-2b should be greater than zero.	if ((mm-q1 eq 03) and ((bhcp2200-q1 + bhcp0279-q1 + bhcp2309-q1 + bhcp2332-q1 + bhcp0368-q1 + bhcp4062-q1) gt 0)) then bhcp4073-q1 gt 0
Q	0513	PI-2b (bhcp 4073)	For March, if PI-2b is greater than zero, then the sum of PC-11 through PC-14 and PC-16 should be greater than zero.	if ((mm-q1 eq 03) and (bhcp4073 gt 0)) then ((bhcp2200-q1 + bhcp0279-q1 + bhcp2309-q1 + bhcp2332-q1 + bhcp0368-q1 + bhcp4062-q1) gt 0)
I	0515	PI-2b (bhcp 4073)	For June, September, and December, if the sum of PC-11 through PC-14 and PC-16 is greater than zero, then PI-2b (current minus previous) should be greater than zero.	if ((mm-q1 eq 06 or mm-q1 eq 09 or mm-q1 eq 12) and ((bhcp2200-q1 + bhcp0279-q1 + bhcp2309-q1 + bhcp2332-q1 + bhcp0368-q1 + bhcp4062-q1) gt 0)) then ((bhcp4073-q1 - bhcp4073-q2) gt 0)

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
I	0520	PI-2b (bhcp 4073)	For June, September, and December, if PI-2b (current minus previous) is greater than zero, then the sum of PC-11 through PC-14 and PC-16 should be greater than zero.	if ((mm-q1 eq 06 or mm-q1 eq 09 or mm-q1 eq 12) and (bhcp4073-q1 - bhcp4073-q2 gt 0)) then ((bhcp2200-q1 + bhcp0279-q1 + bhcp2309-q1 + bhcp2332-q1 + bhcp0368-q1 + bhcp4062-q1) gt 0)
Q	0530	PI-7a (bhcp 3156)	If PI-1a1 or PI-7a does not equal zero or null, then PC-A1a1 should not equal zero or null.	if (bhcp0508 or bhcp3156 ne 0 or null) then (bhcp3239 ne 0 or null)
Q	0540	PI-7b (bhcp 3147)	If PI-1b1 or PI-7b does not equal zero or null, then PC-A2a1 should not equal zero or null.	if (bhcp1275 or bhcp3147 ne 0 or null) then (bhcp1273 ne 0 or null)
Q	0550	PI-7c (bhcp 3513)	If PI-1c1 or PI-7c does not equal zero or null, then PC-A3a1 should not equal zero or null.	if (bhcp0206 or bhcp3513 ne 0 or null) then (bhcp0201 ne 0 or null)
Q	0575	PI-Mem1 (bhcp 4647)	PI-Mem1 should be less than or equal to PI-2e.	bhcp4647 le bhcp4130
Q	0585	PI-Mem2 (bhcp 4635)	PI-Mem2 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-4c and PC-4d.	bhcp4635 le (bhcp0364 + bhcp2165)
Q	0595	PI-Mem3 (bhcp 4605)	PI-Mem3 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-4c and PC-4d.	bhcp4605 le (bhcp0364 + bhcp2165)
Q	0650	PI-Mem4 (bhcp c254)	PI-Mem4 should be less than or equal to PI-2d.	bhpc254 le bhcp0522
Q	0655	PI-Mem4 (bhcp c254)	If PC-B16 is greater than zero, then PI-Mem4 should be greater than zero.	if bhpc255 gt 0 then bhpc254 gt 0
R	0660 ¹	PI-8 (bhcp 4340)	PI-8 should be equal to HI-13 (±3).	if bhck2170 ge 10000000 then (bhcp4340 le bhck4340 + 500) and (bhcp4340 ge bhck4340 - 500) if bhck2170 lt 10000000 then (bhcp4340 le bhck4340 + 3) and (bhcp4340 ge bhck4340 - 3)
Schedule PI-A — Cash Flow Statement				
I	0662	PI-A(II)1, PI-A(II)2, PI-A(II)3, and PI-A(II)4 (bhcp 6552, 6567, 6571, and 6573)	For June, September, and December, the current period should be greater than or equal to the previous period for PI-A(II)1, PI-A(II)2, PI-A(II)3 and PI-A(II)4.	if (mm-q1 eq 06 or mm-q1 eq 09 or mm-q1 eq 12) then ((bhcp6552-q1 ge bhcp6552-q2) and (bhcp6567-q1 ge bhcp6567-q2) and (bhcp6571-q1 ge bhcp6571-q2) and (bhcp6573-q1 ge bhcp6573-q2))

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
I	0664	PI-A(III)1, PI-A(III)2, PI-A(III)3, PI-A(III)4, PI-A(III)5, PI-A(III)6, PI-A(III)7, PI-A(III)8, PI-A(III)9, PI-A(III)10, and PI-A(III)11 (bhcp 6590, 6591, 6592, 6596, 6600, 6604, 6607, 8518, 6619, 6741, and 6742)	For June, September, and December, the current period should be greater than or equal to the previous period for PI-A(III)1 through PI-A(III)11.	if (mm-q1 eq 06 or mm-q1 eq 09 or mm-q1 eq 12) then ((bhcp6590-q1 ge bhcp6590-q2) and (bhcp6591-q1 ge bhcp6591-q2) and (bhcp6592-q1 ge bhcp6592-q2) and (bhcp6596-q1 ge bhcp6596-q2) and (bhcp6600-q1 ge bhcp6600-q2) and (bhcp6604-q1 ge bhcp6604-q2) and (bhcp6607-q1 ge bhcp6607-q2) and (bhcp8518-q1 ge bhcp8518-q2) and (bhcp6619-q1 ge bhcp6619-q2) and (bhcp6741-q1 ge bhcp6741-q2) and (bhcp6742-q1 ge bhcp6742-q2))
Q	0665	PI-A(IV)3 (bhcp 6775)	PI-A(IV)3 should equal the sum of PC-1a, PC-1b, PC-9a, PC-9b, and PC-9c. ($\pm 2k$)	bhcp6775 ge (bhcp5993 + bhcp0010 + bhcp3602 + bhcp3603 + bhcp3604) - 2) and bhcp6775 le (bhcp5993 + bhcp0010 + bhcp3602 + bhcp3603 + bhcp3604) + 2)

Schedule PC — Parent Company Only Balance Sheet

¹ If the FR Y-9C respondent's total assets are greater than or equal to \$10 billion, then the tolerance should be (+/- 500k).

R	0666	PC-1b (bhcp 0010)	PC-1b should be less than or equal to the sum of HC-1a, HC-1b1, and HC-1b2.	bhcp0010 le (bhck0081 + bhck0395 + bhck0397)
R	0668	PC-2c (bhcp 1299)	Sum of PC-2a, PC-2b, and PC-2c should be less than or equal to the sum of HC-2a and HC-2b.	(bhcp0400 + bhcp6791 + bhcp1299) le (bhck1754 + bhck1773)
R	0670	PC-3 (bhcp 0277)	PC-3 should be less than or equal to HC-3b.	bhcp0277 le bhckb989
R	0672	PC-4f (bhcp 2125)	PC-4f should be less than or equal to the sum of HC-4a and HC-4d.	bhcp2125 le (bhck5369 + bhckb529)
R	0674	PC-6 (bhcp 2145)	PC-6 should be less than or equal to HC-6.	bhcp2145 le bhck2145
R	0676	PC-7b (bhcp 3164)	PC-7b should be less than or equal to HC-M12a.	bhcp3164 le bhck3164
R	0678	PC-10 (bhcp 2170)	PC-10 should be less than or equal to HC-12.	bhcp2170 le bhck2170

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
R	0680	PC-11 (bhcp 2200)	PC-11 should be less than or equal to the sum of HC-13a1 through HC-13b2.	bhcp2200 le (bhdm6631 + bhdm6636 + bhfn6631 + bhfn6636)
R	0682	PC-12 (bhcp 0279)	PC-12 should be less than or equal to HC-14b.	bhcp0279 le bhckb995
R	0684	PC-13a (bhcp 2309)	PC-13a should be less than or equal to HC-M14a.	bhcp2309 le bhck2309
R	0686	PC-13b (bhcp 2332)	PC-13b should be less than or equal to HC-M14b.	bhcp2332 le bhck2332
R	0688	PC-14 (bhcp 0368)	PC-14 should be less than or equal to HC-M14c.	bhcp0368 le bhck2333
R	0691	PC-16 (bhcp 4062)	PC-16 should be less than or equal to HC-19a.	bhcp4062 le bhck4062
R	0693	PC-17 (bhcp 2930)	Sum of PC-11 through PC-17 should be less than or equal to HC-21.	(bhcp2200 + bhcp0279 + bhcp2309 + bhcp2332 + bhcp0368 + bhcp4062 + bhcp2930) le bhck2948
R	0695 ¹	PC-20h (bhcp 3210)	PC-20h should be equal to HC-28 (±3k).	if bhck2170 ge 10000000 then bhcp3210 le (bhck3210 + 500) and bhcp3210 ge (bhck3210 - 500) if bhck2170 lt 10000000 then bhcp3210 le (bhck3210 + 3) and bhcp3210 ge (bhck3210 - 3)
Schedule PC-A — Investments in Subsidiaries and Associated Companies				
R	0697	PC-A3a2a (bhcp 0202)	Sum of PC-7a, PC-A1a2a, PC-A2a2a, and PC-A3a2a should be less than or equal to HC-10a.	(bhcp3163 + bhcp3238 + bhcp0087 + bhcp0202) le bhck3163
R	0699	PC-A3a2b (bhcp 0203)	Sum of PC-7b, PC-7c, PC-A1a2b, PC-A2a2b, and PC-A3a2b should be less than or equal to the sum of HC-M12a, HC-M12b and HC-M12c.	(bhcp3164 + bhcp3165 + bhcp4485 + bhcp0536 + bhcp0203) le (bhck3164 + bhckb026 + bhck5507)
Schedule PC-B — Memoranda				
¹ Data must be submitted by all top-tier BHCs or lower-tier BHCs functioning as the consolidated top-tier BHC for items PC-B15a through PC-B15h. Perform this edit only if the respondent is either a top-tier BHC that also files an FR Y-9C or a lower-tier BHC that for reporting purposes only files an FR Y-9C and FR Y-9LP as the top-tier.				
Q	0705	PC-B1 (bhcp 0543)	PC-B1 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-1a through PC-3, PC-4c, PC-4d, PC-5, and PC-8.	bhcp0543 le (bhcp5993 + bhcp0010 + bhcp0400 + bhcp6791 + bhcp1299 + bhcp0277 + bhcp0364 + bhcp2165 + bhcp0365 + bhcp2160)
Q	0715	PC-B2 (bhcp 3409)	PC-B2 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-16 and PC-18a through PC-18c.	bhcp3409 le (bhcp4062 + bhcp3605 + bhcp3606 + bhcp3607)
Q	0725	PC-B3 (bhcp 3609)	PC-B3 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-11, PC-12, and PC-17 through PC-18c.	bhcp3609 le (bhcp2200 + bhcp0279 + bhcp2930 + bhcp3605 + bhcp3606 + bhcp3607)
R	0730	PC-B4c (bhcp 0542)	Sum of PC-B4a, PC-B4b, and PC-B4c should be less than or equal to the sum of HC-16 and HC-19a.	(bhcp0540 + bhcp0541 + bhcp0542) le (bhck3190 + bhck4062)

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
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Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	0740	PC-B5a (bhcp 0467)	PC-B5a should be less than or equal to PC-18a.	bhcp0467 le bhcp3605
Q	0750	PC-B5b (bhcp 1274)	PC-B5b should be less than or equal to PC-18b.	bhcp1274 le bhcp3606
Q	0760	PC-B5c (bhcp 0539)	PC-B5c should be less than or equal to PC-18c.	bhcp0539 le bhcp3607
Q	0785	PC-B6 (bhcp 3298)	PC-B6 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-14, PC-16, and PC-18a through PC-18c.	bhcp3298 le (bhcp0368 + bhcp4062 + bhcp3605 + bhcp3606 + bhcp3607)
Q	0795	PC-B8 (bhcp 1616)	Sum of PC-B7a, PC-B7b, and PC-B8 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-4c and PC-4d.	(bhcp1407 + bhcp1403 + bhcp1616) le (bhcp0364 + bhcp2165)
Q	0810	PC-B10 (bhcp 0416)	PC-B10 should be less than or equal to the sum of PC-2a through PC-2c.	bhcp0416 le (bhcp0400 + bhcp6791 + bhcp1299)
R	0820	PC-B15a (bhcp 4778)	PC-B15a should be less than or equal to 25% of HC-12.	bhcp4778 le (.25 * bhck2170)
Q	0855 ¹	PC-B15f (bhcp 2794)	If PC-B15a is greater than zero, then PC-B15f should be greater than zero.	if bhcp4778 gt 0 then bhcp2794 gt 0
Q	0860 ¹	PC-B15f (bhcp 2794)	If PC-B15f is greater than zero, then PC-B15a should be greater than zero.	if bhcp2794 gt 0 then bhcp4778 gt 0
Q	0875 ¹	PC-B15g (bhcp 2796)	If PC-B15d is greater than zero, then PC-B15g should be greater than zero.	if bhcp2792 gt 0 then bhcp2796 gt 0
Q	0880 ¹	PC-B15g (bhcp 2796)	If PC-B15g is greater than zero, then PC-B15d should be greater than zero.	if bhcp2796 gt 0 then bhcp2792 gt 0
Q	0895 ¹	PC-B15h (bhcp 2831)	If PC-B15e is greater than zero, then PC-B15h should be greater than zero.	if bhcp2793 gt 0 then bhcp2831 gt 0
Q	0900 ¹	PC-B15h (bhcp 2831)	If PC-B15h is greater than zero, then PC-B15e should be greater than zero.	if bhcp2831 gt 0 then bhcp2793 gt 0
Q	0910	PC-B15a through PC-B15h (bhcp 4778, c427, c428, 2792, 2793, 2794, 2796 and 2831)	All lower tiers should leave items PC-B15a through PC-B15h null.	if the reporting institution is a lower-tier then bhcp4778 eq null and bhcp427 eq null and bhcp428 eq null and bhcp2792 eq null and bhcp2793 eq null and bhcp2794 eq null and bhcp2796 eq null and bhcp2831 eq null
Q	0915	PC-B16 (bhcp c255)	PC-B16 should be less than or equal to PC-18b.	bhpc255 le bhcp3606
Q	0917	PC-B16 (bhcp c255)	If PC-B16 is greater than zero, then PC-B5b should be greater than zero.	if bhpc255 gt 0 then bhcp1274 gt 0
Q	0920	PC-B16 (bhcp c255)	PC-B16 should be less than or equal to PC-B5b.	bhpc255 le bhcp1274

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
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Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	0922	PC-B16 (bhcp c255)	If PI-Mem4 is greater than zero, then PC-B16 should be greater than zero.	if bhcp254 gt 0 then bhcp255 gt 0
R	0925	PC-B16 (bhcp c255)	If HC-19b is greater than zero, then PC-B16 should be greater than zero.	if bhckc699 gt 0 then bhcp255 gt 0

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Notes to the Parent Company Only Financial Statements				
Bank Holding Companies with information to report that has no corresponding financial data should use the general remark/comment box and not the Notes to the Parent Company Only Financial Statement items on the report form.				
Q	1000	FN1 (bhcp 5485)	If financial data is not equal to null or zero, then text data should not be null.	if bhcp5485 ne null and bhcp5485 ne 0 then text5485 ne null
Q	1001	FN1 (text 5485)	If text data is not equal to null, then financial data should not equal null or zero.	if text5485 ne null then bhcp5485 ne null and bhcp5485 ne 0
Q	1002	FN2 (bhcp 5486)	If financial data is not equal to null or zero, then text data should not be null.	if bhcp5486 ne null and bhcp5486 ne 0 then text5486 ne null
Q	1003	FN2 (text 5486)	If text data is not equal to null, then financial data should not equal null or zero.	if text5486 ne null then bhcp5486 ne null and bhcp5486 ne 0
Q	1004	FN3 (bhcp 5487)	If financial data is not equal to null or zero, then text data should not be null.	if bhcp5487 ne null and bhcp5487 ne 0 then text5487 ne null
Q	1005	FN3 (text 5487)	If text data is not equal to null, then financial data should not equal null or zero.	if text5487 ne null then bhcp5487 ne null and bhcp5487 ne 0
Q	1006	FN4 (bhcp 5488)	If financial data is not equal to null or zero, then text data should not be null.	if bhcp5488 ne null and bhcp5488 ne 0 then text5488 ne null
Q	1007	FN4 (text 5488)	If text data is not equal to null, then financial data should not equal null or zero.	if text5488 ne null then bhcp5488 ne null and bhcp5488 ne 0
Q	1008	FN5 (bhcp 5489)	If financial data is not equal to null or zero, then text data should not be null.	if bhcp5489 ne null and bhcp5489 ne 0 then text5489 ne null
Q	1009	FN5 (text 5489)	If text data is not equal to null, then financial data should not equal null or zero.	if text5489 ne null then bhcp5489 ne null and bhcp5489 ne 0
All Schedules on the FR Y-9LP				
Q	9000	PI-1a1 (bhcp 0508)	PI-1a1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0508 ne null and bhcp0508 ge 0
Q		PI-1a2 (bhcp 0512)	PI-1a2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0512 ne null and bhcp0512 ge 0
Q		PI-1a3 (bhcp 0515)	PI-1a3 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0515 ne null and bhcp0515 ge 0
Q		PI-1a4 (bhcp 0518)	PI-1a4 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0518 ne null and bhcp0518 ge 0
Q		PI-1a5 (bhcp 0520)	PI-1a5 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0520 ne null and bhcp0520 ge 0
Q		PI-1b1 (bhcp 1275)	PI-1b1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1275 ne null and bhcp1275 ge 0

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	9000 cont.	PI-1b2 (bhcp 1276)	PI-1b2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1276 ne null and bhcp1276 ge 0
Q		PI-1b3 (bhcp 1277)	PI-1b3 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1277 ne null and bhcp1277 ge 0
Q		PI-1b4 (bhcp 1278)	PI-1b4 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1278 ne null and bhcp1278 ge 0
Q		PI-1b5 (bhcp 1279)	PI-1b5 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1279 ne null and bhcp1279 ge 0
Q	9010	PI-1c1 (bhcp 0206)	PI-1c1 should not be negative.	bhcp0206 ge 0 or bhcp0206 eq null
Q		PI-1c2 (bhcp 0207)	PI-1c2 should not be negative.	bhcp0207 ge 0 or bhcp0207 eq null
Q		PI-1c3 (bhcp 0208)	PI-1c3 should not be negative.	bhcp0208 ge 0 or bhcp0208 eq null
Q		PI-1c4 (bhcp 0209)	PI-1c4 should not be negative.	bhcp0209 ge 0 or bhcp0209 eq null
Q		PI-1c5 (bhcp 0210)	PI-1c5 should not be negative.	bhcp0210 ge 0 or bhcp0210 eq null
Q	9020	PI-1d (bhcp 4091)	PI-1d should not be null.	bhcp4091 ne null
Q		PI-1e (bhcp 0447)	PI-1e should not be null.	bhcp0447 ne null
Q	9030	PI-1f (bhcp 4000)	PI-1f should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4000 ne null and bhcp4000 ge 0
Q		PI-2a (bhcp 4135)	PI-2a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4135 ne null and bhcp4135 ge 0
Q		PI-2b (bhcp 4073)	PI-2b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4073 ne null and bhcp4073 ge 0
Q	9040	PI-2c (bhcp 4230)	PI-2c should not be null.	bhcp4230 ne null
Q	9050	PI-2d (bhcp 0522)	PI-2d should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0522 ne null and bhcp0522 ge 0
Q		PI-2e (bhcp 4130)	PI-2e should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4130 ne null and bhcp4130 ge 0
Q	9060	PI-3 (bhcp 4250)	PI-3 should not be null.	bhcp4250 ne null
Q		PI-4 (bhcp 4302)	PI-4 should not be null.	bhcp4302 ne null
Q		PI-5 (bhcp 4320)	PI-5 should not be null.	bhcp4320 ne null

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
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Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	9060 cont.	PI-6 (bhcp 0496)	PI-6 should not be null.	bhcp0496 ne null
Q		PI-7a (bhcp 3156)	PI-7a should not be null.	bhcp3156 ne null
Q		PI-7b (bhcp 3147)	PI-7b should not be null.	bhcp3147 ne null
Q		PI-7c (bhcp 3513)	PI-7c should not be null.	bhcp3513 ne null
Q		PI-8 (bhcp 4340)	PI-8 should not be null.	bhcp4340 ne null
Q	9070	PI-Mem1 (bhcp 4647)	PI-Mem1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4647 ne null and bhcp4647 ge 0
Q		PI-Mem2 (bhcp 4635)	PI-Mem2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4635 ne null and bhcp4635 ge 0
Q		PI-Mem3 (bhcp 4605)	PI-Mem3 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4605 ne null and bhcp4605 ge 0
Q		PI-Mem4 (bhcp c254)	PI-Mem4 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhccp254 ne null and bhccp254 ge 0
Q	9080	PI-A(I)1 (bhpa 4340)	PI-A(I)1 should not be null.	bhpa4340 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2a (bhcp 3611)	PI-A(I)2a should not be null.	bhcp3611 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2b (bhcp 3612)	PI-A(I)2b should not be null.	bhcp3612 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2c (bhcp 3613)	PI-A(I)2c should not be null.	bhcp3613 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2d (bhcp 3614)	PI-A(I)2d should not be null.	bhcp3614 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2e (bhcp 3615)	PI-A(I)2e should not be null.	bhcp3615 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2f (bhcp 3616)	PI-A(I)2f should not be null.	bhcp3616 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2g (bhcp 3617)	PI-A(I)2g should not be null.	bhcp3617 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)2h (bhcp 3618)	PI-A(I)2h should not be null.	bhcp3618 ne null
Q		PI-A(I)3 (bhcp 3619)	PI-A(I)3 should not be null.	bhcp3619 ne null
Q		9090	PI-A(II)1 (bhcp 6552)	PI-A(II)1 should not be null and should not be negative.

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
(Effective as of September 30, 2005)

Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	9090 cont.	PI-A(II)2 (bhcp 6567)	PI-A(II)2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6567 ne null and bhcp6567 ge 0
Q		PI-A(II)3 (bhcp 6571)	PI-A(II)3 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6571 ne null and bhcp6571 ge 0
Q		PI-A(II)4 (bhcp 6573)	PI-A(II)4 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6573 ne null and bhcp6573 ge 0
Q	9100	PI-A(II)5 (bhcp 6588)	PI-A(II)5 should not be null.	bhcp6588 ne null
Q		PI-A(II)6 (bhcp 6589)	PI-A(II)6 should not be null.	bhcp6589 ne null
Q	9110	PI-A(III)1 (bhcp 6590)	PI-A(III)1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6590 ne null and bhcp6590 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)2 (bhcp 6591)	PI-A(III)2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6591 ne null and bhcp6591 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)3 (bhcp 6592)	PI-A(III)3 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6592 ne null and bhcp6592 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)4 (bhcp 6596)	PI-A(III)4 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6596 ne null and bhcp6596 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)5 (bhcp 6600)	PI-A(III)5 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6600 ne null and bhcp6600 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)6 (bhcp 6604)	PI-A(III)6 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6604 ne null and bhcp6604 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)7 (bhcp 6607)	PI-A(III)7 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6607 ne null and bhcp6607 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)8 (bhcp 8518)	PI-A(III)8 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp8518 ne null and bhcp8518 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)9 (bhcp 6619)	PI-A(III)9 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6619 ne null and bhcp6619 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)10 (bhcp 6741)	PI-A(III)10 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6741 ne null and bhcp6741 ge 0
Q		PI-A(III)11 (bhcp 6742)	PI-A(III)11 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6742 ne null and bhcp6742 ge 0
Q	9120	PI-A(III)12 (bhcp 6743)	PI-A(III)12 should not be null.	bhcp6743 ne null
Q		PI-A(III)13 (bhcp 6744)	PI-A(III)13 should not be null.	bhcp6744 ne null
Q		PI-A(IV)1 (bhcp 6758)	PI-A(IV)1 should not be null.	bhcp6758 ne null
Q		PI-A(IV)2 (bhcp 6773)	PI-A(IV)2 should not be null.	bhcp6773 ne null

Quality (Q), Intraserries (I), and Interseries (R) Edits for the FR Y-9LP
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Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	9120 cont.	PI-A(IV)3 (bhcp 6775)	PI-A(IV)3 should not be null.	bhcp6775 ne null
Q	9130	PC-1a (bhcp 5993)	PC-1a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp5993 ne null and bhcp5993 ge 0
Q		PC-1b (bhcp 0010)	PC-1b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0010 ne null and bhcp0010 ge 0
Q		PC-2a (bhcp 0400)	PC-2a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0400 ne null and bhcp0400 ge 0
Q		PC-2b (bhcp 6791)	PC-2b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6791 ne null and bhcp6791 ge 0
Q		PC-2c (bhcp 1299)	PC-2c should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1299 ne null and bhcp1299 ge 0
Q		PC-3 (bhcp 0277)	PC-3 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0277 ne null and bhcp0277 ge 0
Q		PC-4a1 (bhcp 0362)	PC-4a1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0362 ne null and bhcp0362 ge 0
Q		PC-4a2 (bhcp 0363)	PC-4a2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0363 ne null and bhcp0363 ge 0
Q		PC-4b (bhcp 2123)	PC-4b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2123 ne null and bhcp2123 ge 0
Q		PC-4c (bhcp 0364)	PC-4c should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0364 ne null and bhcp0364 ge 0
Q		PC-4d (bhcp 2165)	PC-4d should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2165 ne null and bhcp2165 ge 0
Q		PC-4e (bhcp 3123)	PC-4e should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3123 ne null and bhcp3123 ge 0
Q		PC-4f (bhcp 2125)	PC-4f should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2125 ne null and bhcp2125 ge 0
Q		9140	PC-5 (bhcp 0365)	PC-5 should not be null.
Q	9150	PC-6 (bhcp 2145)	PC-6 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2145 ne null and bhcp2145 ge 0
Q		PC-7a (bhcp 3163)	PC-7a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3163 ne null and bhcp3163 ge 0
Q		PC-7b (bhcp 3164)	PC-7b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3164 ne null and bhcp3164 ge 0
Q	9160	PC-7c (bhcp 3165)	PC-7c should not be null.	bhcp3165 ne null
Q	9170	PC-8 (bhcp 2160)	PC-8 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2160 ne null and bhcp2160 ge 0

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Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra	
Q	9170 cont.	PC-9a (bhcp 3602)	PC-9a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3602 ne null and bhcp3602 ge 0	
Q		PC-9b (bhcp 3603)	PC-9b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3603 ne null and bhcp3603 ge 0	
Q		PC-9c (bhcp 3604)	PC-9c should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3604 ne null and bhcp3604 ge 0	
Q		PC-10 (bhcp 2170)	PC-10 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2170 ne null and bhcp2170 ge 0	
Q		PC-11 (bhcp 2200)	PC-11 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2200 ne null and bhcp2200 ge 0	
Q		PC-12 (bhcp 0279)	PC-12 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0279 ne null and bhcp0279 ge 0	
Q		PC-13a (bhcp 2309)	PC-13a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2309 ne null and bhcp2309 ge 0	
Q		PC-13b (bhcp 2332)	PC-13b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2332 ne null and bhcp2332 ge 0	
Q		PC-14 (bhcp 0368)	PC-14 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0368 ne null and bhcp0368 ge 0	
Q		PC-16 (bhcp 4062)	PC-16 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp4062 ne null and bhcp4062 ge 0	
Q		PC-17 (bhcp 2930)	PC-17 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp2930 ne null and bhcp2930 ge 0	
Q		PC-18a (bhcp 3605)	PC-18a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3605 ne null and bhcp3605 ge 0	
Q		PC-18b (bhcp 3606)	PC-18b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3606 ne null and bhcp3606 ge 0	
Q		PC-18c (bhcp 3607)	PC-18c should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3607 ne null and bhcp3607 ge 0	
Q		PC-20a (bhcp 3283)	PC-20a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3283 ne null and bhcp3283 ge 0	
Q		PC-20b (bhcp 3230)	PC-20b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3230 ne null and bhcp3230 ge 0	
Q		PC-20c (bhcp 3240)	PC-20c should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3240 ne null and bhcp3240 ge 0	
Q		9180	PC-20d (bhcp 3247)	PC-20d should not be null.	bhcp3247 ne null
Q			PC-20e (bhcp b530)	PC-20e should not be null.	bhcpb530 ne null
Q			PC-20f (bhcp a130)	PC-20f should not be null.	bhcpa130 ne null

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Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	9180 cont.	PC-20h (bhcp 3210)	PC-20h should not be null.	bhcp3210 ne null
Q	9190	PC-21 (bhcp 3300)	PC-21 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3300 ne null and bhcp3300 ge 0
Q		PC-A1a1 (bhcp 3239)	PC-A1a1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3239 ne null and bhcp3239 ge 0
Q	9200	PC-A1a2a (bhcp 3238)	PC-A1a2a should not be null.	bhcp3238 ne null
Q		PC-A1a2b (bhcp 4485)	PC-A1a2b should not be null.	bhcp4485 ne null
Q	9210	PC-A1b1 (bhcp 0533)	PC-A1b1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0533 ne null and bhcp0533 ge 0
Q		PC-A1b2 (bhcp 0534)	PC-A1b2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0534 ne null and bhcp0534 ge 0
Q	9220	PC-A2a1 (bhcp 1273)	PC-A2a1 should not be null.	bhcp1273 ne null
Q		PC-A2a2a (bhcp 0087)	PC-A2a2a should not be null.	bhcp0087 ne null
Q		PC-A2a2b (bhcp 0536)	PC-A2a2b should not be null.	bhcp0536 ne null
Q	9230	PC-A2b1 (bhcp 0537)	PC-A2b1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0537 ne null and bhcp0537 ge 0
Q		PC-A2b2 (bhcp 0538)	PC-A2b2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0538 ne null and bhcp0538 ge 0
Q	9240	PC-A3a1 (bhcp 0201)	PC-A3a1 should not be negative.	bhcp0201 ge 0 or bhcp0201 eq null
Q		PC-A3b1 (bhcp 0204)	PC-A3b1 should not be negative.	bhcp0204 ge 0 or bhcp0204 ne null
Q		PC-A3b2 (bhcp 0205)	PC-A3b2 should not be negative.	bhcp0205 ge 0 or bhcp0205 ne null
Q	9250	PC-A4 (bhpa 0365)	PC-A4 should not be null.	bhpa0365 ne null
Q	9260	PC-B1 (bhcp 0543)	PC-B1 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0543 ne null and bhcp0543 ge 0
Q		PC-B2 (bhcp 3409)	PC-B2 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3409 ne null and bhcp3409 ge 0
Q		PC-B3 (bhcp 3609)	PC-B3 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3609 ne null and bhcp3609 ge 0
Q		PC-B4a (bhcp 0540)	PC-B4a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0540 ne null and bhcp0540 ge 0

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Edit Type	FRS EDCK	Target Item	Edit Test	Edit Test in the Form of Boolean Algebra
Q	9260 cont.	PC-B4b (bhcp 0541)	PC-B4b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0541 ne null and bhcp0541 ge 0
Q		PC-B4c (bhcp 0542)	PC-B4c should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0542 ne null and bhcp0542 ge 0
Q		PC-B5a (bhcp 0467)	PC-B5a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0467 ne null and bhcp0467 ge 0
Q		PC-B5b (bhcp 1274)	PC-B5b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1274 ne null and bhcp1274 ge 0
Q		PC-B5c (bhcp 0539)	PC-B5c should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0539 ne null and bhcp0539 ge 0
Q		PC-B6 (bhcp 3298)	PC-B6 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3298 ne null and bhcp3298 ge 0
Q		PC-B7a (bhcp 1407)	PC-B7a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1407 ne null and bhcp1407 ge 0
Q		PC-B7b (bhcp 1403)	PC-B7b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1403 ne null and bhcp1403 ge 0
Q		PC-B8 (bhcp 1616)	PC-B8 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp1616 ne null and bhcp1616 ge 0
Q		PC-B10 (bhcp 0416)	PC-B10 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp0416 ne null and bhcp0416 ge 0
Q		PC-B11a (bhcp 8516)	PC-B11a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp8516 ne null and bhcp8516 ge 0
Q		PC-B11b (bhcp 8517)	PC-B11b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp8517 ne null and bhcp8517 ge 0
Q		PC-B12a (bhcp 6792)	PC-B12a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6792 ne null and bhcp6792 ge 0
Q		PC-B12b (bhcp 6793)	PC-B12b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6793 ne null and bhcp6793 ge 0
Q		PC-B13a (bhcp 6794)	PC-B13a should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6794 ne null and bhcp6794 ge 0
Q		PC-B13b (bhcp 6795)	PC-B13b should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp6795 ne null and bhcp6795 ge 0
Q		PC-B14 (bhcp 3152)	PC-B14 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp3152 ne null and bhcp3152 ge 0
Q	9270	PC-B15a (bhcp 4778)	PC-B15a should not be negative.	bhcp4778 ge 0 or bhcp4778 eq null
Q		PC-B15b (bhcp c427)	PC-B15b should not be negative.	bhpc427 ge 0 or bhpc427 eq null
Q		PC-B15c (bhcp c428)	PC-B15c should not be negative.	bhpc428 ge 0 or bhpc428 eq null

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Q	9270 cont.	PC-B15d (bhcp 2792)	PC-B15d should not be negative.	bhcp2792 ge 0 or bhcp2792 eq null
Q		PC-B15e (bhcp 2793)	PC-B15e should not be negative.	bhcp2793 ge 0 or bhcp2793 eq null
Q		PC-B15f (bhcp 2794)	PC-B15f should not be negative.	bhcp2794 ge 0 or bhcp2794 eq null
Q		PC-B15g (bhcp 2796)	PC-B15g should not be negative.	bhcp2796 ge 0 or bhcp2796 eq null
Q		PC-B15h (bhcp 2831)	PC-B15h should not be negative.	bhcp2831 ge 0 or bhcp2831 eq null
Q	9280	PC-B16 (bhcp c255)	PC-B16 should not be null and should not be negative.	bhcp255 ne null and bhcp255 ge 0