DISCOUNT AND ADVANCE RATES -- Requests by twelve Reserve Banks to maintain the existing primary credit rate; requests to renew secondary and seasonal credit formulas.

Existing rate and formulas approved.

January 21, 2025.

Today, Board members discussed economic and financial developments and issues related to possible policy actions. In connection with this discussion, Board members considered discounts and advances made under the primary credit program (the primary credit rate) and discussed, on a preliminary basis, their individual assessments of the appropriate rate and its communication, which would be discussed at the joint meeting of the Board and the Federal Open Market Committee next week.

Subject to review and determination by the Board of Governors, the directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond had voted on January 9, 2025, and the directors of the Federal Reserve Banks of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Dallas, and San Francisco had voted on January 16, to establish the primary credit rate at the existing level of 4.5 percent.

Overall, Federal Reserve Bank directors reported solid economic conditions. Several directors described robust consumer spending over the holidays. Labor markets were generally healthy, with low turnover rates and limited wage pressures. However, many directors also noted ongoing labor shortages and associated wage pressures for certain types of positions. In addition, most directors commented that anticipated changes in immigration policy could affect the labor supply. While many directors expressed cautious optimism about the outlook, most directors continued to cite uncertainty about the effects of potential changes in trade, fiscal, regulatory, and other government policies.

No sentiment was expressed by the Board at today's meeting for changing the primary credit rate at this time, and the Board approved the establishment of the primary credit rate at the existing level of 4.5 percent. The Board's action today on the primary credit rate also included renewal of the existing formulas for calculating the rates applicable to discounts and advances under the secondary and seasonal credit programs. As specified by the formula for the secondary credit rate, this rate would be set 50 basis points above the primary credit rate. As specified by the formula for the seasonal credit rate, this rate would be reset every two weeks as the average of the

daily effective federal funds rate and the rate on three-month CDs over the previous 14 days, rounded to the nearest 5 basis points.

Voting for this action: Chair Powell, Vice Chair Jefferson,

and Governors Bowman, Waller, Cook, and Kugler.

Absent: Vice Chair for Supervision Barr.

Background: Office of the Secretary memorandum, January 17, 2025. Implementation: Transmissions from Ms. Misback to the Reserve Banks,

January 21, 2025.

MONETARY POLICY IMPLEMENTATION -- Interest on reserve balances rate unchanged; rates on discounts and advances unchanged; renewal of secondary and seasonal credit formulas.

Approved. January 29, 2025.

In a joint meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) and the Board today, the FOMC decided to maintain the target range for the federal funds rate at 4-1/4 to 4-1/2 percent, effective January 30, 2025. Consistent with the FOMC's decision to leave the target range for the federal funds rate unchanged, the Board approved maintaining the interest rate paid on reserve balances at 4.4 percent, effective January 30, 2025. At today's meeting, the Board also approved the establishment of the interest rate on discounts and advances made under the primary credit program (the primary credit rate) at the existing level (4.5 percent).

Subject to review and determination by the Board of Governors, the directors of the Federal Reserve Banks of Richmond, Atlanta, and Dallas had voted on January 23, 2025, to establish the primary credit rate at 4.5 percent. No sentiment was expressed by the Board at today's meeting for changing the primary credit rate at this time, and the Board approved the establishment of the primary credit rate at the existing level of 4.5 percent.

The Board's action today on the primary credit rate also included renewal of the existing formulas for calculating the rates applicable to discounts and advances under the secondary and seasonal credit programs. As specified by the formula for the secondary credit rate, this rate would be set 50 basis points above the primary credit rate. As specified by the formula for the seasonal credit rate, this rate would be reset

every two weeks as the average of the daily effective federal funds rate and the rate on three-month CDs over the previous 14 days, rounded to the nearest 5 basis points.

Voting for these actions: Chair Powell, Vice Chair Jefferson,

Vice Chair for Supervision Barr, and Governors Bowman, Waller,

Cook, and Kugler.

Background: Office of the Secretary memorandum, January 24, 2025.

Implementation: FOMC statement (with attached implementation note) and

transmissions from Ms. Misback to the Reserve Banks, January 29,

2025.